



Date: 07/09/2026

To,
The Listing Compliance Department
BSE Limited,
P J Tower, Dalal Street,
Mumbai - 400001
Scrip Code: 534809

To
The Listing Compliance Department
National Stock Exchange of India Limited,
Exchange Plaza, Bandra Kurla Complex,
Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400051
Symbol: PCJEWELLER

Sub.: Annual Report 2025-26

Dear Sir / Ma'am,

Pursuant to Regulation 34 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“**LODR Regulations**”) please find enclosed herewith Annual Report 2025-26 of the Company.

Annual Report 2025-26 (including Notice of the 21st Annual General Meeting) of the Company is being sent through electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail address is registered with Depository Participants / Company / Registrar & Transfer Agent - KFin Technologies Limited, and whose names appear in Register of Members / List of Beneficial Owners as received from National Securities Depository Limited / Central Depository Services (India) Limited, as on August 28, 2026.

Kindly take the same on record.

Thanking you,
For **PC Jeweller Limited**

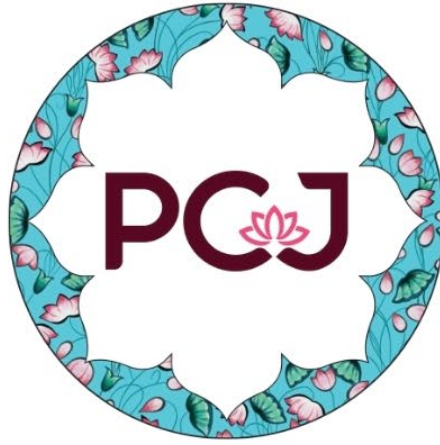
(VIJAY PANWAR)
Company Secretary

Encl.: As above

PC Jeweller Limited

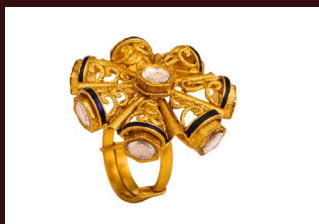
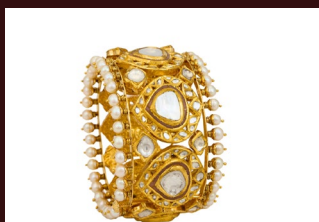
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ANNUAL REPORT 2025-26

PC JEWELLER LIMITED



Forward-looking statements

Some information in this report may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of applicable security laws and regulations. These include statements regarding the Company's business plans, expectations and prospects etc. and are generally identified by forward-looking words such as "believe," "plan," "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "may," "will" or other similar words. Forward-looking statements are dependent on the assumptions or basis underlying such statements. We have chosen these assumptions or basis in good faith and we believe that they are reasonable in all material respects. However, we caution that actual results, performances or achievements could differ materially from those expressed or implied in such forward-looking statements due to various factors including economic conditions affecting demand/supply/price, changes in the applicable rules, regulations, laws, any epidemic or pandemic, natural calamities over which we do not have any control. Members and readers are cautioned that in the case of data and information external to the Company, no representation is made on its accuracy or comprehensiveness though the same are based on sources thought to be reliable. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

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Message From Managing Director

Dear Members,

I am pleased to present you Annual Report of your Company for the financial year 2025-26.

As you are aware that the Company and the Consortium of 14 member banks had executed a Joint Settlement Agreement on September 30, 2024 for settling the liabilities towards the banks. Since then, the Company has been abiding by the terms of the settlement and has been fulfilling and discharging its debt repayment obligations as per the relevant timelines of the Agreement. The Company has made significant progress in its deleveraging journey and has fully repaid and discharged the debt of 7 out of 14 consortium banks as on date, with all repayments completed ahead of scheduled due dates. Further, the Company has discharged more than 96% of the outstanding debt of the remaining 7 banks as well. The Company remains firmly on track to achieve a debt-free status in July-September 2026 quarter itself, which will materially strengthen its balance sheet and financial position.

The Company's raising of funds aggregating up to ₹2,702.11 crore by preferential issue of Fully Convertible Warrants ('Warrants') for repayment of the banks outstanding debts, working capital etc. has received an overwhelming response from the investors and was completed successfully on April 10, 2026 with realization of 93% of the issue proceeds. Also, the Company's further raising of funds aggregating upto ₹500 crore by preferential issue of equity shares as well as Warrants has also received a positive response and the Company has already raised ₹424.91 crore till date in this fund raising (including ₹99.91 crore infused by the Promoter). This showcases continued confidence in the Company's growth prospects, strengthens the equity base, and further aligns promoter interests with long-term shareholder value creation.

Also, in line with its long-term growth strategy, in July 2026, the Board has approved raising up to ₹1,000 crore through Qualified Institutions Placement ('QIP'), subject to the receipt

of approval of Members and other necessary regulatory, statutory and other approvals, as may be applicable. The Company will utilise the funds to be raised from the proposed QIP to finance its strategic growth, operational enhancements, acquisitions, capital expenditures and general corporate purposes.

Further, during the year, the Company has executed Memorandum of Understandings with National Skill Development Corporation ('NSDC') under the Ministry of Skill Development & Entrepreneurship, Government of India and with the Government of Uttar Pradesh under the CM YUVA scheme for on boarding of entrepreneurs under the PC Jeweller brand. In addition to this, the response received by the Company from prospective business partners for establishing large format franchisee showrooms has been very encouraging. These strategic partnerships shall reap long term benefits for the Company.

One of the Company's subsidiary has incorporated PCJ Mining SARL in the Republic of Chad to undertake the extraction of precious metal ores. PCJ Mining SARL has been granted license for semi-mechanized artisanal mining of gold by the Ministry of Petroleum, Mining and Oil Geology, Republic of Chad. This strategic initiative provides the PCJ Group with an opportunity to explore mining operations and possibly establish vertical integration across its value chain.

During the financial year 2025-26, the Company recorded strong consolidated revenue from operations amounting to ₹3,353 crore (as compared ₹2,245 crore in previous year) and consolidated net profit of ₹722 crore (as compared to ₹577 crore in previous year).

The Company is committed to strategically expanding its retail footprint to reach a broader customer base and enhance market presence. It also aims to achieve a debt-free financial position, strengthening its balance sheet and ensuring long-term financial stability. Furthermore, the Company is dedicated to consistently delivering robust operational and financial performance in the upcoming periods, driving sustainable growth and creating value for its stakeholders.

I am thankful to all our employees, management, lenders, shareholders as well as my Board colleagues for their continued support and commitment towards the Company.

Yours sincerely,

Sd/-
(BALRAM GARG)
Managing Director
DIN: 00032083
Date: August 12, 2026

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Shri Balram Garg
Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma
Shri Vishan Deo
Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi
Shri Farangi Lal Kansal
Shri Mahesh Agarwal

COMPANY SECRETARY & COMPLIANCE OFFICER

STATUTORY AUDITORS

SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

REGISTERED OFFICE

REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT (RTA)

WEBSITE

CORPORATE IDENTITY NUMBER

EQUITY SHARES LISTED ON

ISIN (EQUITY SHARE)

Managing Director
Executive Director
Executive Director (Finance) & Chief Financial Officer
Independent Director
Independent Director
Independent Director

Shri Vijay Panwar

M/s A H P N & Associates, Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 009452N

M/s R S Sharma & Associates, Company Secretaries
CP No.: 3872

PC Jeweller Limited
2713, 3rd Floor, Bank Street, Karol Bagh, New Delhi – 110005
Ph.: 011 – 49714971, E-mail: info@pcjeweller.com

KFin Technologies Limited
Selenium Tower B, Plot No. 31 - 32,
Financial District, Nanakramguda,
Serilingampally Mandal, Hyderabad - 500032 (Telangana)
Toll Free No.: 1800-309-4001, E-mail: einward.ris@kfintech.com

www.pcjeweller.com

L36911DL2005PLC134929

National Stock Exchange of India Limited (Symbol: PC Jeweller)
BSE Limited (Scrip Code: 534809)

INE785M01021





STATUTORY REPORTS



DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Members,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the 21st Annual Report of the Company along with the audited financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2026.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The financial performance of your Company on standalone basis is summarized below:

Particulars	(₹ in crore, except earnings per share)	
	2025-26	2024-25
Revenue from operations	3,352.88	2,243.25
Other income	197.29	127.82
Total income	3,550.17	2,371.07
Profit / (loss) before finance costs, depreciation and tax	861.03	516.73
Less: Finance cost	132.87	51.26
Less: Depreciation & amortisation expenses	20.22	17.35
Profit / (loss) before exceptional items & tax	707.94	448.12
Exceptional items	0.67	-
Profit / (loss) before tax	707.27	448.12
Less: Tax Expense	(3.35)	(126.97)
Net profit / (loss) after tax	710.62	575.09
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	(0.79)	0.35
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year	709.83	575.44
Earnings per equity share (in ₹):		
Basic	1.00	1.13
Diluted	0.85	0.66
Paid-up share capital	864.86	635.53
Other equity	7,262.24	5,522.46

COMPANY'S PERFORMANCE AND STATE OF AFFAIRS

The Company is one of the leading jewellery companies in the organised jewellery retail sector in India. It is engaged in the business of trade, manufacture and sale of gold, diamond, precious stone, gold and diamond studded jewellery as well as silver articles. There was no change in the nature of business of the Company during the year.

The Company maintains a network of 52 showrooms including 4 franchisee showrooms under 'PC Jeweller' brand located in 37 cities across India as on March 31, 2026. Alongside its retail showroom operations, the Company offers a digital storefront that enables customers to view and purchase jewellery online.

The Company's wide range and variety of product offerings caters to diverse customer segments, from the value market to high-end customized jewellery. It includes traditional, contemporary and combination designs across jewellery lines, usages and price

points. In view of the changing trends, customers' preferences and demands, the Company launched a number of jewellery designs and collections over the years. The focus on quality, design range and customer oriented policies together with targeted marketing efforts, have enabled the Company to develop strong brand recognition and customer loyalty.

The Company's efforts in maintaining a balanced approach towards the changing customer preferences and keeping its products in harmony with the same helped the Company in witnessing strong performance during the year. The impact of increase in customer footfall and purchases resulted into significant increase in the revenue from operations of the Company from ₹ 2,243.25 crore in FY 2024-25 to ₹ 3,352.88 crore in FY 2025-26 i.e. growth of more than 49%. This growth in revenue resulted in increase in the net profit from ₹ 575.09 crore in FY 2024-25 to ₹ 710.62 crore in FY 2025-26 i.e. growth of more than 23%.

SHARE CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Authorised Share Capital: With effect from August 10, 2025, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from ₹ 1,260 crore comprising of 1,000 crore equity shares of ₹ 1/- each and 26 crore preference shares of ₹ 10/- each to ₹ 1,310 crore comprising of 1,050 crore equity shares of ₹ 1/- each and 26 crore preference shares of ₹ 10/- each.

Paid-up Share Capital: During the year, the following changes had taken place in the paid-up share capital of the Company:

- 1) The Company allotted a total of 211,27,63,520 equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- each in 13 tranches {(i) 18,92,50,000 equity shares on April 29, 2025; (ii) 3,08,42,400 equity shares on May 29, 2025; (iii) 34,67,82,850 equity shares on July 25, 2025; (iv) 97,84,800 equity shares on August 13, 2025; (v) 13,61,24,000 equity shares on September 09, 2025; (vi) 7,81,14,890 equity shares on October 18, 2025; (vii) 17,56,260 equity shares on November 15, 2025; (viii) 6,85,50,000 equity shares on January 22, 2026; (ix) 51,24,68,600 equity shares on January 31, 2026; (x) 10,72,37,000 equity shares on February 24, 2026; (xi) 35,18,36,870 equity shares on March 23, 2026; (xii) 20,09,70,560 equity shares on March 28, 2026; and (xiii) 7,90,45,290 equity shares on March 31, 2026}, upon conversion of Fully Convertible Warrants ('Warrants') allotted during the financial year ended March 31, 2025, to the entities belonging to Promoter Group and Non-Promoter, Public Category, after receipt of balance 75% of the issue price of ₹ 56.20 per Warrant.
- 2) The Company allotted 18,05,55,555 equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- each on September 18, 2025 to an entity belonging to Non-Promoter, Public Category, at an issue price of ₹ 18/- per share.

Consequently, the paid-up share capital of your Company increased from ₹ 635,52,84,100/- comprising of 635,52,84,100 equity shares of ₹ 1/- each to ₹ 864,86,03,175/- comprising of 864,86,03,175 equity shares of ₹ 1/- each.

FULLY CONVERTIBLE WARRANTS

The details of Fully Convertible Warrants ('Warrants') allotted and outstanding as on March 31, 2026 are as under:

- 1) During the year under review, the Company allotted 9,72,22,222 Warrants on September 18, 2025, by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis to Shri Balram Garg, Promoter & Managing Director of the Company, after receipt of 25% of the issue price of ₹ 18/- per Warrant. As on March 31, 2026, all these Warrants were outstanding.
- 2) During the year ended March 31, 2025, the Company allotted 11,50,00,000 Warrants on September 30, 2024 and 36,58,02,500 Warrants on October 11, 2024, by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis to the

entities belonging to Promoter Group and Non-Promoter, Public Category, after receipt of 25% of the issue price of ₹ 56.20 per Warrant. As on March 31, 2026, a total of 32,96,89,404 Warrants converted in to equity shares and 3,00,00,000 Warrants lapsed upon expiry of their tenure and 12,11,13,096 Warrants were outstanding. After end of the year under review, 10,61,93,168 Warrants converted in to equity shares and the remaining 1,49,19,928 Warrants were lapsed upon expiry of their tenure.

DIVIDEND

The Board has not recommended any dividend for the year.

TRANSFER OF UNPAID OR UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND AND EQUITY SHARES TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND ('IEPF')

As per Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') any dividend amount remaining unpaid or unclaimed for a period of 7 years from the date of transfer to unpaid dividend account, is required to be transferred to IEPF. Further, as per Section 124 of the Act read with IEPF Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, the shares on which dividend remained unpaid or unclaimed for 7 consecutive years are also required to be transferred to the demat account of IEPF Authority. Accordingly, the Company had transferred unclaimed dividend for the financial year 2017-18 amounting to ₹ 4,85,952/- and 17,19,303 equity shares to IEPF during the year under review. The details of the unpaid or unclaimed dividends and the corresponding shares transferred to IEPF are available on the Company's website at www.pcjeweller.com in 'Investors' section.

As on March 31, 2026, the Company has transferred all the unpaid or unclaimed dividends to IEPF and no further dividend is due for transfer to IEPF.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

The Board has not proposed transfer of any amount to the reserves.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Directors: The Board of the Company comprises of 6 Directors including 3 Executive Directors (Shri Balram Garg, Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma and Shri Vishan Deo) and 3 Non-Executive Independent Directors (Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi, Shri Farangi Lal Kansal and Shri Mahesh Agarwal). During the year under review, no changes took place amongst the Directors of the Company.

Shri Vishan Deo retires by rotation at the 21st Annual General Meeting ('AGM') of the Company and being eligible, has offered himself for re-appointment as a Director of the Company.

Pursuant to Regulation 36 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('LODR Regulations') and Secretarial Standard 2 issued by the Institute of Company



Secretaries of India, the details of Shri Vishan Deo form part of the Notice convening the 21st AGM.

Key Managerial Personnel: Shri Balram Garg, Managing Director, Shri Vishan Deo, Executive Director (Finance) & Chief Financial Officer and Shri Vijay Panwar, Company Secretary are Key Managerial Personnel of the Company. During the year under review, no changes took place amongst Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.

SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

As on March 31, 2026, the Company has four non-material subsidiaries: two Indian and two foreign (including one step-down subsidiary). Their details are as under:

- i) **Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited:** It is engaged in the business of manufacturing, trading and job working etc. of jewellery. During the year under review its revenue from operations was nil and it incurred net loss of ₹ 3.27 crore mainly due to deferred tax expense.
- ii) **PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited:** It is authorized to carry on the business of manufacturing and trading of all kinds of jewellery. It had not commenced business operations during the year and incurred net loss of ₹ 0.01 crore.
- iii) **PC Jeweller Global FZCO (Formerly PC Jeweller Global DMCC):** It was incorporated in Dubai (United Arab Emirates) and is engaged in the business of jewellery trading. During the year under review its revenue from operations was nil and it registered net profit of ₹ 7.10 crore due to changes in inventories.
- iv) **PCJ Mining SARL:** It was incorporated in Republic of Chad by PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited during the year under review and is authorized to carry on the business of extraction of precious metal ores. It had not commenced business operations during the year.

During the year under review, PCJ Mining SARL became a step-down subsidiary of the Company. Apart from this addition, no other entity became or ceased to be a subsidiary.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 129(3) of the Act, a statement containing salient features of the financial statements of the subsidiaries (Form AOC - 1) is annexed as 'Annexure - 1' to this Report. Please refer Note 52 of the consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 for the details of contribution of the subsidiaries to the overall performance of the Company. The financial statements of subsidiaries are available on the Company's website www.pcjeweller.com in 'Investors' section.

ASSOCIATE AND JOINT VENTURE COMPANIES

During the year under review no entity became or ceased to be associate or joint venture company within the meaning of Section 2(6) of the Act.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles applicable in India including Indian Accounting Standards ('IND AS') specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Rules made thereunder and forms part of the Annual Report.

SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company has complied with the applicable provisions of Secretarial Standards 1 and 2 issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India and notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs.

COST RECORDS

The Company is not required to maintain cost records as specified under Section 148 of the Act.

STATEMENT ON DECLARATION GIVEN BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Independent Directors of the Company have confirmed their independence and submitted a declaration of independence to the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Act and LODR Regulations. They have also confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exists or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties with an objective independent judgment and without any external influence.

BOARD MEETINGS

During the year, 5 meetings of the Board of the Company were held on May 25, 2025; July 10, 2025; August 01, 2025; November 11, 2025 and January 27, 2026 respectively.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Audit Committee of the Company comprises of 3 Independent Directors and 1 Executive Director as its members. Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi, Independent Director, is the Chairperson of the Committee. During the year, 4 meetings of Audit Committee were held on May 25, 2025; August 01, 2025; November 11, 2025 and January 27, 2026 respectively. For further details on Audit Committee, please refer to Report on Corporate Governance.

PUBLIC DEPOSITS

During the year under review, the Company neither invited nor accepted any deposits from the public under Chapter V of the Act. There was no public deposit outstanding as at the beginning and end of the year under review.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS

The details of loans given and investments made by the Company are disclosed in the notes forming part of the standalone financial statements. The Company has not provided any guarantee.

PARTICULARS OF THE CONTRACTS / ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

All related party transactions entered into by the Company during the year were on an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business. The Company had not entered into any contract / arrangement / transaction with related parties, which could be considered as material in accordance with the Company's Policy on Materiality of and Dealing with Related Party Transactions and LODR Regulations. Hence, disclosure in Form AOC - 2 is not required. The details of transactions with related parties during the year have been disclosed in Note 35 of the standalone financial statements.

PARTICULARS OF TRANSACTIONS WITH ANY PERSON OR ENTITY BELONGING TO PROMOTER / PROMOTER GROUP HOLDING 10% OR MORE SHAREHOLDING

The details of transactions of the Company with Shri Balram Garg, who was holding more than 10% shares in the Company during the year, have been disclosed in Note 35 of the standalone financial statements.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has put in place a Risk Management Policy to define a framework for identification, assessment, categorisation and treatment of risks and selecting appropriate risk management approach. The Company's outlook in dealing with various risks associated with the business includes the decision on their acceptance, avoidance, transfer and risks tolerance level.

The Company has also constituted a Risk Management Committee in compliance with LODR Regulations. It comprises of 2 Executive Directors and 1 Independent Director. During the year, 2 meetings of Risk Management Committee were held on May 25, 2025 and December 19, 2025 respectively. For further details on Risk Management Committee, please refer to Report on Corporate Governance.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

The Company has effective internal control systems in place for ensuring smooth and efficient conduct of business operations including adherence to the Company's policies and safeguarding its assets etc.

The Company has also put in place adequate internal financial controls commensurate with the size and nature of operations of the Company. Such controls were tested and the test results summary shown effective controls prevailing within the Company during the year under review.

Internal auditor also periodically carried out review of the internal control systems and procedures of the Company. Internal audit reports were placed before Audit Committee for its review. There were no significant comments / findings in the reports of internal auditor during the year under review.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING FINANCIAL POSITION BETWEEN END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR AND DATE OF THE REPORT

There have been no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company between the end of the financial year and the date of this report. However, the following are worth consideration:

- i) The conversion of a total of 43,58,82,572 Fully Convertible Warrants ('**Warrants**'), out of 48,08,02,500 Warrants allotted during FY 2024-25, into equity shares of the Company was completed on April 10, 2026 and a total of 4,49,19,928 Warrants lapsed upon the expiry of their tenure. In terms of the SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, the upfront amount received at the time of allotment in respect of the lapsed Warrants has been forfeited by the Company.

The total amount raised by the Company pursuant to the allotment of above said Warrants and their subsequent conversion into equity shares amounted to ₹ 2,512.77 crore including ₹ 447.60 crore raised between the end of the year under review and the date of this report.

- ii) A total of 4,16,00,000 Warrants, out of 9,72,22,222 Warrants allotted during FY 2025-26, were converted into equity shares of the Company. Balance 5,56,22,222 Warrants remain outstanding as on the date of this report.

The total amount raised by the Company pursuant to the allotment of above said Warrants and their subsequent conversion into equity shares up to the date of this report amounted to ₹ 99.91 crore including ₹ 56.16 crore raised between the end of the year under review and the date of this report.

- iii) The Board in its meeting held on July 16, 2026, subject to the approval of Members of the Company, inter-alia, approved: i) increase in the Authorised Share Capital from ₹ 1,310 crore to ₹ 1,460 crore and alteration in the Capital Clause of Memorandum of Association; and ii) raising of funds up to an aggregate amount not exceeding ₹ 1,000 crore by issuance of equity shares and / or other eligible securities or any combination thereof, through Qualified Institutions Placement, in one or more tranches, in accordance with the applicable laws and subject to the receipt of necessary regulatory, statutory and other approvals, as may be applicable. Postal Ballot Notice seeking approval of Members to aforesaid matters was dispatched on July 24, 2026.

- iv) The Company has repaid the outstanding debts of 7 out of 14 Consortium lenders well before the scheduled due date of their repayment as per the Joint Settlement Agreement.



CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

I) CONSERVATION OF ENERGY

The Company is committed towards conservation of energy and emphasises on its optimal use and always endeavour to avoid wastages of energy at its premises.

II) TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION

The Company has not carried out any research and development activities during the year.

III) FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The Company's foreign exchange earnings and outgo during the year were nil.

DISCLOSURE AS PER SEXUAL HARRASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has zero tolerance for sexual harassment at workplace and has adopted a Policy against sexual harassment in line with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder. The Company has also constituted an Internal Complaints Committee for the redressal of the complaints regarding sexual harassment. The details of the complaints regarding sexual harassment during the year are as under:

Number of complaints received during FY 2025-26	Number of complaints disposed off during FY 2025-26	Number of cases pending for more than 90 days	Number of cases pending as on March 31, 2026
0	0	0	0

MATERNITY BENEFIT ACT, 1961

The Company is in compliance with the provisions of the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961.

WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company has in place a Whistle Blower Policy, which provides a formal mechanism for the employees and Directors of the Company to report about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's code of conduct and leak of unpublished price sensitive information etc. The Policy also provides reassurance to them that they will be protected from reprisals or victimization for whistle blowing.

During the year, the Company had not received any complaint under Whistle Blower Policy and no complaint was pending as on March 31, 2026. The Policy is available on the Company's website and can be accessed through the link <https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/investors/corporate-governance/fy-20/Whistle-Blower-Policy.pdf>

[pcjeweller.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/investors/corporate-governance/fy-20/Whistle-Blower-Policy.pdf](https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/investors/corporate-governance/fy-20/Whistle-Blower-Policy.pdf)

BOARD EVALUATION

The Company has in place the Board approved criteria for evaluation of performance of the Board, its Committees and the Directors. Annual performance evaluation of the Board, its Committees and the Directors is carried out at the start of every financial year on the basis of evaluation forms, which includes a rating mechanism, based on the structured questionnaire.

The Board carried out annual performance evaluation of its own performance on the basis of evaluation forms received from all the Directors. The performance of each Committee of the Board was evaluated by the Board, based on evaluation forms received from members of the respective Committee. Further, performance of the Directors was evaluated by Nomination and Remuneration Committee as well as the Board on the basis of evaluation forms received from all the Directors except the Director being evaluated. Independent Directors also reviewed the performance of the Board and Non-Independent Directors at their separate meeting.

The criteria for performance evaluation of the Board and its Committees amongst others include their composition, processes, information and functioning, terms of reference of the Committees, etc. The criteria for performance evaluation of the Directors including Independent Directors amongst others include their contribution at the meetings, devotion of time and efforts to understand the Company, its business, their duties and responsibilities and adherence to the code of conduct, etc.

Based on the feedbacks received, a consolidated report on the performance of the Board, its Committees and the Directors for the year under review was placed before the Board. The Board expressed satisfaction over the performance of the Board, its Committees and the Directors.

SIGNIFICANT / MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS

During the year, no significant / material orders have been passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status of the Company and its operations in future.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(c) of the Act, your Directors confirm that:

- in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed and there were no material departures from the same;
- the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a

true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period;

- c) the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e) the Directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- f) the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION PLAN

The Company has in place an employee stock option plan i.e. PC Jeweller Limited Employee Stock Option Plan 2011 ('ESOP 2011'). ESOP 2011 is in compliance with the SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 ('SBEB & SE Regulations') and no changes were made therein during the year under review. No options were granted or vested during the year and no options were outstanding at the end of the year.

The disclosure relating to ESOP 2011 as required under the SBEB & SE Regulations is available on the Company's website and can be accessed through the link <https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/investors/downloads/FY-2027/ESOP-Disclosure-under-SEBI-SBEB-&SE-Regulations-2021.pdf>. The certificate of Secretarial Auditor with respect to the implementation of ESOP 2011 will be available for inspection by Members during the 21st AGM.

POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT & REMUNERATION AND CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING QUALIFICATIONS, POSITIVE ATTRIBUTES & INDEPENDENCE OF A DIRECTOR

Nomination & Remuneration Policy of the Company is designed to identify the persons for appointment as Directors and who may be appointed in Senior Management including Key Managerial Personnel as well as determining the remuneration of the Director, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees and to attract, motivate and retain manpower by creating a congenial work atmosphere, encouraging initiatives, personal growth and team work by creating a sense of belonging and involvement, besides offering appropriate remuneration packages.

The objective of Policy on Criteria for determining Qualifications, Positive Attributes and Independence of a Director is to define the

criteria for determining the qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director.

No changes have been made in both the policies during the year. The policies are available on the Company's website and can be accessed through the links <https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/investors/Nomination-and-Remuneration-Policy.pdf> and <https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/investors/Criteria-for-determining-qualifications-etc-of-a-Director.pdf>

DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION POLICY

In terms of Regulation 43A of LODR Regulations, the Company has in place a Dividend Distribution Policy. The Policy is available on the Company's website and can be accessed through the link <https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/investors/corporate-governance/Dividend-Distribution-Policy.pdf>

ANNUAL RETURN

In accordance with Section 92(3) of the Act read with the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, Annual Return is available on the Company's website and can be accessed through the link <https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/annual-return/>

AUDITORS AND THEIR REPORTS

STATUTORY AUDITORS

At the 18th AGM of the Company held on September 30, 2023, M/s A H P N & Associates, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 009452N) were appointed as Statutory Auditor of the Company w.e.f. August 22, 2023 to fill the casual vacancy and to hold the office till the conclusion of the 18th AGM and for further 5 consecutive years from the conclusion of the 18th AGM.

The notes to the financial statements referred to in Statutory Auditors' report are self-explanatory and do not call for any further explanations or comments. However, the explanations or comments of the Board on the qualification, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer made in Statutory Auditors' report are as under:

- 1) **Para 4 (i) of Independent Auditors' Report regarding providing of discounts of ₹ 513.65 crore to export customers during the financial year ended March 31, 2019**

The Company had extended the discounts as on March 31, 2019 to its export customers in view of the genuine business problems and operational issues being faced by them. The discount extended amounted to one-time discount of 25% of the export value of outstanding receivables as on March 31, 2019. The discount extended was in accordance with the FED Master Direction No. 16/2015-16 dated January 01, 2016 issued by the Reserve Bank of India. Subsequently, the Company had obtained



approvals from Authorized Dealer Banks for reduction in the receivables corresponding to discounts amounting to ₹ 330.49 crore and approval for the balance amount i.e. ₹ 183.16 crore is under process. The discount extended was in accordance with the aforesaid Master Direction and the management does not expect any material penalty to be levied and therefore no provision for the same has been recognized in the financial statements.

2) **Para 4 (ii) of Independent Auditors' Report regarding adequacy of the provision of expected credit loss relating to outstanding export receivables and its consequential impact and adjustments on the financial statements**

The Company has computed and applied cumulative expected credit loss on the outstanding export receivables of ₹ 281.39 crore as at March 31, 2026 in accordance with the laid down accounting norms. The Company has explored various options for recovery of its outstanding export receivables and is confident of the recovery of the same.

3) **Para iii (c) and (d) of Annexure - A to Independent Auditors' Report regarding inter corporate loans and the staff advances granted by the Company**

No fresh inter-corporate loans were granted by the Company during the year. All existing loans extended to the subsidiary and other body corporates comprise brought-forward balances from previous years. Although there are no specific installment schedule but the loans are repayable within specified time period and carries interest at agreed rates. The subsidiary Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited repaid ₹ 3.50 crore during the year. The Company has also made provision for impairment of loan, wherever required, in accordance with the laid down accounting norms.

The staff advances have been extended to permanent employees of the Company in the normal course, which are adjusted / repaid from time to time.

4) **Para xx (b) of Annexure - A to Independent Auditors' Report regarding unspent CSR amount for FY 2020-21 and 2021-22 relating to ongoing project(s) not yet transferred to unspent CSR account**

The Company will do the needful in due course of time.

SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

At the 20th AGM of the Company held on September 30, 2025, M/s R S Sharma & Associates, Company Secretaries (CP No. 3872), a peer reviewed firm, were appointed as Secretarial Auditor of the Company for a term of 5 consecutive years commencing from FY 2025-26 to FY 2029-30.

Secretarial Audit Report for the year under review is annexed herewith as 'Annexure - 2' to this Report. The explanations or

comments of the Board on the observations made in Secretarial Audit Report are as under:

1) **Regarding the unspent corporate social responsibility amounts for FY 2020-21 and 2021-22 pursuant to ongoing project(s) not transferred to special account(s)**

The Company will do the needful in due course of time.

2) **Regarding delay in compliance of Regulation 44(3) of LODR Regulations pertaining to Postal Ballot Notice dated July 10, 2025**

The delay in submitting the XBRL voting results for Postal Ballot Notice dated July 10, 2025 in compliance of Regulation 44(3) of LODR Regulations was entirely unintentional. While the Company declared and filed the results in PDF format within the prescribed time, the corresponding XBRL submission was inadvertently delayed by 1 day. The Company has already paid the fines imposed by the stock exchanges for this delay within the stipulated timeframe.

DETAILS IN RESPECT OF FRAUDS

During the year under review, Statutory and Secretarial Auditors of the Company have not reported any fraud under Section 143(12) of the Act.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As per LODR Regulations, Management Discussion and Analysis Report forms part of the Annual Report.

BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY AND SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

As per LODR Regulations, Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report forms part of the Annual Report.

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

As per LODR Regulations, Report on Corporate Governance forms part of the Annual Report. The Corporate Governance Compliance Certificate from Practicing Company Secretary is annexed as 'Annexure - 3' to this Report.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The information required under Section 197(12) of the Act read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 in respect of the employees of the Company is annexed as 'Annexure - 4' to this Report.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the Company lays down the guidelines and mechanism for undertaking socially useful programs for welfare and sustainable development of the community, in the local area and around areas of operations of the Company including other parts of the Country. The Policy is available on the Company's website and can be accessed

through the link <https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/investors/corporate-governance/Corporate-Social-Responsibility-Policy.pdf>

The Company was not required to spend any amount towards CSR activities during the year under review as the average net profit computed in accordance with Section 135(5) read with Section 198 of the Act, for the immediately preceding 3 financial years was negative. Annual Report on CSR activities pursuant to Section 135 of the Act and the Rules made thereunder is annexed as 'Annexure – 5' to this Report.

DISCLOSURE ABOUT ONE TIME SETTLEMENT

The Company entered into a Joint Settlement Agreement with its Consortium lenders comprising of total 14 banks on September 30, 2024, after receiving their approvals for One Time Settlement proposal of the Company. During the year under review as well as till the date of this report, the Company met its obligations as per the terms of the Agreement. The Company has made significant progress in its deleveraging journey and has fully repaid and discharged the debt of 7 out of 14 banks as on date, with all repayments completed ahead of their scheduled due dates. Further, the Company has discharged more than 96% of the outstanding debt of the remaining 7 banks as well.

OTHER DISCLOSURES

During the year under review:

- No issue of equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise, was made.
- No issue of sweat equity shares to the Directors or employees was made.
- There was no deviation or variation in the utilization of proceeds of the preferential issues made by the Company during the year under review and FY 2024-25.
- Managing Director and Whole-time Directors of the Company have not received any remuneration or commission from any of the subsidiary(ies) of the Company.
- The equity shares of the Company have not been suspended from trading by the Securities and Exchange Board of India.
- There were no proceedings, either filed by the Company or against the Company, pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, before the National Company Law Tribunal or any other court.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors would like to convey their sincere gratitude and place on record appreciation for the continued support and co-operation of the Company's lenders, customers, suppliers, investors and regulatory authorities. Your Directors also appreciate the commendable efforts, teamwork and professionalism of the employees of the Company at all levels.

For and on behalf of the Board

Place: New Delhi
Date: August 12, 2026

Sd/-
(VISHAN DEO)
Executive Director (Finance) & CFO
DIN: 07634994

Sd/-
(BALRAM GARG)
Managing Director
DIN: 00032083



Annexure - 1

FORM AOC - I

{Pursuant to first proviso to Sub-Section (3) of Section 129 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014}

**STATEMENT CONTAINING SALIENT FEATURES OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
OF SUBSIDIARIES / ASSOCIATE COMPANIES / JOINT VENTURES**

Part A: Subsidiaries

(₹ in crore)

Sl. No.	Name of the subsidiary	Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited	PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited	PC Jeweller Global FZCO*
	Particulars			
1	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	April 1, 2025 to March 31, 2026	April 1, 2025 to March 31, 2026	April 1, 2025 to March 31, 2026
2	Reporting currency (Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries)	INR -	INR -	AED# 1 AED = 25.46 INR
3	Share capital	0.01	0.10	133.86
4	Reserves & surplus	(15.83)	(0.07)	62.97
5	Total assets	4.23	0.20	196.97
6	Total liabilities	20.05	0.16	0.14
7	Investments	0.00	0.00	0.00
8	Turnover	0.00	0.00	0.00
9	Profit / (loss) before taxation	(0.88)	(0.01)	7.10
10	Provision for taxation	2.39	0.00	0.00
11	Profit / (loss) after taxation	(3.27)	(0.01)	7.10
12	Proposed dividend	0.00	0.00	0.00
13	% of shareholding	100.00	100.00	100.00

* Formerly PC Jeweller Global DMCC

Reporting currency is AED. However, for consolidation purpose financial statements are expressed in INR and duly converted in to IND AS.

1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations:

- i) PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited (subsidiary)
- ii) PCJ Mining SARL (stepdown subsidiary)

2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year: None

Part B: Associates & Joint Ventures

1. Statement pursuant to Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to associate companies and joint ventures: Not Applicable

2. Names of associates or joint ventures which are yet to commence operations: Not Applicable

3. Names of associates or joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year: Not Applicable

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

PC Jeweller Limited

Sd/-
Ramesh Kumar Sharma
Executive Director
DIN-01980542

Sd/-
Balram Garg
Managing Director
DIN-00032083

Place: New Delhi
Date: May 27, 2026

Sd/-
Vijay Panwar
Company Secretary
Membership No. A19063

Sd/-
Vishan Deo
Executive Director (Finance) & CFO
DIN-07634994

Annexure - 2

FORM NO. MR-3
SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

for the financial year ended 31st March 2026

{Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies
(Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014}

To,
The Members,
PC JEWELLER LIMITED
CIN: L36911DL2005PLC134929
2713, 3rd Floor, Bank Street,
Karol Bagh, New Delhi-110005, India

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **PC Jeweller Limited** (hereinafter called 'the **Company**'). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March 2026, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms, and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March 2026 according to the provisions of:

- (I) The Companies Act, 2013 ('**the Act**') and the rules made thereunder;
- (II) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('**SCRA**') and the rules made thereunder;
- (III) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the regulations and bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (IV) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- (V) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('**SEBI Act**'):-
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021;
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021: **Not applicable during the audit period**
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client: **Not applicable during the audit period**
 - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021: **Not applicable during the audit period**
 - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018: **Not applicable during the audit period;**
 - (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('**SEBI LODR Regulations**'); and
 - (j) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018.
- (VI) Other laws, as informed and confirmed by the management of the Company which are specifically applicable to the Company by virtue of the Company being engaged in the jewellery business, during the period under review:



- (a) Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 2016 read with the rules and regulations made thereunder; and
- (b) The Legal Metrology Act, 2009 read with the rules and regulations made thereunder.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (I) Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Meetings of the Board of Directors and General Meetings; and
- (II) Listing Agreements entered by the Company with BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

During the period under review, the Company had generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above, subject to the following observations:

- (I) The unspent corporate social responsibility amounts for the financial years 2020-21 and 2021-22 pursuant to the ongoing project(s) are not transferred to the special account(s) as required under Section 135 read with Schedule VII of the Act; and
- (II) Delay in compliance of Regulation 44(3) of the SEBI LODR Regulations pertaining to Postal Ballot Notice dated 10th July 2025 by 1 day.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all the directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance other than those meeting(s) which were held at a shorter notice in compliance with the provisions of the Act read with Secretarial Standard - 1 and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

As per the minutes of the meetings, the decisions of the Board and the Committee meetings were unanimous, and no dissenting views were captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period the following events/ actions were having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines etc.;

- (I) Pursuant to the shareholders' approval dated 10th August 2025, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from Rs. 1,260 crore comprising of 1,000 crore equity shares of Re. 1/- each and 26 crore preference shares of Rs. 10/- each to Rs. 1,310 crore comprising of 1,050 crore equity shares of Re. 1/- each and 26 crore preference shares of Rs. 10/- each and Memorandum of Association was amended accordingly.
- (II) Pursuant to the shareholders' approval dated 10th August 2025 and 'In-principle Approvals' received from BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited on 9th September 2025, the Board of the Company vide two resolutions passed by circulation on 18th September 2025, made preferential allotments of the following:
 - a) 9,72,22,222 Fully Convertible Warrants ('Warrants') at an issue price of Rs. 18/- per Warrant to an entity belonging to Promoter Category; and
 - b) 18,05,55,555 equity shares having face value of Re. 1/- each at an issue price of Rs. 18/- per share to an entity belonging to Non-Promoter, Public Category.
- (III) The Board of the Company vide resolutions passed by circulations allotted total 211,27,63,520 equity shares of Re. 1/- each in 13 tranches [(a) 18,92,50,000 equity shares on 29th April 2025; (b) 3,08,42,400 equity shares on 29th May 2025; (c) 34,67,82,850 equity shares on 25th July 2025; (d) 97,84,800 equity shares on 13th August 2025; (e) 13,61,24,000 equity shares on 9th September 2025; (f) 7,81,14,890 equity shares on 18th October 2025; (g) 17,56,260 equity shares on 15th November 2025; (h) 6,85,50,000 equity shares on 22nd January 2026; (i) 51,24,68,600 equity shares on 31st January 2026; (j) 10,72,37,000 equity shares on 24th February 2026; (k) 35,18,36,870 equity shares on 23rd March 2026; (l) 20,09,70,560 equity shares on 28th March 2026; and (m) 7,90,45,290 equity shares on 31st March 2026], upon conversion of Fully Convertible Warrants ('Warrants') allotted during the financial year ended 31st March 2025, after receipt of the balance 75% of the issue price per Warrant.
- (IV) Pursuant to above said allotments of equity shares, the paid-up share capital of the Company increased from Rs. 635,52,84,100/- comprising of 635,52,84,100 equity shares of Re. 1/- each as on 31st March 2025 to Rs. 864,86,03,175/- comprising of 864,86,03,175 equity shares of Re. 1/- each as on 31st March 2026.

(V) 3,00,00,000 Warrants allotted on 30th September 2024 were lapsed due to non-conversion upon expiry of their tenure.

For **R S Sharma & Associates**
Company Secretaries

Sd/-
(RANDHIR SINGH SHARMA)
Proprietor

Mem. No.: FCS2062, CP No.: 3872
Peer Review No.: 5023/2023
UDIN: F002062H000668541

Place: Delhi
Date: 22nd June 2026

Note: This report is to be read with Annexure - A, which forms an integral part of this report.

'ANNEXURE - A'

To,
The Members,
PC JEWELLER LIMITED
CIN: L36911DL2005PLC134929
2713, 3rd Floor, Bank Street,
Karol Bagh, New Delhi-110005, India

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter:

1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the Company.
4. Where ever required, we have obtained the management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For **R S Sharma & Associates**
Company Secretaries

Sd/-
(RANDHIR SINGH SHARMA)
Proprietor

Mem. No.: FCS2062, CP No.: 3872
Peer Review No.: 5023/2023
UDIN: F002062H000668541

Place: Delhi
Date: 22nd June 2026



Annexure - 3

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

To,

The Members of,

PC JEWELLER LIMITED

CIN: L36911DL2005PLC134929

2713, 3rd Floor, Bank Street,

Karol Bagh, New Delhi-110005, India

We have examined all relevant records of PC Jeweller Limited ('the **Company**') for the purpose of certifying the compliance of conditions of corporate governance for the year ended 31st March 2026 under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('**SEBI LODR Regulations**') read with Schedule V of the SEBI LODR Regulations.

The compliance of conditions of corporate governance is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our examination was limited to the procedures and implementation thereof adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of the corporate governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of corporate governance as specified in Regulations 17 to 27, Clauses (b) to (i) and (t) of Regulation 46(2) and Para C and D of Schedule V of the SEBI LODR Regulations during the year ended 31st March 2026.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For **R S Sharma & Associates**
Company Secretaries

Place: Delhi

Date: 22nd June 2026

Sd/-
(RANDHIR SINGH SHARMA)
Proprietor
Mem. No.: FCS2062, CP No.: 3872
Peer Review No.: 5023/2023
UDIN: F002062H000668563

Annexure - 4

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

(A) DETAILS PERTAINING TO REMUNERATION AS REQUIRED UNDER SECTION 197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULE 5(1) OF THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014**(i) Ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for financial year 2025-26 and the percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary during financial year 2025-26:**

Name	Category / Designation	Ratio of the remuneration	% Increase in remuneration
Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi	Non-Executive Independent Director	0.44	(50.00)
Shri Farangi Lal Kansal*	Non-Executive Independent Director	0.73	Not Applicable
Shri Mahesh Agarwal*	Non-Executive Independent Director	0.85	Not Applicable
Shri Balram Garg [#]	Managing Director	0.00	0.00
Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma	Executive Director	11.02	(14.59)
Shri Vishan Deo*	Executive Director (Finance) & Chief Financial Officer	7.97	Not Applicable
Shri Vijay Panwar	Company Secretary	Not Applicable	0.00

* The % change in the remuneration is not comparable as the said Director / Chief Financial Officer held the position for a part of the year during the financial year 2024-25.

[#] Not drawing any remuneration voluntarily.

Notes:

1) Remuneration of Non-Executive Independent Directors is the sitting fee for attending meetings of the Board and its Committees.

2) Median remuneration of employees for the financial year 2025-26 is ₹ 3.17 lakh.

(ii) The percentage increase / (decrease) in the median remuneration of employees in financial year 2025-26: 5.67%**(iii) The number of permanent employees on the rolls of company as on March 31, 2026: 700****(v) Average percentage increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in financial year 2025-26 and its comparison with the percentage increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration:**

Employees other than Key Managerial Personnel: 5.56

Key Managerial Personnel: Nil

Affirmation:

The Company affirms that the remuneration paid is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.



(B) STATEMENT AS REQUIRED UNDER SECTION 197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULE 5(2) AND 5(3) OF THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014

(i) Top 10 employees in terms of remuneration drawn:

Name	Shri Vishan Deo	Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma	Shri Vijay Panwar	Shri Raja Ram Sugla	Shri Kuldeep Singh
Particulars	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Designation	Executive Director (Finance) & Chief Financial Officer	Executive Director	Company Secretary	President (Accounts & Taxation)	President (Accounts & Audit)
Remuneration received	₹ 25.25 lakh	₹ 34.94 lakh	₹ 41.23 lakh	₹ 39 lakh	₹ 39 lakh
Nature of employment	As per Members' Resolution	As per Members' Resolution	Permanent Employee	Permanent Employee	Permanent Employee
Qualification	B.Sc., M.Sc.	Certified Associate of Indian Institute of Bankers, M.Com., B.Com.	Company Secretary, M.B.A., LL.B., B.Sc.	Chartered Accountant, B.Com.	Chartered Accountant, B.Sc.
Experience (in years)	42	48	21	26	20
Date of commencement of employment	April 1, 2011	April 1, 2007	January 21, 2008	April 1, 2006	October 1, 2008
Age (in years)	66	68	51	50	48
Previous employment	State Bank of Bikaner and Jaipur	State Bank of Bikaner & Jaipur	Mast Mobile Media Private Limited	Consultant	Consultant
Percentage of Equity Shares held	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01
Relative Director	None	None	None	None	None
Name	Smt. Nupur Aggarwal	Smt. Sheiba Anand*	Shri Varun Goel	Shri Sanjay Saini	Shri Ram Avtar Yadav
Particulars	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Designation	Sr. Manager (VM)	President (Retail Operations)	Factory Manager	Showroom Manager	Assistant Vice President (HR)
Remuneration received	₹ 19.07 lakh	₹ 22.20 lakh	₹ 29.37 lakh	₹ 23.06 lakh	₹ 31.72 lakh
Nature of employment	Permanent Employee	Permanent employee till January 27, 2026	Permanent Employee	Permanent Employee	Permanent Employee
Qualification	B.A. (Hons), Diploma in Diamond & Gems Grading	B.A., B.H.M.	M.Com., Higher Diploma in Jewellery Design & Manufacture	B.A., LL.B.	M.A., M.M.S., LL.B.

	Name	Smt. Nupur Aggarwal	Smt. Sheiba Anand*	Shri Varun Goel	Shri Sanjay Saini	Shri Ram Avtar Yadav
Particulars	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
Experience (in years)	14	29	23	31	19	
Date of commencement of employment	October 1, 2024	April 1, 2015	July 8, 2008	June 1, 2005	January 1, 2008	
Age (in years)	34	54	42	56	61	
Previous employment	Amrapali Jewels	Genesis Colors	None	None	Indian Air Force	
Percentage of Equity Shares held	0.00	NA	0.00 [#]	0.00 [#]	0.00 [#]	
Relative Director	None	None	None	None	None	

* Ceased to be President (Retail Operations) and in the employment of the Company with effect from January 28, 2026.

[#] Rounded off to two decimal places.

- (ii) Employed throughout the financial year and in receipt of remuneration aggregating not less than ₹ 102 lakh per annum:
None
- (iii) Employed for part of the year and in receipt of remuneration aggregating not less than ₹ 8.50 lakh or more per month:
None
- (iv) Employed throughout the financial year or part thereof, and was in receipt of remuneration in the year which, in the aggregate, or as the case may be, at a rate which, in the aggregate, is in excess of that drawn by the Managing Director or Whole-time Director or Manager and holds by himself or along with his spouse and dependent children, not less than two percent of the equity shares of the company: None



ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:

The Company's CSR Policy lays down the guidelines and mechanism for undertaking socially useful programs for welfare and sustainable development of the community, in the local area and around areas of operations of the Company including other parts of the Country. CSR programs or projects to be undertaken by the Company in terms of the Policy shall relate to one or more activities listed in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended from time to time.

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

(₹ in crore)				
S I . No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma	Chairman / Executive Director	1	1
2	Shri Balram Garg	Member / Executive Director	1	1
3	Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi	Member / Independent Director	1	-

3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the Board are disclosed on the website of the Company:

Composition of CSR Committee: <https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/investors/corporate-governance/fy-20/Composition-of-Board-Committees-3.pdf>

CSR Policy: <https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/investors/corporate-governance/Corporate-Social-Responsibility-Policy.pdf>

CSR projects approved by the Board: The CSR obligation of the Company for the financial year was nil. Hence, no project was approved by the Board during the year.

4. Provide the executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact Assessment of CSR Projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8, if applicable.

Not applicable

5. (a) Average net profit of the Company as per section 135(5): ₹ (148.77) crore

(b) Two percent of average net profit of the Company as per section 135(5): Nil

(c) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years: Nil

(d) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any: Nil

(e) Total CSR obligation for the financial year [(b)+(c)-(d)]: Nil

6. (a) Amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing Project and other than Ongoing Project): Nil

(b) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: Nil

(c) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: Nil

(d) Total amount spent for the financial year [(a)+(b)+(c)]: Nil

(e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

Total amount spent for the financial year (₹ in crore)	Amount unspent (₹ in crore)				
	Total amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per section 135(6)		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5)		
	Amount	Date of transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of transfer
	Nil				

(f) Excess amount for set off, if any:

Sl. No.	Particular	Amount (₹ in crore)
1	2	3
i	Two percent of average net profit of the Company as per section 135(5)	Nil
ii	Total amount spent for the financial year	Nil
iii	Excess amount spent for the financial year (ii - i)	Nil
iv	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	Nil
v	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years (iii - iv)	Nil

7. Details of Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility amount for the preceding three financial years:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Sl. No.	Preceding financial year(s)	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135(6) (₹ in crore)	Balance amount in Unspent CSR Account under section 135(6) (₹ in crore)	Amount spent in the financial year (₹ in crore)	Amount transferred to a fund as specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5), if any	Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years (₹ in crore)	Deficiency, if any (₹ in crore)
					Amount (₹ in crore) Date of transfer		
1	2024-25	Nil	Nil	Nil	Not Applicable	Nil	Nil
2	2023-24	Nil	Nil	Nil	Not Applicable	Nil	Nil
3	2022-23	Nil	Nil	Nil	Not Applicable	Nil	Nil

8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year: No

If yes, enter the number of Capital assets created / acquired: Not Applicable

Furnish the details relating to such asset(s) so created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the financial year:

Sl. No.	Short particulars of the property or asset(s) [including complete address and location of the property]	Pin code of the property or asset(s)	Date of creation	Amount of CSR amount spent	Details of entity / authority / beneficiary of the registered owner		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
					CSR Registration Number, if applicable	Name	Registered address
Not Applicable							



9. **Specify the reason(s), if the Company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5):** Not Applicable

Place: New Delhi
Date: August 12, 2026

Sd/-
(BALRAM GARG)
Managing Director
DIN: 00032083

Sd/-
(RAMESH KUMAR SHARMA)
Chairman CSR Committee
DIN: 01980542

BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY & SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

SECTION A: GENERAL DISCLOSURES:

I. Details of the listed entity:

1.	Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the listed entity	:	L36911DL2005PLC134929
2.	Name of the listed entity	:	PC Jeweller Limited
3.	Year of incorporation	:	2005
4.	Registered office address	:	2713, 3 rd Floor, Bank Street, Karol Bagh, New Delhi – 110005
5.	Corporate address	:	2713, 3 rd Floor, Bank Street, Karol Bagh, New Delhi – 110005
6.	E-mail	:	info@pcjeweller.com
7.	Telephone	:	011 – 49714971
8.	Website	:	www.pcjeweller.com
9.	Financial year for which reporting is being done	:	April 1, 2025 - March 31, 2026
10.	Name of the Stock Exchange(s) where shares are listed	:	i) National Stock Exchange of India Limited ii) BSE Limited
11.	Paid-up Capital	:	₹ 864,86,03,175/-
12.	Name and contact details (Telephone, e-mail address) of the person who may be contacted in case of any queries on the BRSR report	:	Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma Executive Director Tel: 011 - 47104810 E-mail: rksharma@pcjeweller.com
13.	Reporting boundary: Are the disclosures under this report made on a standalone basis (i.e. only for the entity) or on a consolidated basis (i.e. for the entity and all the entities which form a part of its consolidated financial statements, taken together).	:	Standalone basis
14.	Name of assessment or assurance provider	:	Not Applicable
15.	Type of assessment or assurance obtained	:	Not Applicable

II. Products / services:

16. Details of business activities (accounting for 90% of the turnover)

S. No.	Description of main activity	Description of business activity	% of turnover of the entity
1.	Manufacturing & Trading	Manufacturing, trading and sale of gold, diamond, silver, precious stones, gold jewellery / items, diamond studded jewellery and silver articles.	100

17. Products / services sold by the entity (accounting for 90% of the entity's turnover)

S. No.	Product / Service	NIC Code	% of total turnover contributed
1.	Jewellery	3211	100

III. Operations:

18. Number of locations where plants and / or operations / offices of the entity are situated

Location	Number of plants	Number of offices / showrooms	Total
National	4	59	63
International	Nil	Nil	Nil

19. Markets served by the entity

a. Number of locations

Locations	Number
National (No. of States)	13 States (including 3 Union Territories)
International (No. of Countries)	Nil

b. What is the contribution of exports as a percentage of the total turnover of the entity?

Nil

c. A brief on types of customers

The Company is engaged in the business of manufacturing, trading and sale of gold, diamond, precious stones, gold and diamond studded jewellery and silver articles. It caters mainly to retail customers and is serving them through its owned as well as franchisee showrooms via both online as well as offline (retail showrooms) modes.

IV. Employees:

20. Details as at the end of Financial Year

a. Employees and workers (including differently abled)

S. No.	Particulars	Total (A)	Male		Female	
			No. (B)	% (B / A)	No. (C)	% (C / A)
Employees						
1.	Permanent (D)	636	382	60.06	254	39.94
2.	Other than permanent (E)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
3.	Total employees (D + E)	636	382	60.06	254	39.94
Workers						
4.	Permanent (F)	64	62	96.87	2	3.13
5.	Other than permanent (G)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
6.	Total workers (F + G)	64	62	96.87	2	3.13

b. Differently abled Employees and workers

S. No.	Particulars	Total (A)	Male		Female	
			No. (B)	% (B / A)	No. (C)	% (C / A)
Differently Abled Employees						
1.	Permanent (D)	2	1	50	1	50
2.	Other than permanent (E)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
3.	Total differently abled employees (D + E)	2	1	50	1	50
Differently Abled Workers						
4.	Permanent (F)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
5.	Other than permanent (G)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
6.	Total differently abled workers (F + G)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

21. Participation / inclusion / representation of women

	Total (A)	No. and percentage of Females	
		No. (B)	% (B / A)
Board of Directors	6	1	16.67
Key Management Personnel (KMP)*	3	Nil	Nil

* Including 2 personnel who are also part of the Board of Directors.

22. Turnover rate (in %) for permanent employees and workers for the past 3 years

	FY 2025-26			FY 2024-25			FY 2023-24		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Permanent Employees	35.75	59.62	45.47	34.60	33.66	34.22	69.12	69.55	69.29
Permanent Workers	34.19	0	33.06	34.48	Nil	33.33	193.18	200	193.37

V. Holding, Subsidiary and Associate Companies (including joint ventures):**23. Names of holding / subsidiary / associate companies / joint ventures**

S. No.	Name of the holding / subsidiary / associate companies / joint ventures (A)	Indicate whether holding / subsidiary / associate / joint venture	% of shares held by listed entity	Does the entity indicated at column A, participate in the Business Responsibility initiatives of the listed entity? (Yes / No)
1.	Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited	Subsidiary	100	No
2.	PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited	Subsidiary	51.02	No
3.	PC Jeweller Global FZCO [^]	Subsidiary	100	No
4.	PCJ Mining SARL	Stepdown Subsidiary	33.67*	No

[^]Formerly known as PC Jeweller Global DMCC.

* PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited holds 66% share capital of PCJ Mining SARL. Accordingly, the Company controls 66% of the voting power in PCJ Mining SARL through its subsidiary, PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited.

VI. CSR Details:

- 24. i) Whether CSR is applicable as per section 135 of Companies Act, 2013:** Yes, the CSR provisions are applicable to the Company. However, the Company was not required to spend any amount towards CSR activities during the year because average net profit of the Company as per Section 135(5) read with Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013 was negative.

ii) Turnover: ₹ 3352,88,23,474/-

iii) Net worth: ₹ 7871,02,93,980/-

VII. Transparency and Disclosures Compliances:**25. Complaints / grievances on any of the principles (Principles 1 to 9) under the National Guidelines on Responsible Business Conduct**

Stakeholder group from whom complaint is received	Grievance Redressal Mechanism in Place (Yes / No) (If Yes, then provide web-link for grievance redress policy)	FY 2025-26			FY 2024-25		
		Number of complaints filed during the year	Number of complaints pending resolution at close of the year	Remarks	Number of complaints filed during the year	Number of complaints pending resolution at close of the year	Remarks
Communities	Yes, the community members can share their grievances, if any, through e-mail address mentioned on the Company's website at https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/contact-us/ .	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-



Stakeholder group from whom complaint is received	Grievance Redressal Mechanism in Place (Yes / No) (If Yes, then provide web-link for grievance redress policy)	FY 2025-26			FY 2024-25		
		Number of complaints filed during the year	Number of complaints pending resolution at close of the year	Remarks	Number of complaints filed during the year	Number of complaints pending resolution at close of the year	Remarks
Investors (other than shareholders)	Yes, the Company designated an e-mail ID for redressal of investors' / shareholders grievances on the Company's website at https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/designated-e-mail-for-redressal-of-investors-grievances/	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Shareholders		3	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Employees and workers	Yes https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/investors/corporate-governance/fy-20/Whistle-Blower-Policy.pdf	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Customers*	Yes, the customers can approach the Company's showrooms or through e-mail address mentioned on the Company's website at https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/contact-us/	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Value Chain Partners	No	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Other (please specify)	Not Applicable	-	-	-	-	-	-

* The Company being a customer centric organization puts the customers first and manufactures jewellery that matches their personal style, cultural needs and buying habits. In addition, the Company takes feedbacks from its customers and addresses their issues / grievances, if any, as soon as possible. However, the Company does not keep the track of their complaints number wise, hence, Nil is reported here.

26. Overview of the entity's material responsible business conduct issues

S. No.	Material issue identified	Indicate whether risk or opportunity (R/O)	Rationale for identifying the risk / opportunity	In case of risk, approach to adapt or mitigate	Financial implications of the risk or opportunity (indicate positive or negative implications)
1.	Business Ethics and Governance	Risk and Opportunity	Risk: Engaging in unethical practices and misconduct can damage the Company's brand image and expose it to potential reputational risks. Opportunity: Establishing a culture centered on ethics and transparency is not only crucial for fulfilling mandates but also for cultivating strong relationships with the stakeholders.	The Company has implemented various Codes of Conduct and Policies, which set forth the standards of ethical behavior and governance.	Negative: The loss of reputation and stakeholder confidence can lead to indirect financial consequences. Positive: By adopting ethical practices and behavior, the Company can establish enduring relationships with its stakeholders, ultimately resulting in business growth.
2.	Customer Satisfaction	Risk and Opportunity	Risk: Customers have the potential to share their dissatisfaction, leading to a negative word-of-mouth effect resulting into loss of brand image and business. Opportunity: Customer satisfaction plays a vital role in cultivating long-term relationships, larger customer base and fostering business growth.	The labels / tags on the Company's products displays the information mandated by the applicable laws. The product pricing and other terms and condition of sale are transparent and clearly explained to the customers at the time of sale. The Company also takes feedbacks from its customers for resolving their grievances, if any.	Negative: Unsatisfied customers can lead to loss of business. Positive: Customer satisfaction can positively impact the business growth.
3.	Product Quality	Risk and Opportunity	Risk: A company's brand reputation heavily relies on the quality of its products. Any compromise in the product quality may result in customer loss and erosion of brand value. Opportunity: This fosters customer loyalty and contributes to the development of a positive brand image.	The Company implements stringent measures to ensure that its products meet standards of quality specified by BIS and all of its showrooms are equipped with 'Karatometers', where any customer can test purity of the jewellery.	Negative: Inferior quality products can lead to loss of business and brand trust. Positive: Customer loyalty and satisfaction can positively impact the business growth.
4.	Employment Practices	Opportunity	By fostering employee engagement, a Company can experience increased productivity, innovation and commitment to success. Additionally, an inclusive work culture can attract and retain top talent from diverse backgrounds, thereby providing the Company with a competitive advantage.	-	Positive: Efficient and smooth business operations.
5.	Diversity and Inclusion	Opportunity	The Company has adopted an equal opportunity policy and is committed to enhance the representation of women and differently abled persons, wherever possible, in its workforce.	-	Positive: Helps in diversifying the workforce.



SECTION B: MANAGEMENT AND PROCESS DISCLOSURES:

Disclosure Questions		P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9
Policy and management processes										
1.	a. Whether your entity's policy / policies cover each principle and its core elements of the NGRBCs. (Yes / No)	Yes								
	b. Has the policy been approved by the Board? (Yes / No)	Yes								
	c. Web Link of the policies, if available	The Company's Business Responsibility Policy is aligned with all the 9 NGRBC Principles. There are some additional policies also that align with these principles and can be accessed at https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/codes-policies/								
2.	Whether the entity has translated the policy into procedures. (Yes / No)	Yes								
3.	Do the enlisted policies extend to your value chain partners? (Yes / No)	No								
4.	Name of the national and international codes / certifications / labels / standards (e.g. Forest Stewardship Council, Fairtrade, Rainforest Alliance, Trustea) standards (e.g. SA 8000, OHSAS, ISO, BIS) adopted by your entity and mapped to each principle.	The Company sells hallmarked gold jewellery bearing Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) mark, purity and Hallmark Unique Identification (HUID) number. The Company's diamond jewellery is certified by IDT Gemological Laboratories Worldwide.								
5.	Specific commitments, goals and targets set by the entity with defined timelines, if any.	No specific commitments, goals and targets are set by the Company with defined timelines but adherence to the required principles is a part of the day to day business operations of the Company.								
6.	Performance of the entity against the specific commitments, goals and targets along-with reasons in case the same are not met.	Not Applicable								
Governance, leadership and oversight:										
7.	Statement by director responsible for the business responsibility report, highlighting ESG related challenges, targets and achievements:									
	Our Company is committed to the National Guidelines for Responsible Business Conduct Principles, balancing growth-oriented milestones with a deep dedication to sustainable, ethical operations. Sustainability remains fully integrated into our business strategy, embedding Environmental, Social, and Governance principles across our operations. We practice fair and transparent business operations with all stakeholders, including suppliers, customers, and employees, believing that responsible growth driven by environmental stewardship, social inclusiveness and robust governance is essential to creating enduring value while contributing meaningfully to India's economic progress. We remain actively committed to employee well-being, occupational health and safety, skill development and inclusive community development. Concurrently, we continue to reinforce strong corporate governance standards, ethical business practices and robust risk management frameworks. Transparent stakeholder engagement and a strong compliance culture support accountability and operational excellence, while our disciplined financial management and focus on operational efficiency strengthen the overall resilience of our business model. Ultimately, integrating ESG principles into our daily business practices allows us to create lasting value through innovation and accountability as we build a more responsible, resilient jewellery business.									
8.	Details of the highest authority responsible for implementation and oversight of the Business Responsibility Policy(ies)	The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for the implementation of Business Responsibility Policy.								
9.	Does the entity have a specified Committee of the Board / Director responsible for decision making on sustainability related issues? (Yes / No). If yes, provide details.	Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma, Executive Director, is designated as Business Responsibility Head. Business Responsibility Head may take support of such functional heads and other internal and external experts, as he may deem necessary, for the effective implementation of the Policy.								

10. Details of Review of NGRBCs by the Company

Subject for Review	Indicate whether review was undertaken by Director / Committee of the Board / any other Committee									Frequency (Annually / Half yearly / Quarterly / Any other – please specify)								
	P 1	P 2	P 3	P 4	P 5	P 6	P 7	P 8	P 9	P 1	P 2	P 3	P 4	P 5	P 6	P 7	P 8	P 9
Performance against above policies and follow up action									Director	There is no formal review of NGRBCs undertaken by the Company. However, Executive Director(s) endeavors to ensure that the day to day operations of the Company including those by its employees, follow the same.								
Compliance with statutory requirements of relevance to the principles and rectification of any non-compliances									Director									

11. Has the entity carried out independent assessment / evaluation of the working of its policies by an external agency? (Yes / No). If yes, provide name of the agency.	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9
	No								

12. If answer to question (1) above is “No” i.e. not all Principles are covered by a policy, reasons to be stated

Questions	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9
The entity does not consider the Principles material to its business (Yes / No)									
The entity is not at a stage where it is in a position to formulate and implement the policies on specified principles (Yes / No)									
The entity does not have the financial or / human and technical resources available for the task (Yes / No)									Not Applicable
It is planned to be done in the next financial year (Yes / No)									
Any other reason (please specify)									

SECTION C: PRINCIPLE WISE PERFORMANCE DISCLOSURE:**PRINCIPLE 1: BUSINESSES SHOULD CONDUCT AND GOVERN THEMSELVES WITH INTEGRITY, AND IN A MANNER THAT IS ETHICAL, TRANSPARENT AND ACCOUNTABLE****ESSENTIAL INDICATORS****1. Percentage coverage by training and awareness programmes on any of the Principles during the financial year:**

Segment	Total number of training and awareness programmes held	Topics / principles covered under the training and its impact	%age of persons in respective category covered by the awareness programmes
Board of Directors	1	Overview of the business operations of the Company and recent amendments in the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015	100
Key Managerial Personnel	4	Regulatory updates, codes of conduct and policies, health and safety measures	100
Employees other than BoD and KMPs	276*	Induction / orientation and on the job training, customer policies, health and safety measures and other applicable codes and policies	100*
Workers	276*		100*

* As it is an ongoing process, generally involved in the day to day business operations of the Company, hence, the Company has taken total number of training and awareness programmes conducted on the basis of total number of working days in the year excluding Sunday / weekly off and other leaves. Accordingly, %age of persons covered by the awareness programmes is taken as 100%.



2. **Details of fines / penalties / punishment / award / compounding fees / settlement amount paid in proceedings (by the entity or by directors / KMPs) with regulators / law enforcement agencies / judicial institutions, in the financial year, in the following format (Note: the entity shall make disclosures on the basis of materiality as specified in Regulation 30 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Obligations) Regulations, 2015 and as disclosed on the entity's website):**

Monetary					
	NGRBC Principle	Name of the regulatory / enforcement agencies / judicial institutions	Amount (In ₹)	Brief of the Case	Has an appeal been preferred? (Yes / No)
Penalty / Fine	-	-	-	-	-
Settlement	-	-	-	-	-
Compounding fee	-	-	-	-	-

Non-Monetary				
	NGRBC Principle	Name of the regulatory / enforcement agencies / judicial institutions	Brief of the Case	Has an appeal been preferred? (Yes / No)
Imprisonment	-	-	-	-
Punishment	-	-	-	-

3. **Of the instances disclosed in Question 2 above, details of the Appeal / Revision preferred in cases where monetary or non-monetary action has been appealed:**

Case Details	Name of the regulatory / enforcement agencies / judicial institutions
	Not Applicable

4. **Does the entity have an anti-corruption or anti-bribery policy? If yes, provide details in brief and if available, provide a web-link to the policy.**

The Company has a zero tolerance for bribery and corruption in its business dealings. The employees of the Company shall not, directly or indirectly, solicit or accept any commission or any form of benefit arising out of a transaction involving the Company which might be extended at times to influence business decisions. The Company has incorporated the requirements of ethical conduct, anti-corruption and anti-bribery in Code of Conduct and Business Responsibility Policy, which can be accessed at <https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/codes-policies/>

The Company also has in place a Whistle Blower Policy, which provides a formal mechanism for all the employees and Directors of the Company to report about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct and leak of unpublished price sensitive information etc. The Policy can be accessed at <https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/investors/corporate-governance/fy-20/Whistle-Blower-Policy.pdf>

5. **Number of Directors / KMPs / employees / workers against whom disciplinary action was taken by any law enforcement agency for the charges of bribery / corruption:**

	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25
Directors	Nil	Nil
KMPs	Nil	Nil
Employees	Nil	Nil
Workers	Nil	Nil

6. Details of complaints with regard to conflict of interest:

	FY 2025-26		FY 2024-25	
	Number	Remarks	Number	Remarks
Number of complaints received in relation to issues of Conflict of Interest of the Directors	Nil	-	Nil	-
Number of complaints received in relation to issues of Conflict of Interest of the KMPs	Nil	-	Nil	-

7. Provide details of any corrective action taken or underway on issues related to fines / penalties / action taken by regulators / law enforcement agencies / judicial institutions, on cases of corruption and conflicts of interest.

Not Applicable

8. Number of days of accounts payables {(Accounts payable*365)/Cost of goods/services procured} in the following format:

	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25
Number of days of accounts payables	1.84	1.81

9. Open-ness of Business:

Provide details of concentration of purchases and sales with trading houses, dealers, and related parties along with loans and advances & investments, with related parties, in the following format:

Parameter	Meterics	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25
Concentration of Purchases	a. Purchases from trading houses as % of total purchases	27.60	32.74
	b. Number of trading houses where purchases are made from	32	7
	c. Purchases from top 10 trading houses as % of total purchases from trading houses	96.92	100
Concentration of Sales	a. Sales to dealers/ distributors as % of total sales	2.88	0.65
	b. Number of dealers/ distributors to whom sales are made	4	5
	c. Sales to top 10 dealers/ distributors as % of total sales to dealers/ distributors	100	100
Share of RPTs in	a. Purchases (Purchases with related parties/Total Purchases) (%)	Nil	Nil
	b. Sales (Sales to related parties/ Total Sales) (%)	Nil	Nil
	c. Loans & advances (Loans & advances given to related parties/ Total loans & advances) (%)	7.43	46
	d. Investments (Investments in related parties/Total Investments made) (%)	99.99	99.99

Notes:

- 1) The Company defines Trading Houses as vendors (both domestic & international) who only buy and sell products without any value addition to that product.
- 2) Share of RPTs in Loans & advances as well as investments are based on the year end balances.

PRINCIPLE 2: BUSINESSES SHOULD PROVIDE GOODS AND SERVICES IN A MANNER THAT IS SUSTAINABLE AND SAFE
ESSENTIAL INDICATORS

1. Percentage of R&D and capital expenditure (capex) investments in specific technologies to improve the environmental and social impacts of product and processes to total R&D and capex investments made by the entity, respectively.

	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25	Details of improvements in environmental and social impacts
R&D	Nil	Nil	Not Applicable
Capex	Nil	Nil	Not Applicable



2. a. Does the entity have procedures in place for sustainable sourcing? (Yes / No)

Yes

b. If yes, what percentage of inputs were sourced sustainably?

The Company prioritizes sustainable procurement through robust trade-in and buy-back programs for gold, silver and diamonds jewellery. Because these precious materials do not degrade over time, they can be continuously recycled into new inventory. Driven by the infinitely recyclable nature of these materials, the Company's customer buy-back and exchange initiatives drastically mitigate its environmental footprint. Recycled jewellery fulfilled more than 60% of raw material requirements of the Company by value in FY 2025-26. To complement the remaining requirement, all primary gold bars are sourced from the government approved and BIS certified private sector gold refiners / authorised distributors of recognised refineries.

3. Describe the processes in place to safely reclaim your products for reusing, recycling and disposing at the end of life, for:

(a) **Plastics (including packaging):** The Company has almost eliminated use of any type of plastics in its operations, including packaging.

(b) **E-waste:** Not applicable, as the Company's products do not generate any e-waste.

(c) **Hazardous waste:** Not applicable, as the Company's products generally do not generate any hazardous waste.

(d) **Other waste:** Not applicable

4. Whether Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) is applicable to the entity's activities (Yes / No).

No

If yes, whether the waste collection plan is in line with the Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) plan submitted to Pollution Control Boards? If not, provide steps taken to address the same.

Not Applicable

PRINCIPLE 3: BUSINESSES SHOULD RESPECT AND PROMOTE THE WELL-BEING OF ALL EMPLOYEES, INCLUDING THOSE IN THEIR VALUE CHAINS

ESSENTIAL INDICATORS

1. a. Details of measures for the well-being of employees:

Category	% of employees covered by										
	Total (A)	Health insurance		Accident insurance		Maternity benefits		Paternity Benefits		Day Care facilities	
		Number (B)	% (B/ A)	Number (C)	% (C/ A)	Number (D)	% (D/ A)	Number (E)	% (E/ A)	Number (F)	% (F/ A)
Permanent employees											
Male	382	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Female	254	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	254	100	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total	636	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	254	39.94	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Other than Permanent employees											
Male	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Female	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

b. Details of measures for the well-being of workers:

Category	% of workers covered by										
	Total (A)	Health insurance		Accident insurance		Maternity benefits		Paternity Benefits		Day Care facilities	
		Number (B)	% (B/ A)	Number (C)	% (C/ A)	Number (D)	% (D/ A)	Number (E)	% (E/ A)	Number (F)	% (F/ A)
Permanent workers											
Male	62	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Female	2	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2	100	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total	64	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2	3.13	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Other than Permanent workers											
Male	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Female	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

c. Spending on measures towards well-being of employees and workers (including permanent and other than permanent) in the following format:

	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25
Cost incurred on well-being measures as a % of total revenue of the Company	0.00*	0.00*

* Rounded off to two decimal places.

2. Details of retirement benefits, for current Financial Year and previous Financial Year:

Benefits	FY 2025-26			FY 2024-25		
	No. of employees covered as a % of total employees	No. of workers covered as a % of total workers	Deducted and deposited with the authority (Y/N/NA)	No. of employees covered as a % of total employees	No. of workers covered as a % of total workers	Deducted and deposited with the authority (Y/N/NA)
PF	47.17	4.69	Yes	45.05	8.77	Yes
Gratuity	100	100	Not Applicable	100	100	Not Applicable
ESI	52.67	9.38	Yes	45.80	14.04	Yes
Others – Please specify	Nil	Nil	Not Applicable	Nil	Nil	Not Applicable

3. Accessibility of workplaces:

Are the premises / offices of the entity accessible to differently abled employees and workers, as per the requirements of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016? If not, whether any steps are being taken by the entity in this regard.

The Company leases commercial premises for its showrooms and offices etc. Currently, these premises do not specifically confirm to the requirements of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016. However, the Company staff ensures that differently abled employees and workers do not face any problem in accessing the premises.

4. Does the entity have an equal opportunity policy as per the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016? If so, provide a web-link to the policy.

The Company has incorporated the requirements of equal opportunity policy in the Employees Code of Conduct (available on the Company's HR Portal) and Business Responsibility Policy available at <https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/investors/Business-Responsibility-Policy.pdf>

5. Return to work and retention rates of permanent employees and workers that took parental leave:

Gender	Permanent employees		Permanent workers	
	Return to work rate	Retention rate	Return to work rate	Retention rate
Male	Not Applicable*			
Female	85.71	100	Nil	Nil
Total	85.71	100	Nil	Nil

* The Company do not provide any parental leave to its male employees and workers.

6. Is there a mechanism available to receive and redress grievances for the following categories of employees and worker? If yes, give details of the mechanism in brief:

Category	Yes / No (If Yes, then give details of the mechanism in brief)
Permanent Workers	Yes. They can raise their concerns or grievances with their In-Charge or HR Head directly.
Other than Permanent Workers	Not applicable, as the Company do not have other than permanent workers.
Permanent Employees	Yes. They can raise their concerns or grievances with their HODs or HR Head directly. The Company also has in place a Whistle Blower Policy, which provides a formal mechanism for all the employees to report about unethical behaviour, violation of the Company's Code of Conduct etc.
Other than Permanent Employees	Not applicable, as the Company do not have other than permanent employees.

7. Membership of employees and worker in association(s) or Unions recognised by the listed entity:

Category	FY 2025-26			FY 2024-25		
	Total employees / workers in respective category (A)	No. of employees / workers in respective category, who are part of association(s) or Union (B)	% (B / A)	Total employees / workers in respective category (C)	No. of employees / workers in respective category, who are part of association(s) or Union (D)	% (D / C)
Total Permanent Employees	636	Nil	Nil	666	Nil	Nil
- Male	382	Nil	Nil	390	Nil	Nil
- Female	254	Nil	Nil	276	Nil	Nil
Total Permanent Workers	64	Nil	Nil	57	Nil	Nil
- Male	62	Nil	Nil	55	Nil	Nil
- Female	2	Nil	Nil	2	Nil	Nil

8. Details of training given to employees and workers:

Category	FY 2025-26					FY 2024-25				
	Total (A)	On health and safety measures		On skill upgradation		Total (D)	On health and safety measures		On skill upgradation	
		No. (B)	% (B / A)	No. (C)	% (C / A)		No. (E)	% (E / D)	No. (F)	% (F / D)
Employees										
Male	382	382	100	382	100	390	390	100	390	100
Female	254	254	100	254	100	276	276	100	276	100
Total	636	636	100	636	100	666	666	100	666	100
Workers										
Male	62	62	100	62	100	55	55	100	55	100
Female	2	2	100	2	100	2	2	100	2	100
Total	64	64	100	64	100	57	57	100	57	100

Note: As it is an ongoing process, generally involved in the day-to-day business operations of the Company, hence, the Company has reported that all its employees and workers were provided health and safety as well as skill upgradation training.

9. Details of performance and career development reviews of employees and worker:

Category	FY 2025-26			FY 2024-25		
	Total (A)	No. (B)	% (B / A)	Total (C)	No. (D)	% (D / C)
Employees						
Male	382	37	9.69	390	35	8.97
Female	254	28	11.02	276	23	8.33
Total	636	65	10.22	666	58	8.71
Workers						
Male	62	Nil	Nil	55	Nil	Nil
Female	2	Nil	Nil	2	Nil	Nil
Total	64	Nil	Nil	57	Nil	Nil

Note: The Company keeps on reviewing the performance of its employees and workers in routine course. The details provided here are based on the number of employees who got promotions and / or salary increments during the year.

10. Health and safety management system:

- a. **Whether an occupational health and safety management system has been implemented by the entity? (Yes / No). If yes, the coverage of such system?**

No

- b. **What are the processes used to identify work-related hazards and assess risks on a routine and non-routine basis by the entity?**

The Company's business operations include manufacture, trade and sale of jewellery. Sale of jewellery mainly take place from retail showrooms and do not have any work-related hazards. Manufacture of jewellery is mainly a manual activity without involvement of any heavy machinery. At the same time regular inspections are done by the Company to identify work-related hazards and assess risks, if any. If any risk is identified, the Company takes appropriate measures to mitigate the risk and prioritizes the safety of its employees and workers.

- c. **Whether you have processes for workers to report the work-related hazards and to remove themselves from such risks. (Y / N)**

Yes

- d. **Do the employees / worker of the entity have access to non-occupational medical and healthcare services? (Yes / No)**

No

11. Details of safety related incidents, in the following format:

Safety Incident / Number	Category	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25
Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate (LTIFR) (per one million-person hours worked)	Employees	Nil	Nil
	Workers	Nil	Nil
Total recordable work-related injuries	Employees	Nil	Nil
	Workers	Nil	Nil
No. of fatalities	Employees	Nil	Nil
	Workers	Nil	Nil
High consequence work-related injury or ill-health (excluding fatalities)	Employees	Nil	Nil
	Workers	Nil	Nil



12. Describe the measures taken by the entity to ensure a safe and healthy work place:

The Company is dedicated to providing a safe, healthy and risk-free environment for all employees and workers. It actively focuses on preventing workplace injuries and illnesses through continuous risk-reduction initiatives. Key workplace standards and safety measures include:

- Ergonomic and comfortable seating
- Clean, well-lit and safe working spaces
- Purified RO drinking water
- Hygienic, gender-segregated restrooms
- Regularly maintained fire safety systems

13. Number of Complaints on the following made by employees and workers:

	FY 2025-26			FY 2024-25		
	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks
Working Conditions	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Health & Safety	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-

14. Assessments for the year:

	% of your plants and offices that were assessed (by entity or statutory authorities or third parties)
Health and safety practices	100
Working Conditions	100

Note: Although no specific assessment was done, the Company regularly reviews health and safety measures and working conditions at its plants, offices and showrooms, hence, 100% is reported here.

15. Provide details of any corrective action taken or underway to address safety-related incidents (if any) and on significant risks / concerns arising from assessments of health & safety practices and working conditions.

No safety incidents occurred during the year and routine reviews of working conditions revealed no significant hazards. Consequently, no corrective actions were required.

PRINCIPLE 4: BUSINESSES SHOULD RESPECT THE INTERESTS OF AND BE RESPONSIVE TO ALL ITS STAKEHOLDERS ESSENTIAL INDICATORS

1. Describe the processes for identifying key stakeholder groups of the entity.

The Company has identified employees, shareholders / investors, banks, customers and vendors (suppliers) as its key stakeholders on the basis on their relevance and contribution towards business operations of the Company.

2. List stakeholder groups identified as key for your entity and the frequency of engagement with each stakeholder group:

Stakeholder Group	Whether identified as Vulnerable & Marginalized Group (Yes / No)	Channels of communication (Email, SMS, Newspaper, Pamphlets, Advertisement, Community Meetings, Notice Board, Website), Other	Frequency of engagement (Annually / Half yearly / Quarterly / others – please specify)	Purpose and scope of engagement including key topics and concerns raised during such engagement
Employees	No	E-mails, phone, staff meetings and intranet portal.	Ongoing	Communication, reviews and grievance redressal, if any, etc.
Shareholders / Investors	No	SMS, e-mails, website, newspaper advertisements, annual reports, general meetings, stock exchanges communications	Quarterly / Half-yearly / Annually and need based	Statutory communications and addressing shareholders queries.

Stakeholder Group	Whether identified as Vulnerable & Marginalized Group (Yes / No)	Channels of communication (Email, SMS, Newspaper, Pamphlets, Advertisement, Community Meetings, Notice Board, Website), Other	Frequency of engagement (Annually / Half yearly / Quarterly / others – please specify)	Purpose and scope of engagement including key topics and concerns raised during such engagement
Banks	No	E-mails, phone, meetings	Need basis	One time settlement and joint settlement agreement etc.
Customers	No	Website, newspaper advertisements, social media, phone, personal interactions	Ongoing	Customer acquisition, understand their preferences and demands, review of feedbacks and resolve grievances, if any.
Vendors (Suppliers)	No	SMS, e-mails, phone, personal interactions	Need basis	Queries / suggestions / assurance etc.

PRINCIPLE 5: BUSINESSES SHOULD RESPECT AND PROMOTE HUMAN RIGHTS**ESSENTIAL INDICATORS**

1. Employees and workers who have been provided training on human rights issues and policy(ies) of the entity, in the following format:

Category	FY 2025-26			FY 2024-25		
	Total (A)	No. of employees / workers covered (B)	% (B / A)	Total (C)	No. of employees / workers covered (D)	% (D / C)
Employees						
Permanent	636	636	100	666	666	100
Other than permanent	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total	636	636	100	666	666	100
Workers						
Permanent	64	64	100	57	57	100
Other than permanent	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total	64	64	100	57	57	100

Note: Since this is an ongoing process integrated into day-to-day business operations, the Company reported that all employees and workers have received training on human rights and policies.

2. Details of minimum wages paid to employees and workers, in the following format:

Category	FY 2025-26					FY 2024-25				
	Total (A)	Equal to Minimum Wage		More than Minimum Wage		Total (D)	Equal to Minimum Wage		More than Minimum Wage	
		No. (B)	% (B / A)	No. (C)	% (C / A)		No. (E)	% (E / D)	No. (F)	% (F / D)
Employees										
Permanent	636	Nil	Nil	636	100	666	Nil	Nil	666	100
Male	382	Nil	Nil	382	100	390	Nil	Nil	390	100
Female	254	Nil	Nil	254	100	276	Nil	Nil	276	100
Other than Permanent	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Male	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Female	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Workers										
Permanent	64	Nil	Nil	64	100	57	Nil	Nil	57	100
Male	62	Nil	Nil	62	100	55	Nil	Nil	55	100
Female	2	Nil	Nil	2	100	2	Nil	Nil	2	100
Other than Permanent	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Male	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Female	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil



3. Details of remuneration / salary / wages, in the following format:

a) Median remuneration / wages:

	Male		Female	
	Number	Median remuneration / salary / wages of respective category (₹)	Number	Median remuneration / salary / wages of respective category (₹)
Board of Directors (BoD) [@]	4	13,97,502	1	1,40,000
Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)*	2	33,24,216	Nil	Nil
Employees other than BoD and KMP	379	3,33,660	254	2,83,584
Workers	62	3,33,643	2	3,01,874

@ Including 3 Independent Directors (2 males and 1 female), who received sitting fee only and excluding Managing Director, who waived off his remuneration.

* Including Executive Director (Finance) & CFO who is also part of the BoD and excluding Managing Director, who waived off his remuneration.

b) Gross wages paid to females as % of total wages paid by the entity, in the following format:

	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25
Gross wages paid to females as % of total wages	29.43	31.31

4. Do you have a focal point (Individual / Committee) responsible for addressing human rights impacts or issues caused or contributed to by the business? (Yes / No)

Yes

5. Describe the internal mechanisms in place to redress grievances related to human rights issues.

The Company is dedicated to maintain the highest ethical standards and comply with all applicable laws. It ensures a safe, healthy and equitable work environment for all personnel, free from discrimination based on caste, gender or organizational role. The Company strictly prohibits the use of child labor, forced labor or any form of involuntary service. The human resources department holds responsibility for human rights compliance. Any grievances regarding these matters should be formally directed to the HR Head or the Executive Director.

6. Number of Complaints on the following made by employees and workers:

	FY 2025-26			FY 2024-25		
	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks
Sexual harassment	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Discrimination at workplace	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Child labour	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Forced labour / Involuntary labour	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Wages	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Other human rights related issues	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-

7. Complaints filed under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013, in the following format:

	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25
Total complaints reported under Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 (POSH)	Nil	Nil
Complaints on POSH as a % of female employees / workers	Nil	Nil
Complaints on POSH upheld	Nil	Nil

8. Mechanisms to prevent adverse consequences to the complainant in discrimination and harassment cases.

The Company is committed to fostering an equal-opportunity workplace free from discrimination based on caste, gender or physical disability. It actively support women's empowerment and endeavor to increase career opportunities for women within the organization. Human rights protection remains a fundamental tenet of all business operations and stakeholder dealings.

Furthermore, the Company maintains a robust Whistleblower Policy. This framework empowers employees to report unethical conduct or policy breaches confidentially. The Company strictly prohibits any form of victimization or retaliation against individuals who expose wrongdoing in good faith.

9. Do human rights requirements form part of your business agreements and contracts? (Yes / No)

No

10. Assessments for the year:

	% of your plants and offices that were assessed (by entity or statutory authorities or third parties)
Child labour	100
Forced / Involuntary labour	100
Sexual harassment	100
Discrimination at workplace	100
Wages	100
Others – Please specify	Nil

Note: Although no specific assessment was done by the Company, but it regularly reviews these issues, hence, 100% is reported here.

11. Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underway to address significant risks / concerns arising from the assessments at Question 10 above.

Since no risks / concern arises from the reviews undertaken by the Company, hence, no corrective actions were taken or underway.

PRINCIPLE 6: BUSINESSES SHOULD RESPECT AND MAKE EFFORTS TO PROTECT AND RESTORE THE ENVIRONMENT

ESSENTIAL INDICATORS

1. Details of total energy consumption (in GJ) and energy intensity, in the following format:

Parameter	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25
From renewable sources:		
Total electricity consumption (A)	Nil	Nil
Total fuel consumption (B)	Nil	Nil
Energy consumption through other sources (C)	Nil	Nil
Total energy consumed from renewable sources (A+B+C)	Nil	Nil
From non-renewable sources:		
Total electricity consumption (D)	9,765.52	9,864.39
Total fuel consumption* (E)	43.05	Nil



Parameter	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25
Energy consumption through other sources (F)	Nil	Nil
Total energy consumed from non-renewable sources (D+E+F)	9,808.57	9,864.39
Total energy consumed (A+B+C+D+E+F)	9,808.57	9,864.39
Energy intensity per rupee of turnover (GJ / ₹ in crore) (Total energy consumed / Revenue from operations)	2.93	4.40
Energy intensity per rupee of turnover adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP)** (GJ / ₹ in crore) (Total energy consumed / Revenue from operations adjusted for PPP)	59.50	90.85
Energy intensity in terms of physical output	-	-
Energy intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity	-	-

* Based on diesel consumed at manufacturing facility.

** Revenue from operations has been adjusted by using the International Monetary Fund's latest PPP conversion factors for India, which are 20.34 for FY 2026 and 20.66 for FY 2025.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment / evaluation / assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y / N) - No

If yes, name of the external agency. – Not Applicable

2. **Does the entity have any sites / facilities identified as designated consumers (DCs) under the Performance, Achieve and Trade (PAT) Scheme of the Government of India? (Y / N) If yes, disclose whether targets set under the PAT scheme have been achieved. In case targets have not been achieved, provide the remedial action taken, if any.**

No

3. **Provide details of the following disclosures related to water, in the following format:**

Parameter	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25
Water withdrawal by source (in kilolitres)		
(i) Surface water	Nil	Nil
(ii) Groundwater	Nil	Nil
(iii) Third party water*	9,544.50	9,858.11
(iv) Seawater / desalinated water	Nil	Nil
(v) Others	Nil	Nil
Total volume of water withdrawal (in kilolitres) (i + ii + iii + iv + v)	9,544.50	9,858.11
Total volume of water consumption* (in kiloliters)	9,544.50	9,858.11
Water intensity per rupee of turnover (KL / ₹ in crore) (Total water consumption / Revenue from operations)	2.85	4.39
Water intensity per rupee of turnover adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP)** (KL / ₹ in crore) (Total water consumption/Revenue from operations adjusted for PPP)	57.90	90.79
Water intensity in terms of physical output	-	-
Water intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity	-	-

* As the Company is having offices, showrooms and manufacturing facilities at multiple locations, so direct measurement of withdrawal and consumption of water is not available or practicable. Hence, as per SEBI recommended BRSR – Core Reporting Standard, water consumption is calculated on the basis of Central Ground Water Authority guideline i.e. the estimated consumption is 45 litres per head per working day and the water withdrawal is also assumed to be the same.

** Revenue from operations has been adjusted by using the International Monetary Fund's latest PPP conversion factors for India, which are 20.34 for FY 2026 and 20.66 for FY 2025.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment / evaluation / assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y / N) – No

If yes, name of the external agency. – Not Applicable

4. Provide the following details related to water discharged:

Parameter	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres)		
i) To surface water		
- No treatment	Nil	Nil
- With treatment - please specify level of treatment	Nil	Nil
ii) To groundwater		
- No treatment	Nil	Nil
- With treatment - please specify level of treatment	Nil	Nil
iii) To seawater		
- No treatment	Nil	Nil
- With treatment - please specify level of treatment	Nil	Nil
iv) Send to third parties		
- No treatment	Nil	Nil
- With treatment - please specify level of treatment	Nil	Nil
v) Others		
- No treatment	Nil	Nil
- With treatment - please specify level of treatment	Nil	Nil
Total water discharged (in kilolitres) (i + ii + iii + iv + v)	Nil	Nil

* As the Company's estimated consumption of water per working day and the water withdrawal is assumed to be the same, hence, the volume of water discharged is reported as nil.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment / evaluation / assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y / N) – No

If yes, name of the external agency. – Not Applicable

5. Has the entity implemented a mechanism for Zero Liquid Discharge? If yes, provide details of its coverage and implementation.

No

6. Please provide details of air emissions (other than GHG emissions) by the entity, in the following format:

Parameter	Unit	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25
NOx	-	Nil	Nil
SOx	-	Nil	Nil
Particulate matter (PM)	-	Nil	Nil
Persistent organic pollutants (POP)	-	Nil	Nil
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	-	Nil	Nil
Hazardous air pollutants (HAP)	-	Nil	Nil
Others – please specify	-	Nil	Nil

Note: As the details of air emissions, if any, are not currently available, hence, nil is reported.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment / evaluation / assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y / N) – No

If yes, name of the external agency. – Not Applicable

7. Provide details of greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions) & its intensity, in the following format:

Parameter	Unit	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25
Total Scope 1 emissions[^] (Break-up of the GHG into CO ₂ , CH ₄ , N ₂ O, HFCs, PFCs, SF ₆ , NF ₃ , if available)	Metric tonnes of CO ₂ equivalent	2.81	Nil
Total Scope 2 emissions* (Break-up of the GHG into CO ₂ , CH ₄ , N ₂ O, HFCs, PFCs, SF ₆ , NF ₃ , if available)	Metric tonnes of CO ₂ equivalent	1,942.25	1,961.92
Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity per rupee of turnover (Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions / Revenue from operations)	tCO ₂ e / ₹ in crore	0.58	0.87
Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity per rupee of turnover adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP)** (Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions/ Revenue from operations adjusted for PPP)	tCO ₂ e / ₹ in crore	11.80	18.07
Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity in terms of physical output	-	-	-
Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity	-	-	-

[^] Based on diesel consumed at manufacturing facility and considering emission factor (KgCO₂e/ltr) as 2.68 in accordance with SEBI recommended BRSR – Core Reporting Standard.

* Calculated on the basis of total electricity consumed and considering emission factor (KgCO₂e/kwh) as 0.716 in accordance with SEBI recommended BRSR – Core Reporting Standard.

** Revenue from operations has been adjusted by using the International Monetary Fund's latest PPP conversion factors for India, which are 20.34 for FY 2026 and 20.66 for FY 2025.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment / evaluation / assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y / N) - No

If yes, name of the external agency. – Not Applicable

8. Does the entity have any project related to reducing Green House Gas emission? If Yes, then provide details.

The Company is committed to reducing greenhouse gas emissions through energy conservation and efficiency optimization. By deploying LED lighting across all premises, the Company has lowered electricity consumption and decreased its indirect carbon footprint.

9. Provide details related to waste management by the entity, in the following format:

Parameter	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25
Total Waste generated (in metric tonnes)		
Plastic waste (A)*	Nil	Nil
E-waste (B)*	Nil	Nil
Bio-medical waste (C)	Nil	Nil
Construction and demolition waste (D)	Nil	Nil
Battery waste (E)	Nil	Nil
Radioactive waste (F)	Nil	Nil
Other Hazardous waste. Please specify, if any. (G)	Nil	Nil
Other Non-hazardous waste generated (H)*	Nil	Nil
Total (A+B+C+D+E+F+G+H)	Nil	Nil

Parameter	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25
Waste intensity per rupee of turnover (Total waste generated / Revenue from operations)	Nil	Nil
Waste intensity per rupee of turnover adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) (Total waste generated / Revenue from operations adjusted for PPP)	Nil	Nil
Waste intensity in terms of physical output	Nil	Nil
Waste intensity (optional) / – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity	-	-
For each category of waste generated, total waste recovered through recycling, re-using or other recovery operations (in metric tonnes)		
Category of waste		
(i) Recycled	Nil	Nil
(ii) Re-used	Nil	Nil
(iii) Other recovery operations	Nil	Nil
Total	Nil	Nil
For each category of waste generated, total waste disposed by nature of disposal method (in metric tonnes)		
Category of waste		
(i) Incineration	Nil	Nil
(ii) Landfilling	Nil	Nil
(iii) Other disposal operations	Nil	Nil
Total	Nil	Nil

* The Company generates negligible plastic waste, e-waste and non-hazardous (paper, wood etc.) waste. Hence, volume of waste generated is reported as nil.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment / evaluation / assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y / N) – No

If yes, name of the external agency. – Not Applicable

10. Briefly describe the waste management practices adopted in your establishments. Describe the strategy adopted by your company to reduce usage of hazardous and toxic chemicals in your products and processes and the practices adopted to manage such wastes.

The Company minimizes its environmental impact by manufacturing jewellery through low-chemical processes. By eliminating single-use plastics, reducing paper waste and utilizing energy-efficient technologies, the Company integrates sustainability directly into its daily operations and production line.

11. If the entity has operations / offices in / around ecologically sensitive areas (such as national parks, wildlife sanctuaries, biosphere reserves, wetlands, biodiversity hotspots, forests, coastal regulation zones etc.) where environmental approvals / clearances are required, please specify details in the following format:

S. No.	Location of operations / offices	Type of operations	Whether the conditions of environmental approval / clearance are being complied with? (Y / N) If no, the reasons thereof and corrective action taken, if any.
			Not Applicable

12. Details of environmental impact assessments of projects undertaken by the entity based on applicable laws, in the current financial year:

Name and brief details of project	EIA Notification No.	Date	Whether conducted by independent external agency (Yes / No)	Results communicated in public domain (Yes / No)	Relevant Web link
			Not Applicable		



13. Is the entity compliant with the applicable environmental law / regulations / guidelines in India; such as the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, Environment Protection Act and rules thereunder (Y / N). If not, provide details of all such non-compliances, in the following format:

Yes

S. No.	Specify the law / regulation / guidelines which was not complied with	Provide details of the non-compliance	Any fines / penalties / action taken by regulatory agencies such as pollution control boards or by courts	Corrective action taken, if any
Not Applicable				

PRINCIPLE 7: BUSINESSES, WHEN ENGAGING IN INFLUENCING PUBLIC AND REGULATORY POLICY, SHOULD DO SO IN A MANNER THAT IS RESPONSIBLE AND TRANSPARENT

ESSENTIAL INDICATORS

1. a. Number of affiliations with trade and industry chambers / associations.

3

- b. List the top 10 trade and industry chambers / associations (determined based on the total members of such body) the entity is a member of / affiliated to:

S. No.	Name of the trade and industry chambers / associations	Reach of trade and industry chambers / associations (State / National)
1	The Associated Chambers of Commerce & Industry of India	National
2	Gems & Jewellery Export Promotion Council	National
3	Export Promotion Council for EOUs & SEZs	National

2. Provide details of corrective action taken or underway on any issues related to anti-competitive conduct by the entity, based on adverse orders from regulatory authorities:

Name of authority	Brief of the case	Corrective action taken
Not Applicable		

PRINCIPLE 8: BUSINESSES SHOULD PROMOTE INCLUSIVE GROWTH AND EQUITABLE DEVELOPMENT

ESSENTIAL INDICATORS

1. Details of Social Impact Assessments (SIA) of projects undertaken by the entity based on applicable laws, in the current financial year:

Name and brief details of project	SIA Notification No.	Date of notification	Whether conducted by independent external agency (Yes / No)	Results communicated in public domain (Yes / No)	Relevant Web link
None					

2. Provide information on project(s) for which ongoing Rehabilitation and Resettlement (R&R) is being undertaken by your entity, in the following format:

S. No.	Name of Project for which R&R is ongoing	State	District	No. of Project Affected Families (PAFs)	% of PAFs covered by R&R	Amounts paid to PAFs in the FY (In ₹)
None						

3. Describe the mechanisms to receive and redress grievances of the community.

The community members can share their grievances, if any, through the e-mail address mentioned on the Company's website.

4. Percentage of input material (inputs to total inputs by value) sourced from suppliers:

	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25
Directly sourced from MSMEs / small producers	Nil	Nil
Directly from within India	100	100

5. Job creation in smaller towns: Disclose wages paid to persons employed (including employees or workers employed on a permanent or non-permanent/ on contract basis) in the following locations, as % of the total wage cost:

	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25
Rural	Nil	Nil
Semi-Urban	Nil	Nil
Urban	26.64	23.49
Metropolitan	73.36	76.51

Note: Categorized as per RBI Classification System - rural / semi-urban / urban / metropolitan. Rural: population less than 10,000, Semi-Urban: 10,000 and above and less than 1 lakh, Urban: 1 lakh and above and less than 10 lakh, Metropolitan: 10 lakh and above.

PRINCIPLE 9: BUSINESSES SHOULD ENGAGE WITH AND PROVIDE VALUE TO THEIR CONSUMERS IN A RESPONSIBLE MANNER
ESSENTIAL INDICATORS

1. Describe the mechanisms in place to receive and respond to consumer complaints and feedback.

The Company maintains a robust customer grievance redressal mechanism to ensure prompt resolution of queries, concerns and feedback. The customers can engage with the Company directly through showrooms or utilize the toll-free number and dedicated e-mail support provided on the Company's website.

2. Turnover of products and / services as a percentage of turnover from all products / service that carry information about:

	As a percentage to total turnover
Environmental and social parameters relevant to the product	Nil
Safe and responsible usage	Nil
Recycling and / or safe disposal	Nil

Note: The Company's products (jewellery) do not require disclosure of these information.

3. Number of consumer complaints in respect of the following:

	FY 2025-26		Remarks	FY 2024-25		Remarks
	Received during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year		Received during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	
Data privacy	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Advertising	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Cyber-security	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Delivery of essential services	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Restrictive Trade Practices	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Unfair Trade Practices	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-
Others	Nil	Nil	-	Nil	Nil	-



4. Details of instances of product recalls on account of safety issues:

	Number	Reasons for recall
Voluntary recalls	Nil	-
Forced recalls	Nil	-

5. Does the entity have a framework / policy on cyber security and risks related to data privacy? (Yes / No). If available, provide a web-link of the policy.

Yes. The Company safeguards its digital assets through a resilient cybersecurity framework designed to defend critical infrastructure against evolving threats. By combining regular vulnerability testing, cutting-edge network defense, and strict user authentication protocols, the Company systematically mitigates digital risk in direct alignment with its corporate governance policies. The Company's Risk Management Policy covers risks related to cyber security and data privacy.

6. Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underway on issues relating to advertising, and delivery of essential services; cyber security and data privacy of customers; re-occurrence of instances of product recalls; penalty / action taken by regulatory authorities on safety of products / services.

Not Applicable

7. Provide the following information relating to data breaches:

- a. Number of instances of data breaches: Nil
- b. Percentage of data breaches involving personally identifiable information of customers: Nil
- c. Impact, if any, of the data breaches: Nil

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PHILOSOPHY

The Company believes that sound corporate governance practices go a long way in retaining the trust and confidence of all the stakeholders. The Company understands and respects its role and responsibility towards its stakeholders and strives to adopt best corporate governance practices and maintain the highest ethical standards. The Company is committed to sound corporate governance practices as well as compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

I) COMPOSITION

In compliance with the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('**LODR Regulations**'), the Board of Directors ('**Board**') of the Company has an optimum combination of Executive and Non-Executive Directors with 1 Woman Director and 50% of the Board comprises of Non-Executive Directors.

As on March 31, 2026, the Board comprised of 6 Directors (3 Executive and 3 Non-Executive Directors including 1 Woman Director). Independent Directors constitute 50% of the Company's Board strength as per the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 (the '**Act**') and LODR Regulations. During the year under review, the Board of the Company comprised of the following Directors:

Name	Designation	Category
Shri Balram Garg	Managing Director	Promoter
Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma	Executive Director	Non-Promoter
Shri Vishan Deo	Executive Director (Finance) & Chief Financial Officer	Non-Promoter
Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi	Non – Executive Director	Independent Director
Shri Farangi Lal Kansal		
Shri Mahesh Agarwal		

All the Directors of the Company are individuals of integrity and possesses relevant expertise and experience and none of them are related to each other.

II) INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

As on March 31, 2026, the Board of the Company comprised of 3 Independent Directors including 1 Woman Director. All the Independent Directors have submitted declarations with

the Company that they fulfill the conditions of independence prescribed in the Act as well as LODR Regulations and have also confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exist or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties with an objective independent judgement and without any external influence. The Board after assessing their disclosures confirms that all the Independent Directors fulfill the conditions of independence specified in the Act and LODR Regulations and are independent of the management of the Company.

None of the Independent Directors of the Company serve as an Independent Director in more than the maximum permissible limit on number of directorships as an Independent Director and also has not crossed the maximum tenure of an Independent Director.

During the year, none of the Independent Directors of the Company had resigned before the expiry of their respective tenure(s).

The Independent Directors are made aware of their roles, responsibilities and liabilities at the time of appointment through a formal letter of appointment, which stipulates the terms and conditions of their appointment. Further, Executive Directors and Senior Management keep them updated about the Company, its business model, operations and the industry etc. The details of familiarisation programme imparted to Independent Directors during the year is available on the Company's website and can be accessed through the link <https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/familiarization-programme/>

During the year, 2 meetings of Independent Directors were held on May 25, 2025 and November 11, 2025 without the presence of Non-Independent Directors and members of the management of the Company. All the Independent Directors attended both the meetings and Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi Chaired the meetings.

III) KEY SKILL MATRIX OF THE BOARD

The Board has identified mainly the following skills / expertise / competencies for the Directors for effective functioning of the Company:

Business and Strategy: Understanding of business dynamics, across various geographical areas and industry verticals. Appreciation of long-term trends, strategic choices



and experience in guiding and leading management teams to make decisions.

Industry experience and knowledge: Knowledge and experience in the jewellery industry to provide strategic guidance to the management.

Financial and Risk Management: Wide-ranging financial skills, accounting and reporting, corporate finance and internal controls, including assessing quality of financial controls, identify the key risks to the Company and monitor the effectiveness of the risk management framework and practices.

Governance: Experience in developing governance practices, serving the best interests of all stakeholders, maintaining board and management accountability, building long term effective stakeholder engagements and driving corporate ethics and values.

The skills / expertise / competencies possessed by the Directors of the Company have been specified in the below table. However, the absence of mark (√) against a Director's name does not mean that Director does not possess the corresponding skills or competencies.

Name	Skills / Expertise / Competencies			
	Business and strategy	Industry experience and knowledge	Financial and Risk Management	Governance
Shri Balram Garg	√	√	√	√
Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma	√	√	√	√
Shri Vishan Deo	-	√	√	√
Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi	√	-	√	√
Shri Farangi Lal Kansal	√	-	-	√
Shri Mahesh Agarwal	√	-	√	√

IV) BOARD MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE

During the year, 5 meetings of the Board of the Company were held and the gap between any two meetings of the Board did not exceed 120 days. The requisite quorum was present at all the Board meetings.

The Directors were provided all the relevant information and details required for taking informed decisions at the Board meetings. The dates of meetings of the Board held during the year, attendance of the Directors thereat and at the last Annual General Meeting ('AGM') of the Company, are as under:

Name	Board Meetings					AGM
	May 25, 2025	July 10, 2025	August 01, 2025	November 11, 2025	January 27, 2026	September 30, 2025
Shri Balram Garg	√	√	√	√	√	√
Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma	√	√	√	√	√	√
Shri Vishan Deo	√	√	√	√	√	√
Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi	√	-	-	√	-	√
Shri Farangi Lal Kansal	√	-	√	√	√	√
Shri Mahesh Agarwal	√	√	√	√	√	√

V) OUTSIDE DIRECTORSHIP AND THE COMMITTEE POSITIONS

The details of outside directorships, memberships / Chairpersonships of Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee in Indian public companies as well as directorships in other listed companies and category, as at the end of the year under review, are as under:

Name	Number of outside directorships ^a	Number of outside committee memberships / Chairpersonships		Directorships in other listed companies and category
		Member	Chairperson	
Shri Balram Garg	2	Nil	Nil	None
Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma	Nil	Nil	Nil	None
Shri Vishan Deo	2	Nil	Nil	None

Name	Number of outside directorships [@]	Number of outside committee memberships / Chairpersonships		Directorships in other listed companies and category
		Member	Chairperson	
Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi	3	5	1	Independent Director: - Bhartiya International Limited - Orient Green Power Company Limited
Shri Farangi Lal Kansal	Nil	Nil	Nil	None
Shri Mahesh Agarwal	1	2	1	Independent Director: - Worldwide Aluminium Limited

@ Excluding the directorships in foreign companies, private companies (except subsidiary of a public company) and the companies under Section 8 of the Act.

In compliance with Regulation 26 of LODR Regulations, all the Directors of the Company have made the disclosures about the committee positions held by them. None of the Directors of the Company are members of more than ten committees or act as the Chairperson of more than five committees across all the companies in which they are Directors.

VI) REMUNERATION OF THE DIRECTORS

Non-Executive Directors of the Company are paid sitting fee of ₹ 40,000/- for attending each meeting of the Board and ₹ 10,000/- for attending each meeting of the Committees of the Board, as approved by the Board and within the limits prescribed under the Act. The Company also pays / reimburses out-of-pocket expenses incurred by Non-Executive Directors for attending the meetings. The details of remuneration of the Directors during the year under review are as under:

Name	Sitting Fee	Salary	Bonus / Ex-gratia / Commission / Pension	(₹ in lakh)
				Total
Shri Balram Garg	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma	Nil	32.50	2.44	34.94
Shri Vishan Deo	Nil	24.00	1.25	25.25
Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi	1.40	Nil	Nil	1.40
Shri Farangi Lal Kansal	2.30	Nil	Nil	2.30
Shri Mahesh Agarwal	2.70	Nil	Nil	2.70

During the year under review, neither any performance linked incentives were paid nor were any stock options granted to the Directors. Further, none of the Non-Executive Directors has any pecuniary relationship or transaction vis-a-vis the Company.

The appointments of Managing Director and Executive Directors are governed by the resolutions passed by the Board and Members of the Company, which cover the terms and conditions of their appointments read with the service rules of the Company. The services of Managing Director and Executive Directors may be terminated by either party by giving the other party three months' notice or paying three months' salary in lieu thereof. There is no separate provision for payment of severance fee under the resolutions governing their appointments.

VII) NUMBER OF SHARES AND CONVERTIBLE INSTRUMENTS HELD BY THE DIRECTORS

The number of equity shares and convertible instruments / Fully Convertible Warrants of the Company held by the Directors as on March 31, 2026 are as under:

Name	Equity shares	Convertible instruments / Fully Convertible Warrants
Shri Balram Garg	204,28,21,000	9,72,22,222
Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma	13,13,000	Nil
Shri Vishan Deo	Nil	Nil
Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi	Nil	Nil
Shri Farangi Lal Kansal	Nil	Nil
Shri Mahesh Agarwal	76,000	Nil



VIII) CODE OF CONDUCT

The Board has laid down a Code of Conduct for the Directors and Senior Management of the Company. This Code is placed on the Company's website www.pcjeweller.com. All the Directors and Senior Management of the Company have affirmed compliance with the Code and a declaration to that effect by Shri Balram Garg, Managing Director is annexed as 'Annexure – 1' to this report.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Committees of the Board are governed by their respective terms of reference. These Committees play a pivotal role in the governance of the Company and the minutes of all the Committee meetings are placed before the Board.

As on March 31, 2026, the Company had following 6 Committees of the Board:

- I) Audit Committee
- II) Nomination and Remuneration Committee
- III) Stakeholders Relationship Committee
- IV) Risk Management Committee
- V) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee
- VI) Management & Finance Committee

The Board at its meeting held on January 27, 2026 dissolved Fund Raising Committee. No meeting of the Committee was held during the year.

B) MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE

During the year 4 meetings of the Committee were held. The requisite quorum was present at all the meetings of the Committee. The dates of meetings held during the year and attendance of the Committee members thereat are as under:

Name & Category	Meetings			
	May 25, 2025	August 01, 2025	November 11, 2025	January 27, 2026
Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi Chairperson - Independent Director	√	-	√	-
Shri Farangi Lal Kansal Member - Independent Director	√	√	√	√
Shri Mahesh Agarwal Member - Independent Director	√	√	√	√
Shri Balram Garg Member - Managing Director	√	√	√	√

Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi, Chairperson of the Committee attended the last AGM of the Company held on September 30, 2025.

I) AUDIT COMMITTEE

A) COMPOSITION AND TERMS OF REFERENCE

As on March 31, 2026, Audit Committee comprised of 4 Directors including 3 Independent Directors. Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi, Independent Director is the Chairperson of the Committee. All members of the Committee are financially literate and having requisite accounting or related financial management expertise. The composition of the Committee and its terms of reference are in compliance with the Act and LODR Regulations. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Committee.

The role and terms of reference of the Committee, inter-alia, includes oversight of the company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible; recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the company; reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the board for approval; reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the board for approval; approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the company with related parties; reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems; discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on; to review the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism; approval of appointment of Chief Financial Officer.

II) NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**A) COMPOSITION AND TERMS OF REFERENCE**

As on March 31, 2026, Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprised of 3 Independent Directors. Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi, Independent Director is the Chairperson of the Committee. The composition of the Committee and its terms of reference are in compliance with the Act and LODR Regulations.

The terms of reference of the Committee, inter-alia, includes identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management, and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal; formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director; recommend to the Board

a policy relating to the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees; formulation of criteria or specifying the manner for evaluation of performance of the Board, its Committees and Directors and review its implementation and compliance; considering and recommending grant of employees stock options, if any, as well as administration and superintendence of the same; consider extension or continuance of the term of appointment of Independent Director.

B) MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE

During the year 3 meetings of the Committee were held. The requisite quorum was present at all the meetings of the Committee. The dates of meetings held during the year and attendance of the Committee members thereat are as under:

Name & Category	Meetings		
	May 25, 2025	August 01, 2025	January 27, 2026
Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi Chairperson – Independent Director	√	-	-
Shri Farangi Lal Kansal Member - Independent Director	√	√	√
Shri Mahesh Agarwal Member - Independent Director	√	√	√

Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi, Chairperson of the Committee attended the last AGM of the Company held on September 30, 2025.

C) PERFORMANCE EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Company has in place the Board approved criteria for evaluation of performance of individual Directors including Independent Directors. The process of performance evaluation is based on the evaluation forms, which include a rating mechanism. The criteria for annual performance evaluation of Independent Directors amongst others include their attendance and contribution at the meetings, devotion of time and effort to understand the Company, its business, their duties and responsibilities, impact and influence on the Board / Committees and adherence to the Code of Conduct etc. The performance of Independent Directors is evaluated by Nomination and Remuneration Committee as well as the Board on the basis of evaluation forms received from all the Directors except the Director being evaluated.

Independent Director. Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi, Independent Director is the Chairperson of the Committee. The composition of the Committee and its terms of reference are in compliance with the Act and LODR Regulations.

The terms of reference of the Committee, inter-alia, includes considering and resolving the grievances of security holders of the Company; review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders; evaluating performance of the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent; review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the Company for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants / annual reports / statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company.

B) MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE

During the year 2 meetings of the Committee were held. The requisite quorum was present at both the meetings of the Committee. The dates of meetings held during the year and attendance of the Committee members thereat are as under:

III) STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE**A) COMPOSITION AND TERMS OF REFERENCE**

As on March 31, 2026, Stakeholders Relationship Committee comprised of 3 Directors including 1



Name & Category	Meetings	
	May 25, 2025	November 11, 2025
Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi Chairperson – Independent Director	√	√
Shri Balram Garg Member - Managing Director	√	√
Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma Member - Executive Director	√	√

Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi, Chairperson of the Committee attended the last AGM of the Company held on September 30, 2025.

C) COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Shri Vijay Panwar, Company Secretary of the Company is the Compliance Officer.

D) DETAILS OF SHAREHOLDERS' COMPLAINTS RECEIVED AND RESOLVED

Complaints pending as on April 1, 2025	Received during the year 2025-26	Resolved during the year 2025-26	Complaints pending as on March 31, 2026
0	3	3	0

The Company has designated an e-mail id viz. investors@pcjeweller.com for the redressal of shareholders' complaints / grievances.

IV) RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

A) COMPOSITION AND TERMS OF REFERENCE

As on March 31, 2026, Risk Management Committee comprised of 3 Directors including 1 Independent Director. Shri Balram Garg, Managing Director is the Chairman of the Committee. The composition of the Committee and its terms of reference are in compliance with LODR Regulations.

The terms of reference of the Committee, inter-alia, includes to formulate, monitor and review Risk Management Policy; monitor and evaluate risks and review of appointment / removal and terms of remuneration of Chief Risk Officer etc.

B) MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE

During the year 2 meetings of the Committee were held. The requisite quorum was present at both the meetings of the Committee. The dates of meetings held during the year and attendance of the Committee members thereat are as under:

Name & Category	Meetings	
	May 25, 2025	December 19, 2025
Shri Balram Garg Chairman - Managing Director	√	√
Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma Member - Executive Director	√	√
Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi Member - Independent Director	√	-

V) CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

A) COMPOSITION AND TERMS OF REFERENCE

As on March 31, 2026, Corporate Social Responsibility Committee comprised of 3 Directors including 1 Independent Director. Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma, Executive Director is the Chairman of the Committee. The composition of the Committee and its terms of reference are in compliance with the Act.

The terms of reference of the Committee, inter-alia, includes to formulate and recommend to the Board, a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy, which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013; to recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on CSR activities and to monitor the implementation of the projects, programs and activities undertaken by the Company thereunder from time to time.

B) MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE

During the year 1 meeting of the Committee was held. The requisite quorum was present at the meeting of the Committee. The date of meeting held during the year and attendance of the Committee members thereat are as under:

Name & Category	Meeting
	August 01, 2025
Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma Chairman - Executive Director	√

Name & Category	Meeting August 01, 2025
Shri Balram Garg Member - Managing Director	√
Smt. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi Member - Independent Director	-

aggregate; to open / shift / close etc. showrooms / factories etc. and do other necessary and ancillary acts relevant thereto; to apply for various registrations, licenses, approvals etc.; to deal in the commodity, purchase raw materials, open bullion account etc.; to approve taking on lease, hire or purchase any movable or immovable property and also to approve cancellation of lease etc.; to enter in to contracts / agreement(s) / memorandum of understanding(s) and authorise persons to sign & execute contracts, deeds, bonds, etc.; to file, contest, defend, withdraw or compromise complaints, suits, appeals, etc.; and carry out any other functions as the Board may decide from time to time.

VI) MANAGEMENT & FINANCE COMMITTEE

A) COMPOSITION AND TERMS OF REFERENCE

As on March 31, 2026, Management & Finance Committee comprised of 3 Executive Directors. Shri Balram Garg, Managing Director is the Chairman of the Committee.

The terms of reference of the Committee, inter-alia, includes to avail financial / banking facilities; to open, decide the mode of operation and close the Bank accounts of the Company; to invest the Company's owned / surplus funds not exceeding ₹ 50 crore, in

B) MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE

During the year 4 meetings of the Committee were held. The requisite quorum was present at all the meetings of the Committee. The dates of meetings held during the year and attendance of the Committee members thereat are as under:

Name & Category	Meetings			
	April 30, 2025	August 13, 2025	September 18, 2025	February 23, 2026
Shri Balram Garg Chairman - Managing Director	√	√	√	√
Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma Member - Executive Director	√	√	√	-
Shri Vishan Deo Member - Executive Director	√	√	√	√

INFORMATION ON GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

I) DETAILS OF DATE, TIME AND VENUE OF LAST THREE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS AND SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS PASSED THEREIN

Year	Date & Time	Venue	Special Resolution(s) passed
2024-25	September 30, 2025 at 11:00 A.M.	Through Video Conferencing / Other Audio Visual Means	None
2023-24	September 30, 2024 at 11:00 A.M.	Through Video Conferencing / Other Audio Visual Means	None
2022-23	September 30, 2023 at 11:00 A.M.	Through Video Conferencing / Other Audio Visual Means	None

II) POSTAL BALLOT

A) Postal Ballot Notice dated July 10, 2025: The following 2 special resolutions were passed by the Company on August 10, 2025 through Postal Ballot Notice dated July 10, 2025:

- Issuance of up to 9,72,22,222 Fully Convertible Warrants by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis to Shri Balram Garg; and
- Issuance of up to 18,05,55,555 equity shares by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis to Capital Ventures Private Limited.



In compliance with relevant Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') and Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') Circulars, Postal Ballot Notice was sent only by electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail address was registered with Depository Participants / Company / Registrar & Transfer Agent and whose names appeared in Register of Members / List of Beneficial Owners as received from National Securities Depository Limited / Central Depository Services (India) Limited as on the Cut-off date i.e. Friday, July 04, 2025.

The Company engaged the services of KFin Technologies Limited as the Agency to provide e-voting facility to its

Members. The e-voting facility was available from 9:00 A.M. on July 12, 2025 to 5:00 P.M. on August 10, 2025. The communication of assent / dissent of Members had taken place only through e-voting facility. Shri Randhir Singh Sharma, Practicing Company Secretary was appointed as the Scrutinizer for conducting Postal Ballot process in a fair and transparent manner. The result of Postal Ballot was announced on August 12, 2025 and the details of voting results in respect of the resolutions passed are as under:

- i) Issuance of up to 9,72,22,222 Fully Convertible Warrants by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis to Shri Balram Garg

Category	No. of votes polled	No. of votes - in favour	No. of votes - against	% of votes in favour on votes polled	% of votes against on votes polled
Promoter and Promoter Group	253,80,00,960	253,80,00,960	0	100.0000	0.0000
Public – Institutions	9,26,88,900	8,57,24,312	69,64,588	92.4861	7.5139
Public – Non Institutions	1,52,31,373	1,48,55,485	3,75,888	97.5321	2.4679
Total	264,59,21,233	263,85,80,757	73,40,476	99.7226	0.2774

- ii) Issuance of up to 18,05,55,555 equity shares by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis to Capital Ventures Private Limited

Category	No. of votes polled	No. of votes - in favour	No. of votes - against	% of votes in favour on votes polled	% of votes against on votes polled
Promoter and Promoter Group	253,80,00,960	253,80,00,960	-	100.0000	0.0000
Public – Institutions	9,26,88,900	8,57,24,312	69,64,588	92.4861	7.5139
Public – Non Institutions	1,52,26,696	1,48,69,659	3,57,037	97.6552	2.3448
Total	264,59,16,556	263,85,94,931	73,21,625	99.7233	0.2767

- B) Postal Ballot Notice dated July 16, 2026:** The following special resolution is proposed for approval of Members through Postal Ballot Notice dated July 16, 2026:

- i) Raising of funds up to an aggregate amount not exceeding ₹ 1,000 crore, in one or more tranches, through Qualified Institutions Placement.

In compliance with relevant MCA Circulars, Postal Ballot Notice was sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail address was registered with Depository Participants / Company / Registrar & Transfer Agent and whose names appeared in Register of Members / List of Beneficial Owners as received from National Securities Depository Limited / Central Depository Services (India) Limited as on the Cut-off date i.e. Friday, July 10, 2026.

The Company engaged the services of KFin Technologies Limited as the Agency to provide e-voting facility to its

Members. The e-voting facility is available from 9:00 A.M. on July 25, 2026 to 5:00 P.M. on August 23, 2026. The communication of assent / dissent of Members is allowed only through e-voting facility. Shri Ramit Rastogi, Practicing Company Secretary is appointed as the Scrutinizer for conducting Postal Ballot process in a fair and transparent manner. The result of Postal Ballot will be announced within 2 working days of conclusion of e-voting.

The Company had complied with the procedure for Postal Ballot in terms of Section 108 and Section 110 of the Act read with Rules 20 and 22 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 in relation to the above mentioned Postal Ballots.

No special resolution is proposed to be conducted through Postal Ballot on or before the 21st AGM of the Company except as proposed through Postal Ballot Notice dated July 16, 2026.

SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

As on March 31, 2026, the Company had following subsidiaries:

1. Luxury Products Trendsetter : Wholly Owned Subsidiary Private Limited
2. PC Jeweller Global FZCO* : Wholly Owned Subsidiary
3. PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited : Subsidiary
4. PCJ Mining SARL : Step Down Subsidiary

*Formerly known as PC Jeweller Global DMCC

None of the aforesaid is a material subsidiary as defined under LODR Regulations. All the subsidiaries are managed by their respective Board of Directors / management in the best interest of the stakeholders. The requirements of LODR Regulations with regard to subsidiary companies have been complied with to the extent applicable.

The Board has formulated a Policy on Material Subsidiaries, which is available on the Company's website and can be accessed through the link <https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/investors/corporate-governance/fy-20/Policy-on-Material-Subsidiary.pdf>

MD / CFO CERTIFICATION

In terms of Regulation 17(8) of LODR Regulations, a Certificate by Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 was placed before the Board and the same is annexed as 'Annexure – 2' to this report.

CERTIFICATE REGARDING NON-DEBARMENT OF THE DIRECTORS

None of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of the companies by SEBI / MCA or any such statutory authority and a certificate to this effect by M/s RS Sharma & Associates, Company Secretaries is annexed as 'Annexure – 3' to this report.

DISCLOSURES

I) MATERIALLY SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company had not entered into any related parties transactions, which could be considered as material in accordance with the Company's Policy on Materiality of and Dealing with Related Party Transactions. The details of related party transactions have been disclosed in Note 35 of the standalone financial statements. These transactions did not have any potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. The Policy on Materiality of and Dealing with Related Party Transactions is available on the Company's website and can be accessed through the link <https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/investors/corporate-governance/fy-20/Policy-on-Materiality-of-and-dealing-with-Related-Party-Transactions-1.pdf>

II) ACCOUNTING TREATMENT

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles applicable in India including Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the rules made thereunder. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and the accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year.

III) DISCLOSURE ON NON-ACCEPTANCE OF ANY RECOMMENDATION OF ANY COMMITTEE BY THE BOARD, WHICH IS MANDATORILY REQUIRED

There was no such instance during the year under review when the Board of the Company had not accepted any recommendation of any Committee of the Board.

IV) DETAILS OF NON-COMPLIANCE, PENALTIES ETC. REGARDING MATTERS RELATED TO CAPITAL MARKET

The details of non-compliance, fines, penalties etc. imposed by the stock exchanges, SEBI or any other statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years are as under:

- i) BSE Limited ('BSE') and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ('NSE') had imposed fines of ₹ 11,800/- (including GST) each during FY 2025-26 for non-compliance with the provisions of Regulation 44(3) of LODR Regulations.
- ii) BSE and NSE had imposed fines of ₹ 2,17,120/- (including GST) each during FY 2024-25 for non-compliance with the provisions of Regulations 17(1) and (1A) of LODR Regulations.
- iii) BSE and NSE had imposed fines of ₹ 11,800/- (including GST) each during FY 2024-25 for non-compliance with the provisions of Regulation 44(3) of LODR Regulations.
- iv) BSE and NSE had imposed fines of ₹ 23,600/- (including GST) and ₹ 47,200/- (including GST) respectively during FY 2024-25 for non-compliance with the provisions of SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/00094 dated June 21, 2023.

The Company had paid all the aforementioned fines at (i) to (iv) to BSE and NSE within the respective prescribed timelines.

SEBI issued a Show Cause Notice dated February 29, 2024, to the Company regarding alleged non-disclosures or delayed disclosures of certain events during FY 2023-24 under Regulations 4, 30 and Part A of Schedule III of LODR Regulations and the SEBI Circular dated November 21, 2019. Although the Company disclosed the relevant information in its quarterly results as well as results presentations but to



settle the matter amicably for the alleged non-compliances, the Company submitted a settlement application with the SEBI under the SEBI (Settlement Proceedings) Regulations, 2018 and subsequently also filed relevant disclosures to the exchanges. After the Company paid the settlement amount of ₹ 7,22,93,110/-, SEBI passed a Settlement Order in this matter on January 24, 2025, concluding the matter.

V) WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The vigil mechanism as envisaged in the Act and LODR Regulations is implemented by the Company by means of a Whistle Blower Policy. The Policy provides a mechanism for the Directors and employees of the Company to report about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct and leak of unpublished price sensitive information etc. and provides reassurance that they will be protected from reprisals or victimization for whistle blowing. No personnel of the Company had been denied access to Audit Committee.

During the year under review, the Company had not received any complaint under Whistle Blower Policy and no complaint was pending as on March 31, 2026. The Policy is available on the Company's website and can be accessed through the link <https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/investors/corporate-governance/fy-20/Whistle-Blower-Policy.pdf>

VI) DETAILS OF COMPLIANCE WITH MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS AND ADOPTION OF NON-MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS

The Company complied with the mandatory requirements of corporate governance stipulated in Regulations 17 to

ii) Exposure of the Company to various commodities:

Commodity Name	Exposure towards the particular commodity (₹ in crore)	Exposure in quantity terms towards the particular commodity (Kg)	% of such exposure hedged through commodity derivatives			
			Domestic Market		Export Market	
			OTC	Exchange	OTC	Exchange
Gold	3,094.73	4,388.36	-	-	-	-
Silver	18.39	1,273.27	-	-	-	-

iii) Commodity risk faced by the Company during the year and how they have been managed: The Company is subject to commodity price risk resulting from volatility in gold and silver prices. The Company's exposure to commodities has been calculated at FIFO basis whereas the current market price of gold and silver are considerably higher than the same. Hence, the Company's commodity risk exposure is mitigated almost completely. The Company also manages the same through purchase of old jewellery from the customers.

27, Clauses (b) to (i) and (t) of Regulation 46(2) of LODR Regulations during the year under review. The certificate from Practicing Company Secretary regarding compliance with the conditions of corporate governance is annexed with the Directors' Report.

The extent to which the non-mandatory requirements have been adopted by the Company are as under:

i) Modified opinion(s) in audit report: Although the Company's financial statements for the year under review are with modified audit opinion but the Statutory Auditors' qualification, reservation etc. have decreased as compared to previous years and the Company is committed to move towards a regime of financial statements with unmodified audit opinion.

ii) Reporting by internal auditor: Internal auditor of the Company periodically reports to Managing Director and also has direct access to Audit Committee.

VII) NON-COMPLIANCE OF ANY REQUIREMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

There have been no instances of non-compliance of any requirement of Corporate Governance Report as prescribed under LODR Regulations.

VIII) COMMODITY PRICE RISKS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

The disclosure regarding commodity price risks and their mitigating measures are as under:

i) Total exposure of the Company to commodities: ₹ 3,113.12 crore (Gold and Silver)

IX) PROHIBITION OF INSIDER TRADING

In compliance with the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 the Company had adopted 'Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information' to ensure fair and adequate disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information and 'Code of Conduct to Regulate, Monitor and Report Trading by Designated Persons' to regulate, monitor and report trading by the Designated Persons and their immediate

relatives and preserving the confidentiality and preventing the misuse of any UPSI.

X) LOANS AND ADVANCES

The details of loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms / companies in which Directors are interested have been disclosed in Note 35 of the standalone financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2026.

The subsidiaries of the Company have not granted any loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms / companies in which Directors are interested.

XI) DISCLOSURE IN RELATION TO THE SEXUAL HARRASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company is committed to creating a safe and healthy work environment, where every employee is treated with respect and can work without fear of discrimination, prejudice, gender bias or any form of harassment at the workplace. The Company has zero tolerance for sexual harassment of women at workplace. During the year under review, it had not received any complaint on sexual harassment and no complaint was pending as on March 31, 2026.

XII) FEE PAID TO STATUTORY AUDITOR

Total fee (including re-imbursement of expenses) paid by the Company and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis to Statutory Auditor and all entities in the network firm / network entity of which Statutory Auditor is a part, for the financial year 2025-26 was ₹ 0.34 crore.

The details of utilisation of funds raised through this preferential issue till March 31, 2026 are as under:

Particulars	Objects			
	Repayment of Banker's Outstanding Debts	Working Capital Requirement	General Corporate Purposes	Issue Related Expenses
Original allocation	2,025.00	529.69	150.00	0.45
Modified allocation, if any	2,022.73	529.10	149.83	0.45
Funds utilized	1,310.47	529.10	149.83	0.45
Amount of deviation / variation	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Notes:

- Modification in allocated amount is due to under subscription of preferential issue of Warrants.
- As on March 31, 2026, ₹ 75.33 crore remained unutilized in Monitoring Account.

ii) Preferential issue of 9,72,22,222 Warrants and 18,05,55,555 equity shares during FY 2025-26:

Pursuant to the approval of Members by Postal Ballot on August 10, 2025 and the In-Principle Approvals of BSE and NSE dated September 09, 2025, the Company

XIII) DETAILS OF UTILIZATION OF FUNDS RAISED THROUGH PREFERENTIAL ALLOTMENT OR QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONS PLACEMENT

The details of utilisation of funds raised through preferential issues are as under:

- Preferential issue of 48,08,02,500 Fully Convertible Warrants ('Warrants') during FY 2024-25:** Pursuant to the approval of Members in the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on August 08, 2024 and the In-Principle Approvals of BSE and NSE dated September 27, 2024, the Company allotted a total of 48,08,02,500 Warrants in two tranches (11,50,00,000 Warrants on September 30, 2024 and 36,58,02,500 Warrants on October 11, 2024) by way of preferential allotments on private placement basis, at an issue price of ₹ 56.20 per Warrant, to the persons belonging to the Promoter Group and Non-Promoter, Public Category on receipt of 25% of the issue price per Warrant. During the year ended March 31, 2025, the Company raised total ₹ 1,174.64 crore through allotment of above said Warrants and subsequent conversion of 11,84,13,052 Warrants into equity shares.

During the year under review, the Company further allotted total 211,27,63,520 (adjusted number pursuant to sub-division / split of face value of equity shares from ₹ 10/- each to ₹ 1/- each) equity shares in thirteen tranches upon conversion of 21,12,76,352 Warrants on receipt of balance 75% of the issue price per Warrant aggregating to ₹ 890.53 crore. 3,00,00,000 Warrants lapsed upon expiry of their tenure and the amount received for their allotment stands forfeited by the Company in terms of the SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018.

allotted 9,72,22,222 Warrants, at an issue price of ₹ 18/- per Warrant, to the Promoter on receipt of 25% of the issue price per Warrant and 18,05,55,555 equity shares, at an issue price of ₹ 18/- per share, to an entity belonging to the Non-Promoter, Public Category, by way



of preferential allotments on private placement basis, on September 18, 2025. During the year under review, the Company raised total ₹ 368.75 crore through allotments of above said Warrants and equity shares.

The details of utilisation of funds raised through these preferential issues till March 31, 2026 are as under:

Particulars	Objects		
	Repayment of banker's outstanding debts including interest thereon	Working Capital Requirement	Issue Related Expenses
Original allocation	434.27	65.33	0.40
Modified allocation, if any	NA	NA	NA
Funds utilized	303.52	65.22	0.00
Amount of deviation / variation	Nil	Nil	Nil

(₹ in crore)

Note: As on March 31, 2026, ₹ 0.01 crore remained unutilized in Monitoring Account.

XIV) PARTICULARS OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT

As on March 31, 2026, the following employees form part of senior management of the Company:

Name	Designation
Shri Raja Ram Sugla	President (Accounts & Taxation)
Shri Kuldeep Singh	President (Accounts & Audit)
Shri Vijay Panwar	Company Secretary
Shri Ram Avtar Yadav	AVP (Human Resource)
Shri Rahul Jain	AVP (Media)
Shri Vivek Jain*	Chief Information Officer

* Appointed with effect from February 01, 2026.

During the year under review, Smt. Sheiba Anand, President (Retail Operations) ceased to be part of senior management of the Company w.e.f. January 28, 2026 due to resignation.

XV) DISCLOSURE OF AGREEMENTS IMPACTING MANAGEMENT OR CONTROL

No such agreements were entered into during the year, which will impact the management or control of the Company or impose any restriction or create any liability upon the Company. Hence, no disclosure under Clause 5A of Paragraph A of Part A of Schedule III of LODR Regulations was required.

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

The financial results of the Company are submitted with BSE and NSE electronically through BSE Listing Centre and NEAPS portals respectively. The financials results are also available on the Company's website www.pcjeweller.com and are published in the leading newspapers generally Financial Express (English) and Jansatta (Hindi).

Annual Reports, notices of the meetings and other communications are sent to Members of the Company through permitted modes. Management presentations on quarterly

results, quarterly shareholding patterns, Annual Reports and other important information submitted by the Company with BSE and NSE from time to time are also displayed on the Company's website under Investors section.

GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

I) ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Day & Date : Wednesday, September 30, 2026

Time : 11:00 A.M.

Venue : Meeting will be held through Video Conferencing ('VC') / Other Audio Visual Means ('OAVM') facility.

(Deemed Venue - Registered Office: PC Jeweller Limited, 2713, 3rd Floor, Bank Street, Karol Bagh, New Delhi-110005)

II) FINANCIAL YEAR

1st April to 31st March

III) DIVIDEND PAYMENT DATE

The Board of the Company has not recommended any dividend for the year.

IV) LISTING ON STOCK EXCHANGES & LISTING FEE PAYMENT

The Company's equity shares are listed on the following stock exchanges:

1. BSE Limited

Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400001

2. National Stock Exchange of India Limited

Exchange Plaza, C - 1, Block G, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai - 400051

The Company has already paid annual listing fee for the financial year 2026-27 to both the exchanges.

V) REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT

KFin Technologies Limited

Selenium Tower B, Plot No. 31 - 32, Financial District,

Nanakramguda, Serilingampally Mandal, Hyderabad - 500032 (Telangana)

Toll Free No.: 1800-309-4001, E-mail: einward.ris@kfintech.com

VI) SHARE TRANSFER SYSTEM

In terms of Regulation 40(1) of LODR Regulations, the transfer, transmission and transposition of securities shall be effected only in dematerialised form. In view of the same and to eliminate the risks associated with physical shares, Members are advised to dematerialize shares held by them in physical form. Transfer of shares in dematerialized form is done only through the Depositories without any involvement of the Company.

Pursuant to SEBI Circular dated January 25, 2022, the listed companies shall issue the securities in dematerialized form only, for processing any service requests from shareholders i.e. issue of duplicate share certificates, endorsement, transmission, transposition, etc. After processing the service request, a letter of confirmation will be issued to the shareholders and shall be valid for a period of 120 days, within which the shareholder shall make a request to the Depository Participant for dematerializing those shares. If the shareholders fail to submit the dematerialisation request within 120 days, then the Company shall credit those shares in the Suspense Escrow Demat account held by the Company. Shareholders can claim the shares transferred to Suspense Escrow Demat account by submission of necessary documents.

During the year under review, SEBI vide its Circular dated January 30, 2026 has removed the requirement of issuance of letter of confirmation and provided for effecting direct credit of securities in the demat account of the investor after necessary due diligence by the RTA / listed companies.

VII) TRANSFER OF UNPAID OR UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND AND EQUITY SHARES TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND ('IEPF')

During the year under review, the Company had transferred unpaid of unclaimed dividend for the financial year 2017-18 amounting to ₹ 4,85,952/- to IEPF as per Section 125 of the Act and 17,19,303 equity shares were also transferred to IEPF as per Section 124 of the Act read with IEPF Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ('IEPF Rules').

The Company pursuant to the 'Saksham Niveshak' campaign under the aegis of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs had undertaken various measures during the year under review including website notification, sending reminders, newspaper advertisement etc. requesting them to claim their unclaimed dividend, update KYC, bank mandate etc. before transfer of unclaimed dividend for the financial year 2017-18 to IEPF.

Those Members, whose unclaimed dividends and / or shares have been transferred to IEPF, are advised to claim the same by making an application to IEPF Authority in e-Form IEPF-5 along with the requisite documents. After filing e-Form IEPF-5, Members must submit the duly signed / attested documents along with e-Form IEPF-5 to the Company. After verification, the Company will submit the e-Verification Report to the IEPF Authority for further processing. No claim shall lie against the Company in respect of unclaimed dividends and shares transferred to IEPF.

The Company has appointed Nodal and Deputy Nodal Officers under the provisions of IEPF Rules and their details are available on the Company's website under Contact Details in 'Investors' section.

As on March 31, 2026, the Company has transferred all the unpaid or unclaimed dividends to IEPF and no further dividend is due for transfer to IEPF.

VIII) DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDING

The distribution of shareholding of the Company as on March 31, 2026 is as under:

Number of Shares	Shareholders		Equity Shares	
	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total
1 - 500	5,46,177	65.56	6,41,40,561	0.74
501 - 1,000	94,814	11.38	7,83,83,491	0.91
1,001 - 2,000	71,877	8.63	11,00,31,573	1.27
2,001 - 3,000	30,776	3.69	7,88,17,497	0.91
3,001 - 4,000	16,790	2.02	6,01,61,923	0.70
4,001 - 5,000	15,260	1.83	7,21,26,307	0.83



Number of Shares	Shareholders		Equity Shares	
	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total
5,001 – 10,000	28,216	3.39	21,07,71,596	2.44
10,001 – 20,000	14,696	1.76	21,17,22,159	2.45
20,001 & above	14,519	1.74	776,24,48,068	89.75
Total	8,33,125	100.00	864,86,03,175	100.00

Note: The shareholder count differs from regulatory stock exchange filings due to exclusion of Warrant holders, not holding shares of the Company.

IX) SHAREHOLDING PATTERN

The shareholding pattern of the Company as on March 31, 2026 is as under:

Category of Shareholders	Number of equity shares	% of shareholding
A) Promoter & Promoter Group:		
Individuals & HUF	302,20,14,960	34.94
Body Corporate	50,00,00,000	5.78
Total Promoter & Promoter Group Shareholding (A)	352,20,14,960	40.72
B) Public Shareholding:		
1) Institutions		
Mutual Funds	1,20,12,784	0.14
Foreign Portfolio Investors	89,90,51,838	10.40
Insurance Companies	6,75,16,620	0.78
Banks	38,91,92,534	4.50
Alternative Investment Fund	10,000	0.00*
NBFC	3,62,000	0.00*
Sub-Total B(1)	136,81,45,776	15.82
2) Non-Institutions		
Resident Individuals	260,64,11,276	30.13
Bodies Corporate	93,54,41,837	10.82
HUF	15,58,91,234	1.80
Non Resident Indians	5,46,57,108	0.63
Clearing Members	3,620	0.00*
Key Managerial Personnel	5,46,960	0.01
Directors	13,89,000	0.02
IEPF	18,35,763	0.02
Relatives of Promoters	19,630	0.00*
Trusts	22,44,011	0.03
Foreign Nationals	2,000	0.00*
Sub-Total B(2)	375,84,42,439	43.46
Total Public Shareholding B = B(1)+B(2)	512,65,88,215	59.28
Grand Total (A+B)	864,86,03,175	100.00

* Rounded off to two decimal places.

X) DEMATERIALIZATION OF SHARES AND LIQUIDITY

The equity shares of the Company are traded in dematerialized form and are available for trading on both the depositories i.e. National Securities Depository Limited and Central Depository Services (India) Limited.

As on March 31, 2026, the Company's paid-up equity share capital consisted of 864,86,03,175 equity shares. Of these, 790,95,11,115 shares were held in demat form and 2,340 shares in physical form. The remaining 73,90,89,720 shares, allotted upon the conversion of Fully Convertible Warrants during the year under review, were pending credit to the respective allottees' demat accounts. The corporate action to credit these shares was executed after the year-end, following the receipt of necessary listing approvals after March 31, 2026.

The details of equity shares held in dematerialized form as on March 31, 2026, are as under:

Name of the Depository	Number of Equity Shares	% of Shareholding
National Securities Depository Limited	238,13,08,695	27.53
Central Depository Services (India) Limited	552,82,02,420	63.92

XI) OUTSTANDING GDRS / ADRS / WARRANTS OR ANY CONVERTIBLE INSTRUMENTS, CONVERSION DATE AND LIKELY IMPACT ON EQUITY

i) **FY 2024-25 Warrant Issuance and Status:** The Company allotted 11,50,00,000 Fully Convertible Warrants ('Warrants') on September 30, 2024 and 36,58,02,500 Warrants on October 11, 2024 to the entities belonging to Promoter Group & Non-Promoter, Public Category, after receipt of 25% of the issue price of ₹ 56.20 per Warrant. Each Warrant entitled them to apply for and obtain allotment of 1 equity share having face value ₹ 10/- each (prior to sub-division / split of face value of equity shares) and 10 equity shares having face value ₹ 1/- each (post sub-division / split of face value of equity shares), on or before the expiry of 18 months from the date of their allotment.

As on March 31, 2026, a total of 32,96,89,404 Warrants converted in to equity shares, 3,00,00,000 Warrants lapsed upon expiry of their tenure and 12,11,13,096 Warrants were outstanding. After end of the year under review, 10,61,93,168 Warrants converted in to equity

shares and remaining 1,49,19,928 Warrants lapsed upon expiry of their tenure.

ii) **FY 2025-26 Warrant Issuance and Status:** The Company allotted 9,72,22,222 Warrants on September 18, 2025 to Shri Balram Garg, Promoter & Managing Director of the Company, after receipt of 25% of the issue price of ₹ 18/- per Warrant. Each Warrant entitle him to apply for and obtain allotment of 1 equity share having face value ₹ 1/- each, on or before the expiry of 18 months from the date of their allotment.

As on March 31, 2026, 9,72,22,222 Warrants were outstanding. After end of the year under review, 4,16,00,000 Warrants converted in to equity shares and 5,56,22,222 Warrants are outstanding as on the date of this report. Assuming full conversion of outstanding Warrants into equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- each, paid-up share capital of the Company will increase further by 5,56,22,222 equity shares.

Except the Warrants as above, no GDRs / ADRs or any convertible instruments were outstanding as on March 31, 2026.

XII) CREDIT RATINGS

The Company had not mandated for any credit ratings during the year under review.

XIII) PLANT LOCATIONS

The Company's manufacturing units are located in Uttar Pradesh (India) at the following locations:

- i) Plot No. 65, Noida Special Economic Zone, Noida
- ii) 142A/3, Noida Special Economic Zone, Noida
- iii) First Floor, Plot No. 65, Noida Special Economic Zone, Noida
- iv) J - 59, Sector - 63, Noida

XIV) ADDRESS AND CONTACT DETAILS FOR CORRESPONDENCE

PC Jeweller Limited

Regd. Office: 2713, 3rd Floor, Bank Street, Karol Bagh, New Delhi - 110005, India

Tel.: 011 - 49714971, E-mail: investors@pcjeweller.com,

Website: www.pcjeweller.com

**Annexure – 1****DECLARATION BY MANAGING DIRECTOR**

[Under Para D of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

To,
The Board of Directors,
PC Jeweller Limited
2713, 3rd Floor, Bank Street,
Karol Bagh, New Delhi – 110005

I, Balram Garg, Managing Director of the Company hereby confirm that all members of the Board of Directors and Senior Management of the Company have affirmed compliance with '**Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management**' for the financial year ended March 31, 2026.

For **PC Jeweller Limited**

Place: New Delhi
Date: May 11, 2026

Sd/-
(BALRAM GARG)
Managing Director
DIN: 00032083

Annexure – 2

MD / CFO CERTIFICATE

To,
The Board of Directors,
PC Jeweller Limited
2713, 3rd Floor, Bank Street,
Karol Bagh, New Delhi – 110005

Sub.: Compliance certificate pursuant to Regulation 17(8) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

We, Balram Garg, Managing Director and Vishan Deo, Executive Director (Finance) & Chief Financial Officer of PC Jeweller Limited ('the Company'), hereby certify that:

- a) We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2026 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - i) these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - ii) these statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- b) There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.
- c) We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps taken or proposed to be taken to rectify these deficiencies.
- d) We have indicated to the auditors and Audit committee:
 - i) significant changes, if any, in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - ii) significant changes, if any, in accounting policies during the year and the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - iii) instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

For **PC Jeweller Limited**

Place: New Delhi
Date: May 27, 2026

Sd/-
(VISHAN DEO)
Executive Director (Finance) & CFO
DIN: 07634994

Sd/-
(BALRAM GARG)
Managing Director
DIN: 00032083



Annexure – 3

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF THE DIRECTORS

[Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C Clause 10(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

To,
The Members
PC Jeweller Limited
CIN – L36911DL2005PLC134929
2713, 3rd Floor, Bank Street,
Karol Bagh, New Delhi – 110005

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of PC Jeweller Limited having its registered office at 2713, 3rd Floor, Bank Street, Karol Bagh, New Delhi - 110005 (hereinafter referred to as 'the **Company**'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para C Clause 10(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications [including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in] as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company and its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as mentioned below as on 31st March, 2026 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other statutory authority:

S. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Initial date of appointment
1	Shri Balram Garg	00032083	13/04/2005
2	Shri Ramesh Kumar Sharma	01980542	07/02/2014
3	Smt. Sannovanda Swathi Machaiah	06952954	19/01/2018
4	Shri Vishan Deo	07634994	30/09/2024
5	Shri Farangi Lal Kansal	10782936	30/09/2024
6	Shri Mahesh Agarwal	00086304	30/09/2024

Ensuring the eligibility of the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For **R S Sharma & Associates**
Company Secretaries

Place: Delhi
Date: 22nd June, 2026

Sd/-
(RANDHIR SINGH SHARMA)
Proprietor
Mem. No.: FCS2062, CP No.: 3872
Peer Review No.: 5023/2023
UDIN: F002062H000668585

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

The gems and jewellery industry forms an integral part of India's cultural and economic landscape, supported by the country's longstanding affinity for gold, large consumer base and established capabilities across jewellery designing, manufacturing, processing and retailing. The industry encompasses a diverse range of products, including gold, diamond and studded jewellery, silver, platinum, coloured gemstones, traditional jewellery and lab-grown diamonds. India also occupies an important position in the global gems and jewellery value chain, particularly in diamond processing and jewellery manufacturing.

Jewellery demand in India is deeply linked to weddings, festivals and other milestone occasions. Rising disposable incomes, urbanisation, evolving lifestyles and increasing consumer preference for branded and certified products have contributed to the development of the organised jewellery market. Consumers are also increasingly seeking contemporary, lightweight and versatile designs suitable for wedding, occasion and everyday wear.

Gold-price volatility often shapes consumer purchasing patterns, encouraging demand for lightweight, lower-grammage and value-conscious jewellery. Consumers increasingly seek products that balance design, utility and affordability, driving the growth of contemporary, lightweight and everyday-wear collections alongside traditional and wedding jewellery. Gold bars and coins also continue to attract investment-oriented consumers seeking wealth preservation.

The shift towards organised and branded jewellery retailing continues to gain momentum, supported by greater consumer awareness of purity, certification, transparent pricing and reliable exchange policies. Authenticity, quality assurance, traceability and consistent service standards have become increasingly important purchase considerations, strengthening the position of established brands and compliant retailers.

The global gems and jewellery industry continues to evolve in response to changing consumer preferences, precious-metal price movements and evolving retail formats. Demand is increasingly driven by lightweight and design-led products, value-added offerings, personalisation and responsible sourcing, while jewellery continues to retain its significance as a symbol of adornment, self-expression and long-term value preservation.

Technology is playing an increasingly important role across the jewellery value chain. Advancements in computer-aided design and manufacturing, digital marketing, virtual try-ons, omnichannel retailing and data-driven consumer engagement

are enhancing customer experience, supporting product innovation and enabling greater customisation.

Government initiatives continue to support the development, transparency and global competitiveness of the gems and jewellery sector. Measures such as the expansion of mandatory hallmarking, strengthening of quality and certification standards, digitalisation of trade-related processes, promotion of exports and facilitation of ease of doing business are contributing to greater consumer confidence and industry formalisation.

Policy support for skill development and entrepreneurship is also gaining momentum, as reflected in initiatives such as the Chief Minister Yuva Udyami Vikas Abhiyan ('**CM YUVA**') of the Government of Uttar Pradesh and the National Entrepreneurs Empowerment Drive ('**NEED**') of the National Skill Development Corporation ('**NSDC**'), which aim to promote franchise-led entrepreneurship, employment generation and the development of a skilled entrepreneurial ecosystem within the gems and jewellery sector. Collectively, these initiatives are expected to strengthen the industry's long-term growth prospects and reinforce India's position as a major global jewellery manufacturing and export hub.

Overall, the Indian gems and jewellery sector continues to benefit from strong cultural affinity, evolving consumer preferences and increasing formalisation. Growing demand for branded, certified and design-led jewellery, supported by digital adoption, technological advancements and favourable government initiatives, is strengthening the sector's competitiveness and long-term growth prospects in both domestic and international markets.

INDUSTRY DATA

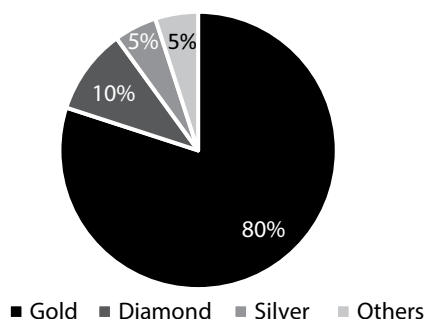
The global gems and jewellery industry operated in a challenging environment during 2025-26, largely influenced by elevated gold prices and changing consumer purchasing patterns. While global gold jewellery consumption declined to a five-year low of 1,542 tonnes during 2025, the value of jewellery demand increased by 18% to a record US\$172 billion as higher gold prices offset lower volumes. This divergence between value and volume was evident across major gold-consuming markets.

Despite near-term volatility, the long-term outlook for the industry remains favourable. The global gems and jewellery market was estimated at approximately US\$254 billion in 2025, having grown at a CAGR of around 5.50% between 2020 and 2025. The market is projected to reach approximately US\$332 billion by CY2030, supported by rising disposable incomes in emerging economies, increasing demand for innovative and differentiated designs and growing consumer preference for responsibly sourced jewellery.



In India, domestic gold prices increased significantly during 2025, influencing consumer purchase behaviour. Jewellery demand remained supported by weddings, festivals and traditional occasions, however, consumers moderated purchase volumes and increasingly relied on exchange schemes to manage affordability. Despite lower physical consumption, expenditure on gold jewellery reached a record level during the year, reflecting the impact of higher gold prices.

Gems & Jewellery Market by Material Type 2025

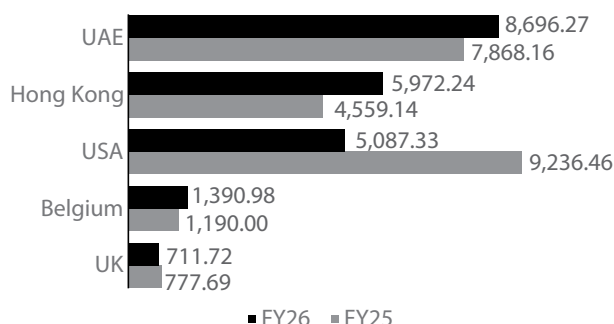


India's gold jewellery retail market has shown steady value growth over the past few years, rising from ₹ 3,740 billion in 2020 to ₹ 5,732 billion in 2025, reflecting a CAGR of 8.90% despite pandemic-related disruptions and price volatility. Formalisation, premiumisation, omni-channel retailing and increasing disposable income in smaller cities continue to shape the market.

India's gems and jewellery export performance remained mixed during FY2026. Gross exports increased marginally by 0.93% in rupee terms to ₹ 2,44,827 crore, while declining by 3.32% in US-dollar terms to US\$27.72 billion.

The geographical mix of exports also continued to evolve. The UAE emerged as India's largest gems and jewellery export destination during FY2026, with exports increasing by 10.52% to US\$8.70 billion. Exports to Hong Kong grew by 30.99% to US\$5.97 billion, while Australia and Canada also recorded growth, partially offsetting weaker shipments to the United States. These trends reflect the industry's increasing diversification across export markets and reduced dependence on any single geography.

Top Exports destinations for India Gems & Jewellery (US\$ Mn) FY25 and FY26



Gross gems and jewellery imports increased to approximately US\$22.83 billion during FY2026 from US\$19.71 billion in the previous year, reflecting continued requirements for raw materials and inventory replenishment across the value chain.

Cut and polished diamonds continued to be the largest export category, accounting for 43.90% of total exports, although exports from the segment declined by 8.52% to US\$12.16 billion amid softer global demand.

Product category performance reflected evolving consumer preferences. Aggregate exports of plain and studded gold jewellery remained broadly stable at US\$11.36 billion. Within this, plain gold jewellery exports declined by 7.42% to US\$4.84 billion, while studded gold jewellery exports grew by 6.27% to US\$6.52 billion, indicating stronger demand for value-added and design-led products.

Silver jewellery and platinum jewellery exports recorded robust growth of 52.21% and 39.32%, respectively, highlighting increasing diversification across jewellery categories.

Mandatory hallmarking continued to expand during FY2026. The fifth phase added 12 districts and increased coverage to 373 districts and the sixth phase further added seven districts, taking the total number of districts covered under mandatory hallmarking to 380. The framework now covers gold jewellery and artefacts across six recognised caratages (14K–24K), strengthening quality assurance, traceability and consumer confidence.

OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS

India's jewellery demand is underpinned by its cultural importance during weddings, festivals and auspicious occasions. Rising incomes, urbanisation and discretionary spending are expanding demand across bridal, occasion-wear and daily-wear categories, while jewellery's role as both adornment and a store of value sustains its household relevance.

The retail market is expected to maintain its growth momentum, supported by domestic consumption, gold prices and evolving preferences. Lightweight, contemporary, diamond-studded and affordable jewellery are enabling the industry to serve diverse price points and purchase occasions. The shift towards organised retailers offers significant growth potential. Hallmarking, transparent pricing, certification, purity assurance and buyback policies are strengthening consumer confidence. The organised segment's relatively smaller market share provides substantial headroom for further gains.

Rising incomes, improving infrastructure and greater awareness of branded jewellery are creating opportunities beyond metropolitan cities. Organised jewellers can expand through company-owned and franchise formats, supported by wedding and festival demands.

Younger and urban consumers increasingly prefer lightweight, contemporary, personalised and daily-wear jewellery. This enables

jewellers to address gifting, self-purchase and lifestyle occasions, while growing interest in diamond-studded jewellery, gemstones, silver and customised collections supports product diversification. Digital platforms, social media, virtual consultations and try-on technologies are reshaping the purchase journey. Omnichannel models can expand reach and engagement, while technology can improve inventory management, design responsiveness, traceability and transparency.

India's jewellery manufacturing and diamond-processing expertise provide a strong base for international growth. Expanding beyond the United States into the UAE, other Middle Eastern and underpenetrated markets can reduce concentration risk, while global branding, trade fairs and product innovation can enhance competitiveness.

Initiatives covering hallmarking, exports, skill development, jewellery parks, foreign investment and duty rationalisation can support formalisation, quality improvement and capacity addition. Integrated infrastructure and technology-led manufacturing can further improve productivity and export readiness.

Sharp fluctuations in gold prices can affect consumer affordability, purchase timing and demand volumes. Elevated prices also increase the value of inventory held by jewellers, resulting in higher working-capital requirements and financing costs. Although higher prices may support revenue realisations, they can encourage customers to postpone discretionary purchases or shift towards lower-weight products.

India depends substantially on imports to meet its gold requirements and also imports rough diamonds for processing. Consequently, the industry remains exposed to movements in international commodity prices, exchange rates, customs duties, overseas supply conditions and geopolitical developments.

Consumer interest is expanding towards lightweight jewellery, affordable fashion jewellery, digital gold, gold exchange-traded funds and other financial assets. These alternatives could moderate demand for traditional, high-value jewellery categories.

International demand may be affected by economic slowdowns, inflation, trade restrictions, tariff changes and geopolitical tensions in key markets. Concentration of exports in a limited number of destinations increases vulnerability to country-specific developments. The diamond segment is particularly exposed to weak demand in major overseas markets and competition from lab-grown diamonds.

SEGMENT WISE PERFORMANCE

The Company is among the leading participants in India's organised jewellery retail sector and is engaged in the manufacturing, trading and retailing of gold, diamond, studded jewellery and silver articles. As on March 31, 2026, it operated a

network of 52 showrooms, including 4 franchisee outlets under the 'PC Jeweller' brand, across 37 cities in India.

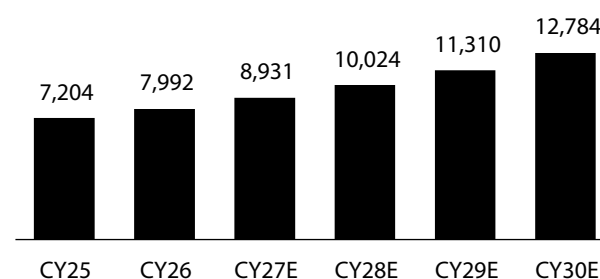
The Company's operations during the year were focused exclusively on the domestic market, generating revenue from operations of ₹ 3,352.88 crore.

OUTLOOK

The global gems and jewellery industry is expected to maintain a steady growth trajectory, supported by rising disposable incomes in emerging economies, growing demand for innovative and ethically sourced jewellery, increasing digital adoption and evolving consumer preferences. The global market, estimated at approximately US\$254 billion in 2025, is projected to reach around US\$332 billion by 2030. Demand is expected to be driven by premiumisation, product innovation, online retail channels and increasing preference for customised and contemporary jewellery designs.

In India, the retail gems and jewellery industry remains well positioned to benefit from favourable structural drivers and is projected to grow at a CAGR of 12.20% between 2025 to 2030, aided by rising household incomes, rapid urbanisation and evolving consumer preferences toward branded and design-oriented jewellery, along with a gradual shift towards, organized retail channels.

**Indian Retail Gems and Jewellery Industry Market Size (₹Bn)
CY25 -CY30E**



Gold jewellery is expected to remain the cornerstone of demand, supported by its cultural significance, investment appeal and role in weddings and celebrations. At the same time, consumer preferences are evolving towards lightweight, design-led and daily-wear jewellery. Rising acceptance of studded jewellery, silver jewellery and other premium categories is expected to diversify growth opportunities across the sector.

Technology adoption, evolving consumer preferences and supportive government initiatives are accelerating the shift towards organised players in the gems and jewellery sector. Coupled with India's strong manufacturing capabilities and diversified export base, these factors are expected to enhance the industry's competitiveness and support long-term growth.



With the Indian retail jewellery industry poised for sustained growth, the Company remains well positioned to capitalise on emerging opportunities while navigating evolving market dynamics. Supported by its strong brand presence, expanding market reach, focus on innovation and customer-centric approach, the Company is well placed to drive sustainable growth and further strengthen its competitive position in the industry.

RISK AND CONCERNS

The Indian gems and jewellery industry operates in a dynamic environment influenced by evolving consumer preferences, raw material price volatility and regulatory developments. Rapid shifts towards lightweight, contemporary and personalised jewellery require retailers to continuously refresh product offerings, while changing fashion trends may increase inventory management challenges and working capital pressures. The industry also faces a shortage of skilled artisans and craftsmen, which can impact production efficiency, quality consistency and product development capabilities.

The Company undertook various operational rationalisation and cost optimisation initiatives to strengthen its financial position and meet its working capital requirements. These measures included the closure of underperforming showrooms and optimisation of manpower costs. Further, following the execution of the Joint Settlement Agreement with its Consortium Lenders on September 30, 2024, the Company continued to witness a significant improvement in its operational and financial performance during FY2026. The turnaround in business operations enabled the Company to report a net profit of ₹ 710.62 crore for the year.

The Company has continued to make meaningful progress towards its objective of becoming debt-free, with outstanding debt being reduced by more than 80% till March 31, 2026 since the execution of the settlement agreement with the consortium lenders. Further, the successful conversion of approximately 69% of the Fully Convertible Warrants issued under the ₹ 2,702.11 crore preferential issue till March 31, 2026, has significantly strengthened the Company's capital base, providing additional momentum to its deleveraging efforts and reinforcing its financial position.

The Company's core strengths, including its manufacturing and design capabilities, operational infrastructure, skilled workforce and customer-centric practices, remain intact. Leveraging its established brand reputation and stakeholder trust, the Company delivered a strong recovery in business operations during the year.

During the year, the Company entered into a MoU with the National Skill Development Corporation, under the Ministry of Skill Development & Entrepreneurship, Government of India, to serve as an Industry / Franchise Partner for the Gems & Jewellery sector. Through this initiative, the Company plans

to enable the development and on boarding of up to 2,00,000 micro-entrepreneurs across India over five years under the PC Jeweller brand. This will provide the Company an opportunity to expand its retail presence as well as contribute to the society by employment generation, entrepreneurship development and local economic growth through a nationwide network of entrepreneurs. It will also help in creating a pool of skilled artisans and craftsmen,

During the year, the Company also signed a MoU with the Government of Uttar Pradesh under the Chief Minister – Yuva Udyami Vikas Abhiyan (CM-YUVA) and has also been onboarded as a franchise brand on the CM-YUVA portal. As part of the initiative, PC Jeweller will support trained goldsmith entrepreneurs in rural and semi-urban areas of Uttar Pradesh to establish 1,000 jewellery retail franchise units thereby promoting entrepreneurship, youth employability and economic development, while enhancing the Company's visibility, scalability and retail network.

The sector remains significantly dependent on imported gold and other precious materials, making it vulnerable to fluctuations in global commodity prices, currency movements, changes in import duties and geopolitical developments that may disrupt supply chains.

While the business remains exposed to fluctuations in gold prices and foreign exchange rates, appropriate risk management systems and internal controls have been implemented by the Company to manage these exposures effectively including through supplier diversification, increasing localisation by purchase of old jewellery from the customers, careful and sensible inventory planning etc.

The rising instances of cyberattacks, like hacking, malware attacks and phishing swindles, poses a significant threat to the individuals, associations and organisations etc. To protect the finances, private data and vital structure, it is critical to implement effective defensive measures.

The Company has taken various measures for countering cyber security related risks including maintaining data on secure and reliable cloud server, protecting the computer systems and networks by firewall and advanced anti-virus softwares, automated backups etc. No incidents of cyber security, breach or loss of data have taken place in the Company.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has established a robust internal control framework, which is regularly reviewed by Internal Auditor and periodically evaluated by Audit Committee. In addition, comprehensive audits of inventories, cash and other key operational areas are conducted periodically.

The Company has also implemented adequate internal financial controls commensurate with the size and nature of its operations.

Based on an independent assessment and management's evaluation thereof, the Board of Directors is of the opinion that the Company's internal controls over financial reporting were adequate and operating effectively as at March 31, 2026.

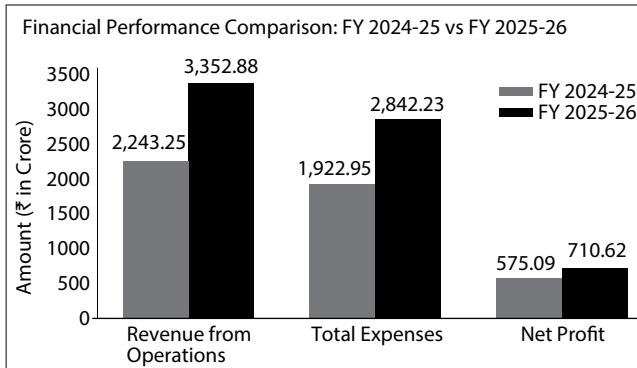
FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ('IND AS') specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the applicable Rules, as amended from time to time and other applicable provisions.

FY 2025-26 was an important year for the Company, as it regained its momentum and delivered a strong performance throughout the year. The revenue from operations stood at ₹ 3,352.88 crore, as against ₹ 2,243.25 crore in FY 2024-25, representing a strong operational growth of more than 49%. This significant growth in revenue resulted in to an increased net profit of ₹ 710.62 crore, as against ₹ 575.09 crore during FY 2024-25, reflecting an increase of more than 23%. This broad-based growth was driven by strong execution across the business, supported by continued consumer demand throughout the year, marking a meaningful progress in the Company's ongoing turn around journey.

The summary of standalone financial performance of the Company during the year under review as compared to FY2025 is as under:

	(₹ in crore)	
Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Revenue from operations	3,352.88	2,243.25
Other income	197.29	127.82
Total revenue	3,550.17	2,371.07
Total expenses	2,842.23	1,922.95
Profit / (loss) before tax	707.27	448.12
Tax expense	(3.35)	(126.97)
Net profit / (loss) after tax	710.62	575.09
Total comprehensive income	709.83	575.44
Earnings per equity share (₹)		
- Basic	1.00	1.13
- Diluted	0.85	0.66



KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS

Key financial ratios of the Company, changes therein as compared to previous financial year along with explanations for the ratios having change of 25% or more are as under:

Key Ratios	Units	2025-26	2024-25	% Change	Explanation
Current Ratio	Times	6.90	3.23	113.62	Refer Note 1 Below
Debt Equity Ratio	Times	0.13	0.34	(61.76)	Refer Note 2 Below
Debtor Turnover	Times	2.09	1.50	39.33	Refer Note 3 Below
Inventory Turnover	Times	0.50	0.38	31.58	
Interest Coverage Ratio	Times	6.32	9.74	(35.11)	Refer Note 4 Below
Operating Profit Margin	%	25.06	22.26	12.58	Not Applicable
Net Profit Margin	%	21.19	25.64	(17.36)	Not Applicable
Return on Net Worth	%	8.74	9.34	6.42	Not Applicable

Note 1: Current assets increased by 16% (approx.) mainly due to increase in inventory, trade receivables and other current assets and current liabilities decreased by 46% (approx.) mainly due to significant reduction in current borrowings from the banks, which contributed to the increase in this ratio.

Note 2: Total debt decreased by 48% (approx.) due to significant reduction in bank borrowings and total equity increased by 32% (approx.) mainly due to allotment of equity shares, which contributed to decrease in this ratio.

Note 3: Turnover increased by 49% (approx.), which contributed to increase in this ratio.



Note 4: In FY 2024-25, the Company booked interest for 3 months only as per the terms of one time settlement agreement with consortium lenders whereas in FY 2025-26 the interest is booked for 12 months. This resulted in reduction in this ratio.

HUMAN RELATIONS & INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

The Company considers its employees to be its key strength and is committed to fostering a high-performance culture driven by accountability, capability development and employee engagement. The Company provides a safe, healthy and productive work environment to support employee well-being and growth. As on March 31, 2026 the total employee strength of the Company was 700. The industrial relations had remained harmonious throughout the year in the Company.

References - Industry reports and websites including GJEPC, IBEF etc.



STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of
PC Jeweller Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

1. We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of PC Jeweller Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2026, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of changes in equity and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended and Notes to the standalone financial statements including material accounting policy and other explanatory information (hereinafter collectively referred to as 'the standalone financial statements').

2. Qualified Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2026, and its profit for the year, total comprehensive income, changes in equity, its cash flow and other financial information of the company for the year ended on that date.

3. We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

4. Basis for Qualified Opinion:

(i) As explained in Note No. 47 to the accompanying standalone financial statements, the Company, during the financial year ended 31st March, 2019 had extended discounts amounting to ₹ 513.65 Crore to its export customers, which were adjusted against revenue from contracts with customers recognised for the said year. The Company had initiated the process for compliance with the requirements of the Master Directions on Export of Goods and Services issued by the Reserve Bank of India and has subsequently obtained approvals from the authorized dealer banks for reduction in export receivables corresponding to discounts amounting to ₹ 330.49 Crore.

For the remaining discounts of ₹ 183.16 Crore, in the absence of requisite approvals and material evidence related to such transactions, we are unable to ascertain any consequential effect of the above, if any, on the accompanying standalone financial statements.

The auditor's opinion for the years ended 31st March 2019, 31st March 2020, 31st March 2021, 31st March 2022, 31st March 2023, 31st March 2024, 31st March 2025 were also modified in respect of this matter.

(ii) As explained in Note No. 48 of the accompanying standalone financial statements, the export receivables have been outstanding for more than 9 months and have been restated as per the RBI exchange rate as on 31st March 2026. Trade receivables as at 31st March 2026, inter alia, include outstanding from export customers net amounting ₹1684.14 Crore. The Company has filed necessary applications with the requisite authority as per the regulations of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 for condonation of delays in repatriation of funds by its customers. Accordingly, the Company has recognized lifetime expected credit loss allowance (ECL) of ₹ 281.39 Crore on the outstanding export receivables as at 31st March 2026 as required under IndAS-109.

Due to no realization as per scheduled expected dates from the export receivables and considering the initiation of legal route for recovery, we are unable to examine adequacy of the provision of expected credit loss and its consequential impact and adjustments on the accompanying statement.

The auditor's opinion for the years ended 31st March, 2023, 31st March, 2024 and 31st March, 2025 were also modified in respect of this matter.

5. Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In addition to the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, we have determined that there are no other key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

6. Information other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of other information. The other information comprises the information included in the management discussion and analysis, Board's Report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

7. Responsibilities of Management and those charged with Governance for Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flow of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian accounting standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of

the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

8. Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

- a) Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements
- b) As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has an adequate internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to continue as a going concern.
 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the Annual Standalone Financial Statements of the Company to express an opinion on the Annual Standalone Financial Statements.
- c) Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Annual Standalone Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Annual Standalone Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in:
1. Planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the Statements of our work; and
 2. To evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Annual Standalone Financial Statements.

- d) We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

9. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by section 197(16) of the Act, based on our audit and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we report that the Company has paid remuneration to its directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limit prescribed under Schedule V of the Act.
2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "**Annexure A**", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
3. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained, except for the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c) The Standalone Balance Sheet, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other

Comprehensive Income), the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity, and the Standalone Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of accounts;

- d) Except for the possible effects of the matters described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section, in our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act;
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
- f) The qualifications relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section.
- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our Report in "**Annexure B**"
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company, as detailed in Note No.41 of the standalone financial statements, has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position as at 31st March 2026;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31st March 2026.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended as at 31st March 2026.
- iv. The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations contain any material misstatement.
- v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.
- vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software systems for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended 31st March 2026, which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of audit, we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per statutory requirements for record retention.

For **AHPN & Associates**

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 009452N

Sd/-

FCA Navdeep Gupta

Partner

M.No.: 091938

Place : New Delhi

Dated : 27-05-2026

UDIN : 26091938FFMAOT2504



Annexure A referred to in para '2' under 'Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of PC Jeweller Limited, on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2026.

- i. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, we report that:
 - a) i) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment ("PPE") and relevant details of right-of use assets.
 - ii) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - b) The PPE and right-to-use assets have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of verification of the PPE and right-to-use assets is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
 - c) The title deeds of immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the Company.
 - d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right-of-use assets) and intangible assets during the year.
 - e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at 31st March 2026 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- ii. a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the inventories were physically verified by the Management at reasonable intervals during the year. The coverage and procedure of such verification were, in our opinion, appropriate having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its operations. No discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed on such physical verification. Our audit procedures included attendance at selected inventory verification locations and test checks, which were performed as part of our audit in accordance with the applicable Standards on Auditing.
- b) During the year, the Company continued to have working capital limits in excess of ₹5 crore, in aggregate, from banks, secured against current assets. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the quarterly returns/statements filed by the Company with the consortium banks through the Agency for Specialised Monitoring (ASM) were in agreement with the books of account of the Company. The quarterly statement for the quarter ended 31 March 2026 was not due for submission as at the date of this report (refer Note 50(d) to the accompanying standalone financial statements).
- iii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records, during the year the Company has not made any investments, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. However, loans granted in earlier years remained outstanding as at the balance sheet date. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(iii)(c) and 3(iii)(d), to the extent applicable to such outstanding loans, has been made below.
 - a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records, during the year the Company has not provided loans or provided advances in the nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any entity. Accordingly, the reporting requirements under paragraph 3(iii)(a) of the order relating to such loans or advances and guarantees or security to subsidiaries, joint ventures, associates and to parties other than subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are not applicable.
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the terms and conditions of the loans outstanding as at the balance sheet date, which were granted in earlier years, are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
 - c) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, in respect of the loans granted by the Company in earlier years to its subsidiary Company (namely, Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited) and to body corporates (namely, Shivani Sarees Private Limited and PC Universal Private Limited) having gross outstanding balance of ₹ 176.14 crore (as disclosed in Note no. 6 of the accompanying standalone financial statements); and staff advance with an outstanding

balance of ₹1.08 crore as at the balance sheet date, no schedule for the repayment of principal or payment of interest has been stipulated.

- d) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, since no schedule of repayment of principal or payment of interest has been stipulated in respect of the aforesaid loans, we are unable to determine whether any amount overdue for more than 90 days as at the balance sheet date.
- e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no loan or advance in the nature of loan granted falling due during the year, which has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to same parties. Accordingly, the reporting requirements under paragraph 3(iii)(e) of the order are not applicable.
- f) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment, to any person. Accordingly, the reporting requirements under paragraph 3(iii)(f) of the order relating to the aggregate amount of such loans and advances, the percentage thereof to the total loans granted, and the aggregate amount of loans granted to promoters and related parties, as defined under section 2(76) of the Companies Act, 2013, are not applicable.
- iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act in respect of loans granted to subsidiary/ associate companies and investments made in subsidiary/ associate companies. The Company has not provided any guarantee or security to which the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act are applicable.
- v) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits, hence reporting under paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not specified the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products. Accordingly, the reporting requirements under clause 3(vi) of the Order are not applicable.
- vii) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in our opinion:
- The Company is generally regular in depositing with the appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales-Tax, Service Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Value Added Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues, as applicable. There were no undisputed statutory dues outstanding as at 31 March 2026 for a period exceeding six months from the date, they became payable.
 - According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the following statutory dues have not been deposited on account of disputes:

Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Amount (₹ in crore)	Paid under Protest (₹ in crore)	Period to which it pertains	Forum at which case is pending	Remarks (if any)
Income-tax Act, 1961	Income-tax	0.19	-	AY 2009-10	Income-tax Appellate Tribunal.	Appeal preferred by the Dept.
Income-tax Act, 1961	Income-tax	46.42	-	AY 2017-18	Income-tax Appellate Tribunal.	Appeal preferred by the Dept.
Income-tax Act, 1961	Income-tax	3.40	-	AY 2018-19	Supreme Court	-
Income-tax Act, 1961	Income-tax	12.66	-	AY 2013-14	Delhi High court	Appeal preferred by the Dept.
Income-tax Act, 1961	Income-tax	12.52	-	AY 2014-15	Delhi High court	Appeal preferred by the Dept.
Customs Act, 1962	Custom duty	5.12	2.43	FY 2010-11	Custom, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, New Delhi.	-



Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Amount (₹ in crore)	Paid under Protest (₹ in crore)	Period to which it pertains	Forum at which case is pending	Remarks (if any)
Rajasthan Value Added Tax Act, 2003	Value added tax	0.05	-	FY 2010-11	The Rajasthan High Court.	-
		0.44	-	FY 2011-12		
		0.50	-	FY 2012-13		
		2.73	-	FY 2013-14		
		2.31	-	FY 2014-15		
		2.21	-	FY 2015-16		
The Haryana Goods & Services Tax Act, 2017	Goods & Services Tax	0.82*	0.04	FY 2018-19	Appellate Authority, Haryana GST	-
The Delhi Goods & Services Tax Act, 2017	Goods & Services Tax	0.55*	0.03	FY 2019-20	Appellate Authority, Delhi GST	-
The Jharkhand Goods & Services Tax Act, 2017	Goods & Services Tax	0.22*	0.01	FY 2018-19	Appellate Authority, Jharkhand GST	-
		0.19*	0.01	FY 2019-20		
		0.13*	0.01	FY 2020-21		
		0.17*	0.01	FY 2021-22		
		0.21*	0.01	FY 2022-23		

* Including interest and penalty as on the date of order.

- viii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there were no transactions not recorded in the books of account that were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961). Accordingly, the reporting requirements under clause 3(viii) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 are not applicable.
- ix. a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit procedures, the borrowings of the Company were settled pursuant to a One Time Settlement ("OTS") entered into with the lenders under a Joint Settlement Agreement ("JSA") executed on 30th September 2024. During the year under audit, the Company has not committed any default in the repayment of instalments or payment of interest in accordance with the terms of the Joint Settlement Agreement.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank, financial institution or other lender.
- c) The Company did not obtain any term loans during the year. Accordingly, the reporting requirements under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order are not applicable.
- d) On an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, the Company has not raised any funds on a short-term basis which has been utilised for long term purposes.
- e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
- f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries.
- x. a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- b) During the year, the Company made preferential allotments on a private placement basis of 9,72,22,222 fully convertible warrants at an issue price of ₹18 per warrant, and 18,05,55,555 equity shares having a face value of ₹1 each at an issue price of ₹18 per equity share. During the year, the Company also allotted 211,27,63,520 equity shares upon conversion of warrants issued during the financial year ended 31 March 2025, consequent to receipt of the balance 75% of the issue price. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has complied with the requirements of Sections 42 and 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the aforesaid preferential allotments. Further, the funds raised through

the aforesaid preferential allotments have been utilized for the purposes for which they were raised and the unutilized amount of ₹75.34 crore as at 31 March 2026, according to the information and explanations given to us, was held in monitoring accounts and temporary fixed deposits pending its utilization for the specified objects of the issue.

- xi. a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit procedures, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- b) During the year and up to the date of this report, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, no whistle blower complaints were received by the Company during the year.
- xii. In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the reporting requirements under clause 3(xii) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 are not applicable.
- xiii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, and the requisite details of such transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS).
- xiv. a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- b) We have considered the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them during the year. Accordingly, the reporting requirements under clause 3(xv) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 are not applicable.
- xvi. a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934. Accordingly, the reporting requirements under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 are not applicable.
- b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities requiring a Certificate of Registration under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the reporting requirements under clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 are not applicable.
- c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the reporting requirements under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 are not applicable.
- d) According to the information and explanations given to us, there is no Core Investment Company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016). Accordingly, the reporting requirements under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 are not applicable.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the current financial year or in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of this audit report that the Company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the balance sheet date as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- xx. a) The reporting under paragraph 3(xx) (a) of the Order is not applicable for the year.



- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company was required to transfer the unspent amount for the FY 2020-21 & 2021-22 relating to ongoing project(s) to the Unspent CSR Account in

accordance with the provisions of Section 135(6) of the Companies Act, 2013. Refer Note 43 to the standalone financial statements. However, the Company has not transferred such amount to the Unspent CSR Account within the prescribed time. The details are as follows:

Relevant financial Year	Amount identified for spending on CSR activities for ongoing project (₹ in Crore)	Unspent amount (₹ in Crore)	Amount transferred to Special account till the date of our report (₹ in Crore)	Due date of transfer to the account	Actual date of transfer to the account	No. of days of delay
2020-21	6.50	6.50	Nil	30.04.2021	Not yet transferred	Not yet transferred
2021-22	0.94	0.94	Nil	30.04.2022	Not yet transferred	Not yet transferred

For **A H P N & Associates**

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 009452N

Sd/-

FCA Navdeep Gupta

Partner

M.No. : 091938

Place : New Delhi

Dated : 27-05-2026

UDIN : 26091938FFMAOT2504

Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' Report of even date on the Standalone Financial Statement of PC Jeweller Limited.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended on 31st March 2026, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of PC Jeweller Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "the Company"), which is a company covered under the Act, as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company, which is a company covered under the Act, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility for the audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's, internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the ICAI prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, and the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established

and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.



Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion and based on the criteria for internal financial controls with reference to financial statements established by the

company, which are covered under the Act, have in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31st March 2026, considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

For A H P N & Associates

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 009452N

Sd/-

FCA Navdeep Gupta

Partner

M.No. : 091938

Place : New Delhi

Dated : 27-05-2026

UDIN : 26091938FFMAOT2504

STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2026

		(₹ in crore)	
	Notes	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
A Assets			
1 Non-current assets			
a) Property, plant and equipment	4(a)	13.30	12.74
b) Capital work-in-progress	4(b)	-	-
c) Right-of-use assets	42	77.36	70.94
d) Intangible assets	4(c)	0.47	0.56
e) Intangible assets under development	4(d)	0.09	-
f) Financial assets			
i) Investments	5	133.93	133.93
ii) Trade receivables	11	1,053.34	1,164.39
iii) Loans	6	13.85	17.35
iv) Other financial assets	7	9.25	13.61
g) Deferred tax assets (net)	8	12.49	13.01
h) Other non-current assets	9	1.67	3.67
Total non-current assets		1,315.75	1,430.20
2 Current assets			
a) Inventories	10	7,024.06	6,475.41
b) Financial assets			
i) Investments		-	-
ii) Trade receivables	11	636.02	350.89
iii) Cash and cash equivalents	12	132.32	59.81
iv) Bank balance other than (iii) above	13	1.77	1.59
v) Loans	6	13.98	14.08
vi) Other financial assets	7	7.98	0.55
c) Other current assets	9	244.90	44.37
Total current assets		8,061.03	6,946.70
Total assets		9,376.78	8,376.90
B Equity and Liabilities			
1 Equity			
a) Equity share capital	14	864.86	635.53
b) Other equity	15	7,262.24	5,522.46
Total equity		8,127.10	6,157.99
Liabilities			
2 Non-current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities			
i) Borrowings		-	-
ii) Lease liabilities	42	77.56	62.60
b) Provisions	16	3.46	3.14
Total non-current liabilities		81.02	65.74
3 Current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities			
i) Borrowings	17	1,072.12	2,064.41
ii) Lease liabilities	42	16.30	23.69
iii) Trade payables	18		
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and		0.01	0.03
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		15.84	13.74
iv) Other financial liabilities	19	11.02	10.74
b) Other current liabilities	20	50.98	38.46
c) Provisions	16	2.39	2.10
d) Current tax liabilities (net)		-	-
Total current liabilities		1,168.66	2,153.17
Total liabilities		1,249.68	2,218.91
Total equity and liabilities		9,376.78	8,376.90

Notes 1 to 50 form an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

This is the standalone balance sheet referred to in our report of even date

For A H P N & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 009452N

Sd/-

Navdeep Gupta

Partner

Membership No. 091938

Place: New Delhi

Date: 27 May 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-

Ramesh Kumar Sharma

Executive Director

DIN-01980542

Sd/-

Vijay Panwar

Company Secretary

Membership No. A19063

Sd/-

Balram Garg

Managing Director

DIN-00032083

Sd/-

Vishan Deo

Executive Director (Finance) &

Chief Financial Officer

DIN-07634994



STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

			(₹ in crore)	
		Notes	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
1	Revenue from operations	21	3,352.88	2,243.25
2	Other income	22	197.29	127.82
3	Total income (1+2)		3,550.17	2,371.07
4	Expenses			
a)	Cost of materials consumed	23	2,869.56	2,538.34
b)	Purchases of stock-in-trade	24	281.07	239.53
c)	Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress	25	(548.82)	(1,005.97)
d)	Employee benefits expense	26	29.23	25.38
e)	Finance costs	27	132.87	51.26
f)	Depreciation and amortisation expenses	28	20.22	17.35
g)	Other expenses	29	58.10	57.06
	Total expenses		2,842.23	1,922.95
5	Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax (3-4)		707.94	448.12
6	Exceptional Items	30	0.67	-
7	Profit/(loss) before tax (5-6)		707.27	448.12
8	Tax expense:			
a)	Current tax	31	(4.14)	(113.85)
b)	Deferred tax	8	0.79	(13.12)
	Total tax expense		(3.35)	(126.97)
9	Profit/(loss) for the year, net of tax from continuing operations (7-8)		710.62	575.09
10	Other comprehensive income:			
(i)	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
	-Remeasurement of post employment benefit obligations		(1.06)	0.46
(ii)	Income-tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		0.27	(0.11)
	Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		(0.79)	0.35
11	Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year (9+10)		709.83	575.44
12	Earnings per equity share: (face value of ₹ 1 per share)	32		
	Basic earnings per share (in ₹)		1.00	1.13
	Diluted earnings per share (in ₹)		0.85	0.66

Notes 1 to 50 form an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

This is the standalone Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For A H P N & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 009452N

Sd/-
Ramesh Kumar Sharma
Executive Director
DIN-01980542

Sd/-
Balram Garg
Managing Director
DIN-00032083

Sd/-
Navdeep Gupta
Partner
Membership No. 091938

Sd/-
Vijay Panwar
Company Secretary
Membership No. A19063

Sd/-
Vishan Deo
Executive Director (Finance) &
Chief Financial Officer
DIN-07634994

Place: New Delhi
Date: 27 May 2026

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

A Equity share capital:

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Note	No. of shares	Amount
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up			
Balance as at 1 April 2024 (Equity shares of ₹ 10 each)	14	46,54,03,896	465.40
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors		-	-
Changes in equity share capital during the year:			
Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of convertible share warrants [^]		11,84,13,052	118.42
Increase in shares due to face value split*		5,25,43,52,532	Not applicable
Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of debt into equity [^]		51,71,14,620	51.71
Balance as at 31 March 2025 (Equity shares of ₹ 1 each)	14	6,35,52,84,100	635.53
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors		-	-
Changes in equity share capital during the year:			
Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of convertible share warrants [^]		2,11,27,63,520	211.28
Issue of shares by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis [®]		18,05,55,555	18.05
Balance as at 31 March 2026 (Equity shares of ₹ 1 each)	15	8,64,86,03,175	864.86

B Other equity:

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Reserves and surplus					Money received against convertible share warrants	Total other equity
	Capital Reserve	Securities premium	General reserve	Retained earnings	Items of other comprehensive income Remeasurement of employee defined benefit plans		
Balance as at 1 April 2024	-	1,068.98	87.27	1,270.77	5.51	-	2,432.53
Profit for the year	-	-	-	575.09	-	-	575.09
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of income tax)	-	-	-	-	0.35	-	0.35
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	575.09	0.35	-	575.44
Subscription Money (25%) received against convertible share warrants	-	-	-	-	-	675.53	675.53
Balance Money (75%) received against convertible share warrants	-	-	-	-	-	499.11	499.11
Conversion of convertible share warrants into equity shares [^]	-	547.07	-	-	-	(665.48)	(118.41)
Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of debt into equity [^]	-	1,458.26	-	-	-	-	1,458.26
Balance as at 31 March 2025	-	3,074.31	87.27	1,845.86	5.86	509.16	5,522.46
Profit for the year	-	-	-	710.62	-	-	710.62
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of income tax)	-	-	-	-	(0.79)	-	(0.79)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	710.62	(0.79)	-	709.83
Subscription Money (25%) received against convertible share warrants~	-	-	-	-	-	43.75	43.75
Balance Money (75%) received against convertible share warrants	-	-	-	-	-	890.53	890.53
Conversion of convertible share warrants into equity shares [^]	-	976.10	-	-	-	(1,187.37)	(211.27)
Issue of shares by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis [®]	-	306.94	-	-	-	-	306.94
Forfeiture of lapsed convertible share warrants	42.15	-	-	-	-	(42.15)	-
Balance as at 31 March 2026	42.15	4,357.35	87.27	2,556.48	5.07	213.92	7,262.24



^During the financial year ended 31st March 2025, after receipt of 25% of the Issue Price of ₹ 56.20 per Fully Convertible Share Warrant ("Warrant") as subscription amount in accordance with the provisions of the SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, the Company made preferential allotment of 11,50,00,000 Warrants on 30th September 2024 and 36,58,02,500 Warrants on 11th October 2024 to Promoter Group and Non-Promoter, Public category entities. Subsequently, the Board of Directors of the Company by means of resolutions passed by circulations on i) 15th October 2024 allotted 4,35,972 equity shares (face value ₹ 10/- each); ii) 30th October 2024 allotted 3,38,85,000 equity shares (face value ₹ 10/- each); iii) 12th November 2024 allotted 3,63,75,000 equity shares (face value ₹ 10/- each); iv) 29th November 2024 allotted 39,87,900 equity shares (face value ₹ 10/- each); and v) 19th December 2024 allotted 43,72,91,800 equity shares (face value ₹ 1/- each), upon conversion of Warrants after receipt of balance 75% of the Issue Price per Warrant.

*On and from the record date of 16th December 2024, the face value of equity shares of the Company has been sub-divided/splitted, such that 1 (one) equity share having face value of ₹ 10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each, fully paid-up, stands sub-divided into 10 (ten) equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- (Rupee One Only) each, fully paid-up, ranking pari-passu in all respects.

\$During the financial year ended 31st March 2025, the Board of Directors of the Company vide a resolution passed by circulation on 17th March 2025 made preferential allotment of 51,71,14,620 fully paid-up equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- each at an issue price of ₹ 29.20 per share to the Consortium Lenders comprising of 14 Banks, against part of their outstanding debts amounting to ₹ 1509.97 crores as per the Joint Settlement Agreement dated 30th September 2024 entered into amongst the Company and Consortium Lenders.

~During the year ended 31st March 2026, the Board of Directors of the Company by means of a resolution passed by circulation on 18th September 2025 allotted 9,72,22,222 fully convertible warrants ("Warrants") at an issue price of ₹ 18/- per Warrant by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis to Shri Balram Garg, Promoter and Managing Director of the Company after receipt of stipulated amount i.e. ₹ 4.50 (being 25% of the issue price) per Warrant as subscription amount in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018. Each Warrant is convertible into one equity share having face value ₹ 1/- each fully paid up within 18 months from the date of allotment of these Warrants upon payment of the balance consideration of ₹ 13.50 (being 75% of the issue price) per Warrant.

#During the financial year ended 31st March 2026, the Board of Directors of the Company by means of resolutions passed by circulations allotted total 211,27,63,520 equity shares of ₹1 each in total 13 tranches i.e., i) 18,92,50,000 equity shares on 29th April 2025; ii) 3,08,42,400 equity shares on 29th May 2025; iii) 34,67,82,850 equity shares on 25th July 2025; iv) 97,84,800 equity shares on 13th August 2025; v) 13,61,24,000 equity shares on 9th September 2025; vi) 7,81,14,890 equity shares on 18th October 2025; vii) 17,56,260 equity shares on 15th November 2025; viii) 6,85,50,000 equity shares on 22nd January 2026; ix) 51,24,68,600 equity shares on 31st January 2026; x) 10,72,37,000 equity shares on 24th February 2026; xi) 35,18,36,870 equity shares on 23rd March 2026; xii) 20,09,70,560 equity shares on 28th March 2026; and xiii) 7,90,45,290 equity shares on 31st March 2026, upon conversion of Warrants allotted during the financial year ended 31 March 2025 after receipt of balance 75% of the Issue Price per Warrant.

@The Board of Directors of the Company by means of a resolution passed by circulation on 18th September 2025 allotted 18,05,55,555 equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- each at an issue price of ₹ 18/- per share by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis to Capital Ventures Private Limited, an entity belonging to 'Non-Promoter, Public category'.

Notes 1 to 50 form an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

This is the standalone Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For A H P N & Associates

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 009452N

Sd/-
Ramesh Kumar Sharma
Executive Director
DIN-01980542

Sd/-
Balram Garg
Managing Director
DIN-00032083

Sd/-
Navdeep Gupta
Partner
Membership No. 091938

Sd/-
Vijay Panwar
Company Secretary
Membership No. A19063

Sd/-
Vishan Deo
Executive Director (Finance) &
Chief Financial Officer
DIN-07634994

Place: New Delhi
Date: 27 May 2026

STANDALONE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

		(₹ in crore)	
Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025	
A Cash flow from operating activities:			
Profit before tax	707.27	448.12	
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	20.22	17.35	
Exceptional items	(0.67)	-	
Interest income on fixed deposit	(0.52)	(0.09)	
Interest income on loans given to subsidiaries and body corporate	(6.37)	(6.06)	
Interest received on income-tax refund of previous years	(1.53)	(51.39)	
Net loss on sale/disposal/scrapping of property, plant and equipment	0.00*	0.81	
Net loss/(profit) on FVTPL from investments	-	0.93	
Finance costs	132.87	51.26	
Unwinding of discount on security deposits	(0.74)	(0.88)	
Discounting of rental expenses as per Ind-AS 116	(28.56)	(24.72)	
Net unrealised gain on foreign exchange	(187.14)	(45.83)	
Actuarial loss forming part of other comprehensive income	(1.06)	0.46	
Gain on partial/full termination or modification of leases	-	(0.62)	
Provision for impairment of accrued interest on loan	5.80	5.52	
Provision for expected credit loss on trade receivables	16.28	1.42	
Liabilities/provisions no longer required written back	-	(17.40)	
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes	655.85	378.88	
Adjustments for:			
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(548.65)	(1,012.99)	
(Increase)/decrease in financial assets	(27.66)	(39.56)	
(Increase)/decrease in non-financial assets	(198.54)	(12.96)	
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	(1.97)	1.55	
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	0.82	(0.55)	
Increase/(decrease) in financial liabilities	25.33	10.92	
Increase/(decrease) in non-financial liabilities	12.52	8.41	
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	0.62	0.25	
Cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	(81.68)	(666.05)	
Direct taxes refunded	4.14	32.58	
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	(77.54)	(633.47)	



(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
B Cash flow from investing activities:		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment including capital advances	(2.57)	(0.37)
Proceeds from disposal/sale of property, plant and equipment	0.00*	0.14
Redemption of current investments	-	2.71
Loans repaid by body corporate including subsidiary companies	3.60	0.07
Interest received	2.62	0.63
(Purchase)/redemption of fixed deposits, net	(0.23)	(0.50)
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	3.42	2.68
C Cash flow from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issue of shares and convertible share warrants	1,259.28	1,174.64
Repayment of short term borrowings	(992.29)	(495.50)
Interest received on income-tax refund of previous years	1.53	51.39
Interest paid	(121.89)	(42.83)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	146.63	687.70
D Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	72.51	56.91
E Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year	59.81	2.90
F Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year (refer note 12)	132.32	59.81
* Rounded off to two decimal places		
Components of cash and cash equivalents:		
Balances with banks - in current accounts	18.70	44.46
Cheques on hand	-	0.02
Cash on hand	47.19	15.33
Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months	66.43	-
	132.32	59.81

The above standalone cash flow statement has been prepared under the 'indirect method' as set out in Ind AS 7, 'Statement of cash flows'.

Notes 1 to 50 form an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

This is the standalone Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For A H P N & Associates

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 009452N

Sd/-
Ramesh Kumar Sharma
Executive Director
DIN-01980542

Sd/-
Balram Garg
Managing Director
DIN-00032083

Sd/-
Navdeep Gupta
Partner
Membership No. 091938

Sd/-
Vijay Panwar
Company Secretary
Membership No. A19063

Sd/-
Vishan Deo
Executive Director (Finance) &
Chief Financial Officer
DIN-07634994

Place: New Delhi
Date: 27 May 2026

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

1. Corporate information**Nature of operations**

PC Jeweller Limited (the 'Company') was incorporated on 13 April 2005. The Company is engaged in the business of trade, manufacture and sale of gold, diamond, silver, precious stone, gold jewellery/items, diamond studded jewellery and silver articles of various designs/specifications. The Company's shares are listed on the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited.

General information and statement of compliance with Ind AS

These standalone financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'), Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time and other pronouncements/provisions of applicable laws.

The standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2026 were authorised and approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 27 May 2026. Revisions to standalone financial statements, if required, is permitted by the Board of Directors subject to obtaining necessary approvals or at the instance of regulatory authorities as per provisions of the Act.

2. Application of new and revised Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS)

All the Ind AS issued and notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) till the standalone financial statements are authorised have been considered in preparing these standalone financial statements.

Recent Pronouncements

In May 2025, MCA notified amendments to:

(i) Ind AS 21 - The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates, effective from 1 April, 2025

The amendments primarily address situations where a currency is not exchangeable into another currency at a specified exchange rate on a long-term basis. The revised guidance requires entities to assess whether a currency is exchangeable and, where exchangeability is lacking, to estimate a spot exchange rate reflecting the rate at which an orderly exchange transaction would take place between market participants at the measurement date.

The amendments also introduce additional disclosure requirements relating to the nature and financial impact of currencies that are not exchangeable, including significant judgements applied in determining the exchange rate.

The Company has evaluated the impact of the aforesaid amendments and concluded that they are not applicable to its operations, as there are no transactions denominated in currencies that are not exchangeable within the meaning of the amended standard. Accordingly, the amendments do not have any impact on the Company's financial statements for the current reporting period, and no additional disclosures are required.

In August 2025, MCA notified the following amendments to:

(ii) Ind AS 1- Presentation of Financial Statements, effective from 1 April, 2025

The amendment relates to classification of liabilities as current or non-current and non-current liabilities with covenants. The amendments specify that, for a liability to be classified as non-current, an entity must have a substantive right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Such right to defer must exist at the reporting date and must have substance, i.e., it should be enforceable and not merely conditional or dependent on future events or approvals. The amendment also introduces guidance on classification of liabilities with covenants and states that conditions attached to covenants after reporting date do not affect classification. The Company has evaluated the impact of the aforesaid amendments and concluded that there is no material impact on the classification of its liabilities in the financial statements for the current reporting period.

(iii) Ind AS 7- Statement of Cash Flows and Ind AS 107- Financial Instruments - Disclosures, effective from 1 April, 2025

The amendments to Ind AS 7 require entities to disclose information about supplier finance arrangements, including the nature of such arrangements, the carrying amount of related financial liabilities, and the range of payment due dates, to enable users of the financial statements to assess their impact on an entity's liabilities, cash flows, and liquidity risk. Correspondingly, Ind AS 107 has been amended to include supplier finance arrangements as a factor that may give rise to concentrations of liquidity risk. The Company has evaluated the applicability of these amendments and concluded that it has not entered into any supplier finance arrangements that fall within the scope of the amended



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

requirements. Accordingly, these amendments do not have any impact on the Company's financial statements for the current reporting period, and no additional disclosures are required.

(iv) Ind AS 12- Income taxes: International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules (applicable immediately)

The Pillar Two Model Rules, issued by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), introduce a global minimum tax framework under which large multinational enterprises are required to pay a minimum effective tax rate of 15% in each jurisdiction in which they operate. Amendments to Ind AS 12 provide a temporary mandatory exception to the recognition and disclosure of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities arising from Pillar Two income taxes. The amendments further require disclosure of the application of this exception and separate disclosure of current tax expense (income) related to Pillar Two income taxes. The Company has assessed the applicability of the aforesaid amendments and concluded that the Pillar Two Model Rules are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the amendments do not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements for the current reporting period, and no additional disclosures are required under the amended standard.

3. Summary of material accounting policies

a) Overall consideration

The standalone financial statements have been prepared using the material accounting policies and measurement bases summarised below. These were used throughout all periods presented in the financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on an accrual and going concern basis under the historical cost convention except for the following-

- Certain financial assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value
- Share based payments which are measured at fair value of the options at the grant date
- The defined benefit asset/(liability) is recognised as the present value of defined benefit obligation.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or

paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The financial statements of the Company are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is also its financial currency and all amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest crore as per the requirements of schedule III to the Act, unless otherwise stated. Certain amounts that are required to be disclosed and do not appear due to rounding-off have been so stated by way of a note.

b) Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is classified as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

c) Foreign currency translation

Initial recognition

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Measurement at the balance sheet date

Foreign currency monetary items of the Company, outstanding at the balance sheet date are restated at the year-end rates. Non-monetary items which are carried at historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined.

Treatment of exchange difference

Exchange differences that arise on settlement of monetary items or on reporting at each balance sheet date of the Company's monetary items at the closing rate are recognised as income or expenses in the period in which they arise.

d) Revenue recognition*Sale of goods*

Revenue from the contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods is transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods. Sales, as disclosed, are net of trade allowances, rebates, goods and service tax, and amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

The Company considers the terms of the contract and its customary business practices to determine the transaction price. The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties (for example, indirect taxes). In respect of contracts with customers that contain a financing component i.e. when payment by a customer occurs significantly before performance and the fair value of goods provided to the customer at the end of the contract term exceeds the advance payments received, interest expense is recognized on recognition of a contract liability over the contract period and is presented under the head finance costs in statement of profit and loss and total transaction price including financing component is recognized when control of the goods is transferred to the customer.

Satisfaction of performance obligations

The Company's revenue is derived from the single performance obligation to transfer primarily gold and diamond products under arrangements in which the

transfer of control of the products and the fulfilment of the Company's performance obligation occur at the same time. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the Company has transferred control of the goods to the buyer and the buyer obtains the benefits from the goods, the potential cash flows and the amount of revenue (the transaction price) can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the Company will collect the consideration to which it is entitled to in exchange for the goods.

When either party to a contract has performed, an entity shall present the contract in the balance sheet as a contract asset or a contract liability, depending on the relationship between the entity's performance and the customer's payment. In respect of sale of goods at prices that are yet to be fixed at the year end, adjustments to the provisional amount billed to the customers are recognised based on the year end closing gold rate.

Interest and dividend income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method. Dividends are recognised at the time the right to receive the payment is established. However, no dividend income was earned and recognised by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2026. Other income is recognised when no significant uncertainty as to its determination or realisation exists.

e) (i) Property, plant and equipment*Recognition and initial measurement*

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment are measured at their cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price, non-refundable taxes, directly attributable expenditure incurred to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, and borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation in accordance with Ind AS 23, where applicable. Capital expenditure incurred on leased premises is recognized as 'Leasehold improvements' under property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit and loss as incurred.

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

The cost of property, plant and equipment, at 1st April 2016, the Company's date of transition to Ind AS, was determined with reference to its carrying value recognised as per the previous GAAP (deemed cost), as at the date of transition to Ind AS.

Subsequent measurement (depreciation and useful lives)

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on written-down value basis, computed on the basis of useful lives (as set out below) prescribed in Schedule II of the Act:

Asset category	Estimated useful life (in years)
Buildings	30
Plant and equipments	15
Office equipments	5
Computers	3 for data processing units and 6 for servers
Furniture and fixtures	10
Vehicles	8 for motor cars and 10 for scooters

Leasehold improvements have been amortised over the estimated useful life of the assets or the period of lease, whichever is lower. The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation and amortisation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

(ii) Intangible assets

An intangible asset is a non-monetary, identifiable item without any physical substance that is within the control of an entity and is capable of generating future economic benefits for the entity.

Recognition and initial measurement

Intangible assets are recognised as per the cost model. As per the cost model an intangible asset is carried at cost

less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses after initial recognition.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company. All other costs are recognised in statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Subsequent measurement (amortisation and useful lives)

Amortisation of intangible assets is provided on straight-line basis, computed on the basis of useful lives estimated by the management. The useful life of an intangible asset would include the renewal period(s) only if there is enough evidence to support the renewal by the entity without a significant cost.

Asset category	Estimated useful life (in years)
Software	10
Trademark	10

De-recognition

An item of intangible asset and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

Intangible assets under development represents the cost of intangible assets that are not ready for their intended use as at the balance sheet date.

f) Leases

The Company as a lessee

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of property leases. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use ("ROU") asset and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements include the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are re-measured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Company changes its assessment whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

g) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication based on internal/external factors, that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount and the reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. All assets are subsequently reassessed for indications that an impairment loss previously recognised may no longer exist. An impairment loss is reversed if the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount.

h) Financial instruments

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted for transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

i. **Financial instruments at amortised cost** – The financial instrument is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. All the debt instruments of the Company are measured at amortised cost.

ii. **Mutual funds** – All mutual funds in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is primarily de-recognised when the right to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the asset.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and transaction cost that is attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities is also adjusted. These liabilities are classified as amortised cost.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. These liabilities include borrowings.



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Compound financial instruments

Compound financial instruments are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of the contract. On issuance of the said instrument, the liability component is arrived by discounting the gross sum at a market rate for an equivalent non-convertible instrument. This amount is classified as a financial liability measured at amortised cost until it is extinguished on conversion or redemption. The remainder of the proceeds is recognised as equity component of compound financial instrument. This is recognised and included in shareholders' equity, net of income-tax effects, and not subsequently re-measured.

Derivative contracts and hedge accounting (also refer note 37)

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value.

Embedded derivatives

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid (combined) instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract – with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a standalone derivative. An embedded derivative causes some or all of the cash flows that otherwise would be required by the contract to be modified according to a specified variable. The Company enters into purchase gold contract, in which the amount payable is not fixed based on gold price on the date of purchase, but instead is affected by changes in gold prices in future. Such transactions are entered into to protect against the risk of gold price movement in the purchased gold. Accordingly, such unfixed payables are considered to have an embedded

derivative. The Company designates the gold price risk in such instruments as hedging instruments, with gold inventory considered to be the hedged item. The hedged risk is gold prices in USD.

At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Company formally designates and documents the hedge relationship to which the Company wishes to apply hedge accounting and the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The documentation includes the Company's risk management objective and strategy for undertaking hedge, the hedging/ economic relationship, the hedged item or transaction, the nature of the risk being hedged, hedge ratio and how the entity will assess the effectiveness of changes in the hedging instrument's fair value in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value attributable to the hedged risk. Such hedges are expected to be highly effective in achieving offsetting changes in fair value and are assessed on an ongoing basis to determine that they actually have been highly effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which they were designated.

Changes in fair value of the hedging instrument attributable to the risk hedged is recorded as part of the carrying value of the hedged item.

Other derivatives

The Company also uses foreign exchange forward contracts to hedge its exposure towards foreign currency. These foreign exchange forward contracts are not used for trading or speculation purposes. A derivative contract is recognised as an asset or a liability on the commitment date. Outstanding derivative contracts as at reporting date are fair valued and recognised as financial asset/ financial liability, with the resultant gain/(loss) being recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

i) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. When estimating the cash flows, the Company is required to consider –

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

Trade receivables

The Company applies simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109, financial instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of receivables.

Other financial assets

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition and if credit risk has increased significantly, impairment loss is provided.

j) Inventories

Raw Material: Lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined on first in first out ('FIFO') basis.

Work in progress: Lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined on FIFO basis upto estimated stage of completion.

Finished goods: Lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined on FIFO basis, includes direct material and labour expenses and appropriate proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal capacity for manufactured goods.

Stock in trade: Lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined on first in first out ('FIFO') basis.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

k) Taxes on income

Tax expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss comprises the sum of deferred tax and current tax not recognised in Other Comprehensive Income ('OCI') or directly in equity.

Current income-tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the

Indian Income-tax Act 1961. Current income-tax relating to items recognised outside the statement of profit and loss is recognised outside the statement of profit and loss (either in OCI or in equity).

Deferred income-tax is calculated using the liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised in full for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that the underlying tax loss, unused tax credits or deductible temporary difference will be utilised against future taxable income. This is assessed based on the Company's forecast of future operating results, adjusted for significant non-taxable income and expenses and specific limits on the use of any unused tax loss or credit. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside the statement of profit and loss is recognised outside the statement of profit and loss (either in OCI or in equity).

l) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits with banks and short-term highly liquid investments (original maturity less than three months) that are readily convertible into known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

m) Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

n) Post-employment, long term and short term employee benefits*Defined contribution plans*

Provident fund benefit is a defined contribution plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into funds established under the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952. The Company has no

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions after payment of the fixed contribution.

Defined benefit plans

Gratuity is a post-employment benefit defined under The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 and is in the nature of a defined benefit plan. The liability recognised in the financial statements in respect of gratuity is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date, together with adjustments for unrecognised actuarial gains or losses and past service costs. The defined benefit obligation is calculated at the end of each reporting period by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are credited or charged to the OCI in the year in which such gains or losses are determined.

Management's estimate of the Defined benefit obligation (DBO) is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, medical cost trends, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

Other long-term employee benefits

Liability in respect of compensated absences is estimated on the basis of an actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged to the statement of profit and loss in the year in which such gains or losses are determined.

Short-term employee benefits

Expense in respect of other short term benefits is recognised on the basis of the amount paid or payable for the period during which services are rendered by the employee.

o) Share based payments

Employee stock option plan

The fair value of options granted under Employee Stock Option Plan is recognised as an employee benefits expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of

the options. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At the end of each period, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market vesting and service conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the statement of profit and loss, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

p) Operating expenses

Operating expenses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss upon utilisation of the service or as incurred.

q) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisitions, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is necessary to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred and reported in finance costs.

r) Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received on sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The Company classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability.

For assets and liabilities recognised at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing the categorisation at the end of each reporting period based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

s) Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised only when there is a present obligation, as a result of past events, and when a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

Contingent liability is disclosed for:

- Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or
- Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets are not recognised. However, when inflow of economic benefit is probable, related asset is disclosed.

t) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events including a bonus issue.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares except for anti-dilutive potential equity shares.

u) Equity, reserves and dividend payment

Equity shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Retained earnings include current and prior period retained profits. The aforementioned transactions with owners of the Company are recorded separately within equity. The Board of Directors of the Company have not recommended any dividend for the year.

v) Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the related disclosures.

Significant management judgements and estimates

The following are significant management judgements and estimates in applying the accounting policies of the Company that have the most significant effect on the financial statements:

Recognition of deferred tax assets – The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognised is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilised.

Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets – The evaluation of applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.

Recoverability of advances/receivables – At each balance sheet date, based on historical default rates observed over expected life, the management assesses the expected credit loss on outstanding receivables and advances.

Defined benefit obligation (DBO) – Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, medical cost trends, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

Fair value measurements – Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available).



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. Management uses the best information available. Estimated fair values may vary from the actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date.

Useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets – Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical and economic obsolescence.

Note 4: Non-current assets

a) Property, plant and equipment

(₹ in crore)									
Particulars	Freehold land	Buildings	Leasehold improvements	Plant and equipments	Office equipments	Computers	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Total
Gross block									
As at 1 April 2024	7.58	3.11	52.92	5.96	19.77	5.75	4.60	4.58	104.27
Additions/Adjustments	-	-	-	0.40	0.06	0.00*	-	-	0.46
Disposals/Adjustments	-	-	(12.51)	(0.07)	(1.90)	(0.30)	(0.38)	(2.32)	(17.48)
As at 31 March 2025	7.58	3.11	40.41	6.29	17.93	5.45	4.22	2.26	87.25
Additions/Adjustments	-	-	-	0.02	0.39	0.48	-	1.56	2.45
Disposals/Adjustments	-	-	(1.12)	-	(0.03)	0.00*	(0.10)	-	(1.25)
As at 31 March 2026	7.58	3.11	39.29	6.31	18.29	5.93	4.12	3.82	88.45
Accumulated depreciation									
As at 1 April 2024	-	1.84	49.32	4.46	19.75	5.30	4.41	4.12	89.20
Charge for the year	-	0.12	1.18	0.14	0.04	0.11	0.11	0.04	1.74
Reversal/adjustment on disposals	-	-	(11.66)	0.00*	(1.90)	(0.28)	(0.36)	(2.23)	(16.43)
As at 31 March 2025	-	1.96	38.84	4.60	17.89	5.13	4.16	1.93	74.51
Charge for the year	-	0.11	0.87	0.24	0.11	0.24	0.06	0.25	1.88
Reversal/adjustment on disposals	-	-	(1.08)	-	(0.02)	0.00*	(0.14)	-	(1.24)
As at 31 March 2026	-	2.07	38.63	4.84	17.98	5.37	4.08	2.18	75.15
Net block:									
As at 31 March 2026	7.58	1.04	0.66	1.47	0.31	0.56	0.04	1.64	13.30
As at 31 March 2025	7.58	1.15	1.57	1.69	0.04	0.32	0.06	0.33	12.74

* Rounded off to two decimal places.

Note 1: The amount of contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment not recognised as a liability as at 31 March 2026 was Nil (31 March 2025: Nil).

Note 2: The title deeds of all immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.

b) Capital work-in-progress

The Company did not have any Capital Work-in-Progress as at 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025. Accordingly, the disclosures relating to ageing of Capital Work-in-Progress and projects whose completion is overdue or have exceeded their original cost are not applicable.

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

c) Other intangible assets

(₹ in crore)			
Particulars	Trademark	Computer software	Total
Gross block:			
As at 1 April 2024	-	1.09	1.09
Additions/Adjustments	-	-	-
Disposals/Adjustments	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2025	-	1.09	1.09
Additions/Adjustments	0.02	-	0.02
Disposals/Adjustments	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2026	0.02	1.09	1.11
Accumulated amortisation			
As at 1 April 2024	-	0.42	0.42
Amortisation charge for the year	-	0.11	0.11
Reversal/adjustment on disposals	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2025	-	0.53	0.53
Amortisation charge for the year	0.00*	0.11	0.11
Reversal/adjustment on disposals	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2026	-	0.64	0.64
Net block:			
As at 31 March 2026	0.02	0.45	0.47
As at 31 March 2025	-	0.56	0.56

*Rounded off to two decimal places

d) Intangible assets under development

(₹ in crore)	
Particulars	Amount
As at 1st April 2024	-
Additions	-
Capitalisations	-
As at 31st March 2025	-
Additions	0.09
Capitalisations	-
As at 31st March 2026	0.09

i) Intangible assets under development aging schedule

(₹ in crore)					
Particulars	As at 31st March 2026				
	Less than 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
a) Projects in progress	0.09	-	-	-	0.09
b) Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

ii) Intangible assets under development aging schedule

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025					(₹ in crore)
	Less than 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total	
a) Projects in progress	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note 5: Non-current financial assets - Investments

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Investments in equity instruments (unquoted) - fully paid up - at cost		
(a) In subsidiary companies		
Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited	0.01	0.01
10,000 (31 March 2025: 10,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each		
PC Jeweller Global FZCO*	133.86	133.86
73,400 (31 March 2025: 73,400) equity shares of AED 1,000 each		
PC Gems & Jewellery Limited	0.05	0.05
50,000 (31 March 2025: 50,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each		
	133.92	133.92
*Formerly known as PC Jeweller Global DMCC		
(b) In others		
Transforming Retail Private Limited	0.01	0.01
10,000 (31 March 2025: 10,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each		
PC Universal Private Limited	0.05	0.05
50,000 (31 March 2025: 50,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each		
	0.06	0.06
Less: Provision for impairment	(0.05)	(0.05)
	0.01	0.01
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	133.98	133.98
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investment	(0.05)	(0.05)
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments (net of impairment)	133.93	133.93

Note 6: Financial assets - Loans

	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
(Unsecured and considered good, unless stated otherwise)				
Loan to subsidiaries (refer note (a) below and note 35)				
-Considered good- unsecured	5.62	16.67	9.12	16.07
Less: Provision for impairment	-	(2.79)	-	(2.19)
Loan to subsidiaries, net	5.62	13.88	9.12	13.88
Loan to other body corporate(s) (refer note (a) below)				
-Considered good- unsecured	82.98	70.87	82.98	65.77
Less: Provision for impairment	(74.75)	(70.77)	(74.75)	(65.57)
Loan to other body corporate(s), net	8.23	0.10	8.23	0.20
Total	13.85	13.98	17.35	14.08

(a) Loans have been given to Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited (subsidiary), Shivani Sarees Private Limited and PC Universal Private Limited (body corporates) for business purposes.

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 7: Other financial assets

	(₹ in crore)			
	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
(Unsecured and considered good)				
Deposits with maturity of more than 12 months	-	-	-	-
Security deposits				
-Considered good- unsecured	9.25	7.98	13.61	0.55
Total	9.25	7.98	13.61	0.55

Note 8: Deferred tax assets (net)

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Deferred tax asset arising on account of		
Difference between accounting base and tax base of property, plant and equipment	9.80	10.75
Provision for employee benefits	1.48	1.32
Provision for discount	0.41	0.11
Others	1.17	1.19
	12.86	13.37
Deferred tax liability arising on account of		
Right-of-use assets as per Ind AS - 116	(0.37)	(0.36)
	(0.37)	(0.36)
Net deferred tax assets	12.49	13.01

(a) Changes in deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities from 1 April 2025 to 31 March 2026

Particulars	(₹ in crore)				
	Opening balance as on 1 April 2025	Recognised/ (reversed) in statement of profit and loss	Recognised/ (reversed) in other comprehensive income	Recognised/ (reversed) directly in equity	Closing balance as on 31 March 2026
Deferred tax asset arising on account of					
Difference between accounting base and tax base of property, plant and equipment	10.75	(0.95)	-	-	9.80
Provision for employee benefits	1.32	(0.11)	0.27	-	1.48
Provision for discount	0.11	0.30	-	-	0.41
Others	1.19	(0.02)	-	-	1.17
	13.37	(0.78)	0.27	-	12.86
Deferred tax liability arising on account of					
Right-of-use assets as per Ind AS - 116	(0.36)	(0.01)	-	-	(0.37)
	(0.36)	(0.01)	-	-	(0.37)
Net deferred tax assets	13.01	(0.79)	0.27	-	12.49



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

(b) Changes in deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities from 1 April 2024 to 31 March 2025

Particulars	(₹ in crore)				
	Opening balance as on 1 April 2024	Recognised/ (reversed) in statement of profit and loss	Recognised/ (reversed) in other comprehensive income	Recognised/ (reversed) directly in equity	Closing balance as on 31 March 2025
Deferred tax asset arising on account of					
Difference between accounting base and tax base of property, plant and equipment	-	10.75	-	-	10.75
Provision for employee benefits	-	1.43	(0.11)	-	1.32
Provision for discount	-	0.11	-	-	0.11
Others	-	1.19	-	-	1.19
	-	13.48	(0.11)	-	13.37
Deferred tax liability arising on account of					
Right-of-use assets as per Ind AS - 116	-	(0.36)	-	-	(0.36)
	-	(0.36)	-	-	(0.36)
Net deferred tax assets	-	13.12	(0.11)	-	13.01

There has been a significant increase in the operational efficiency of the company which has resulted in increased sales and taxable profits which has ultimately brought back investor and customer confidence in the management's decision. After review and reassessment, the management is confident that the company has started moving on the track of growth and there is no such uncertainty w.r.t future taxable profits which existed before. As a result the Company has recognised Deferred Tax Assets (on net basis) during the year ended 31st March, 2025 in accordance with Ind AS-12.

Note 9: Other assets

	(₹ in crore)			
	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Advance to suppliers	-	236.03	-	18.00
Balances with statutory authorities	-	6.27	-	23.06
Prepaid expenses	1.67	0.57	3.67	1.23
Others	-	2.03	-	2.08
	1.67	244.90	3.67	44.37

Note 10: Inventories

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
(valued at lower of cost and net realisable value)		
Raw materials	9.04	9.21
Work-in-progress	5,133.52	4,456.42
Finished goods*	1,881.50	2,009.78
	7,024.06	6,475.41

*Includes Stock-in-trade

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 11: Trade receivables

	(₹ in crore)			
	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Considered good - unsecured [#]	1,053.34	636.02	1,164.39	350.89
Credit impaired	225.59	55.80	240.70	24.41
Less: Loss allowance	(225.59)	(55.80)	(240.70)	(24.41)
	1,053.34	636.02	1,164.39	350.89

[#]Includes amount of unrealised foreign currency gain of ₹ 498.01 crore (31 March 2025: ₹ 309.60 crore)

The net carrying amount of trade receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Trade receivables (Non-current) ageing schedule for the year ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025:

Particulars	Amount Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						(₹ in crore)
							Total
	Not Due	Less than 6	6 Months	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	More than 3	
	31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	Months 31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	to 1 Year 31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	Years 31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)
1. Undisputed Trade receivables-Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	1,053.34	1,053.34
	-	-	-	-	-	1,164.39	1,164.39
2. Undisputed Trade Receivables-which have significant increase in credit Risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Undisputed Trade Receivables-credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	225.59	225.59
	-	-	-	-	-	240.70	240.70
4. Disputed Trade Receivables -Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Disputed Trade Receivables -which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6. Disputed Trade Receivables-Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	1,278.93	1,278.93
	-	-	-	-	-	1,405.09	1,405.09
Less: Allowance for Credit Loss							(225.59)
							(240.70)
Total Trade Receivables							1,053.34
							1,164.39



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Trade receivables (Current) ageing schedule for the year ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025:

Particulars	Amount Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						(₹ in crore)
	Not Due	Less than 6 Months	6 Months to 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
	31-03-2026	31-03-2026	31-03-2026	31-03-2026	31-03-2026	31-03-2026	31-03-2026
	(31-03-2025)	(31-03-2025)	(31-03-2025)	(31-03-2025)	(31-03-2025)	(31-03-2025)	(31-03-2025)
1. Undisputed Trade receivables-Considered good	2.87	0.00*	-	0.17	-	632.98	636.02
	0.91	0.02	0.15	0.01	0.32	349.48	350.89
2. Undisputed Trade Receivables-which have significant increase in credit Risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Undisputed Trade Receivables-credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	55.80	55.80
	-	-	-	-	-	24.41	24.41
4. Disputed Trade Receivables -Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Disputed Trade Receivables -which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6. Disputed Trade Receivables- Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2.87	0.00*	-	0.17	-	688.78	691.82
	0.91	0.02	0.15	0.01	0.32	373.89	375.30
Less: Allowance for Credit Loss							(55.80)
							(24.41)
Total Trade Receivables							636.02
							350.89

*Rounded off to two decimal places

Note 12: Cash and cash equivalents

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Balances with banks - in current accounts*	18.70	44.46
Cheques on hand	-	0.02
Cash on hand	47.19	15.33
Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months [^]	66.43	-
	132.32	59.81

*Includes proceeds from preferential issue of convertible share warrants amounting to ₹ 9.03 crores (31 March 2025: ₹ 18.90 crores) lying unutilised in monitoring accounts.

[^]Includes proceeds from preferential issue of convertible share warrants amounting to ₹ 66.31 crores lying unutilised in monitoring accounts.

There are no repatriation restrictions with regard to cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the reporting period and prior period.

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 13: Other bank balances

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Deposits with maturity of more than 3 months but less than 12 months (refer note a below)	1.77	1.54
Unclaimed dividend account (refer note b below)	-	0.05
	1.77	1.59

(a) Inter-alia includes deposits of ₹ 0.02 crore (31 March 2025: ₹ 0.02 crore) which are earmarked.

(b) Not due for deposit to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.

Note 14: Equity share capital

	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Number of shares	Amount (₹ in crore)	Number of shares	Amount (₹ in crore)
a) Authorised share capital				
(i) Equity shares of face value ₹ 1 each	10,50,00,00,000	1,050.00	10,00,00,00,000	1,000.00
(ii) Preference shares of face value ₹ 10 each	26,00,00,00,000	260.00	26,00,00,00,000	260.00
b) Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital				
Equity shares of face value ₹ 1 each	8,64,86,03,175	864.86	6,35,52,84,100	635.53
c) Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year				
Shares outstanding as at the beginning of the year	6,35,52,84,100	635.53	46,54,03,896	465.40
Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of convertible share warrants [^]	2,11,27,63,520	211.28	11,84,13,052	118.42
Increase in shares due to face value split*	-	-	5,25,43,52,532	Not applicable
Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of debt into equity [§]	-	-	51,71,14,620	51.71
Issue of shares by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis [@]	18,05,55,555	18.05	-	-
Shares outstanding as at the end of the year	8,64,86,03,175	864.86	6,35,52,84,100	635.53

[^]During the financial year ended 31st March 2025, after receipt of 25% of the Issue Price of ₹ 56.20 per Fully Convertible Share Warrant ("Warrant") as subscription amount in accordance with the provisions of the SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, the Company made preferential allotment of 11,50,00,000 Warrants on 30th September 2024 and 36,58,02,500 Warrants on 11th October 2024 to Promoter Group and Non-Promoter, Public category entities. Subsequently, the Board of Directors of the Company by means of resolutions passed by circulations on i) 15th October 2024 allotted 4,35,972 equity shares (face value ₹ 10/- each); ii) 30th October 2024 allotted 3,38,85,000 equity shares (face value ₹ 10/- each); iii) 12th November 2024 allotted 3,63,75,000 equity shares (face value ₹ 10/- each); iv) 29th November 2024 allotted 39,87,900 equity shares (face value ₹ 10/- each); and v) 19th December 2024 allotted 43,72,91,800 equity shares (face value ₹ 1/- each), upon conversion of Warrants after receipt of balance 75% of the Issue Price per Warrant.

During the financial year ended 31st March 2026, the Board of Directors of the Company by means of resolutions passed by circulations allotted total 211,27,63,520 equity shares of ₹1 each in total 13 tranches i.e., i) 18,92,50,000 equity shares on 29th April 2025; ii) 3,08,42,400 equity shares on 29th May 2025; iii) 34,67,82,850 equity shares on 25th July 2025; iv) 97,84,800 equity shares on 13th August 2025; v) 13,61,24,000 equity shares on 9th September 2025; vi) 7,81,14,890 equity shares on 18th October 2025; vii) 17,56,260 equity shares on 15th November 2025; viii) 6,85,50,000 equity shares on 22nd January 2026; ix) 51,24,68,600 equity shares on 31st January 2026; x) 10,72,37,000 equity shares on 24th February 2026; xi) 35,18,36,870 equity shares on 23rd March 2026; xii) 20,09,70,560 equity shares on



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

28th March 2026; and xiii) 7,90,45,290 equity shares on 31st March 2026, upon conversion of Warrants allotted during the financial year ended 31 March 2025 after receipt of balance 75% of the Issue Price per Warrant.

*On and from the record date of 16th December 2024, the face value of equity shares of the Company has been sub-divided/splitted, such that 1 (one) equity share having face value of ₹ 10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each, fully paid-up, stands sub-divided into 10 (ten) equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- (Rupee One Only) each, fully paid-up, ranking pari-passu in all respects.

§During the financial year ended 31st March 2025, the Board of Directors of the Company vide a resolution passed by circulation on 17th March 2025 made preferential allotment of 51,71,14,620 fully paid-up equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- each at an issue price of ₹ 29.20 per share to the Consortium Lenders comprising of 14 Banks, against part of their outstanding debts amounting to ₹ 1509.97 crores as per the Joint Settlement Agreement dated 30th September 2024 entered into amongst the Company and its Consortium Lenders.

®The Board of Directors of the Company by means of a resolution passed by circulation on 18th September 2025 allotted 18,05,55,555 equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- each at an issue price of ₹ 18/- per share by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis to Capital Ventures Private Limited, an entity belonging to 'Non-Promoter, Public category'.

d) Terms and rights attached to equity shares

As at 31 March 2026, the Company has only one class of equity shares having a face value of ₹ 1/- each. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends, if any, in Indian Rupees. In the event of liquidation of the Company, holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential payments. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the equity shareholders.

e) Shares reserved for issue under options

3,461,867 equity shares are reserved for issue under the Employees' Stock Option Plan of the Company. Information relating to Employees' stock option plan, including details of options granted, exercised and lapsed during the financial year and options outstanding at the end of the reporting period, is set out in note 34.

f) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares of the Company

	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Number of shares [^]	% of holding	Number of shares	% of holding
Equity shares of face value of ₹ 1 each				
Mr. Balram Garg	2,04,28,21,000	23.62	2,04,28,21,000	32.14
Unico Global Opportunities Fund Limited	54,50,00,000	6.30	-	-
New Track Garments Private Limited	50,00,00,000	5.78	-	-
Mrs. Krishna Devi	48,46,28,130	5.60	48,46,28,130	7.63
	3,57,24,49,130	41.30	2,52,74,49,130	39.77

g) Disclosure of shareholding of Promoters

	Equity shares held by promoters				
Name of Promoter	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025		% change during the year*
	Number of shares	% of total shares	Number of shares	% of total shares	
Mr. Balram Garg	2,04,28,21,000	23.62	2,04,28,21,000	32.14	(8.52)

*Preferential allotment of equity shares to other entities resulted in dilution of shareholding by 8.52%

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

- h) The details of shares issued pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash, or allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares or bought back any shares during the period of five years immediately preceding the date of balance sheet are as under:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
a. Aggregate number and class of shares allotted as fully paid up pursuant to contract/(s) without payment being received in cash	-	-	-	-	-	-
b. Aggregate number and class of share allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares	-	-	-	-	-	15000*
c. Aggregate number and class of shares bought back	-	-	-	-	-	-

* Bonus options / equity shares allotted to the eligible employees pursuant to the adjustment made under PC Jeweller Limited Employee Stock Option Plan – 2011 due to corporate action of issue of bonus equity shares by the Company in the ratio of 1:1.

Note 15: Other equity

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Retained earnings	2,556.48	1,845.86
General reserve	87.27	87.27
Securities premium	4,357.35	3,074.31
Money received against convertible share warrants	213.92	509.16
Capital Reserve	42.15	-
Other comprehensive income	5.07	5.86
	7,262.24	5,522.46

Retained earnings

Retained earnings are created from the profit/loss of the Company, as adjusted for distributions to owners, transfers to other reserves, etc.

General reserve

Under the Companies Act 1956, general reserve was created through an annual transfer of net income at a specified percentage in accordance with Companies (Transfer of profits to Reserve) Rules, 1975. Consequent to introduction of the Companies Act 2013, there is no such requirement to mandatorily transfer a specified percentage of the net profit to general reserve.

Securities premium

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The premium will be utilised in accordance with provisions of the Companies Act 2013.

Money received against convertible share warrants

Convertible share warrants refer to instruments issued by a company that give the holder the right to acquire equity shares at a future date, at a pre-agreed price. This mechanism is often used by companies to raise capital commitments while deferring actual equity dilution. As per the SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, in the case of warrants, an amount equivalent to at least 25% of the consideration shall be paid against each warrant on the date of allotment of warrants and the balance 75% of the consideration shall be paid at the time of allotment of the equity shares pursuant to exercise of options against each such warrant by the warrant holder. In case the warrant holder does not exercise the option for equity shares against any of the warrants held by the warrant holder, the consideration paid in respect of such warrant shall be forfeited. Warrants are convertible into equity shares within a maximum period of 18 months from the date of their allotment.



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve represents capital profits arising from transactions of a capital nature that are not available for distribution as dividends to shareholders. Such reserve primarily comprises amounts arising from capital transactions, including gains on forfeiture of shares/ share warrants and other capital profits, and is utilised only for the purposes permitted under the applicable provisions of law.

Other comprehensive income

It represents the changes in the remeasurements of employee defined benefit plans.

Note 16: Provisions

	(₹ in crore)			
	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Provision for employee benefits obligations (refer note 33)	3.46	2.39	3.14	2.10
	3.46	2.39	3.14	2.10

Note 17: Current financial liabilities - Borrowings

	Interest rate	Maturity date	(₹ in crore)		Remarks
			As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025	
Secured (carried at amortised cost)					
From Banks:					
Liability towards Consortium Banks after settlement	8.75%^	30-09-2026	1,072.12	2,060.12	Refer note (i) & (ii)
Total			1,072.12	2,060.12	
Unsecured					
Loan from promoter	Interest free	Payable on demand	-	4.29	
Total current financial liabilities- borrowings			1,072.12	2,064.41	

[^]SBI MCLR 2 year rate existing as on 31st March 2026

- (i) Liability towards consortium banks after settlement is secured against first pari passu charge on current assets, property, plant and equipment and fixed deposits of the Company. These loans are further fully secured by personal guarantees of promoter director and other individuals alongwith corporate guarantees and collateral securities of other companies. During the financial year ended 31st March 2026, the company has been regularly meeting its outstanding financial obligations through timely payment of installments as per payment schedule agreed between the Banks and the Company as per Joint Settlement Agreement.
- (ii) During the financial year ended 31st March 2025, the outstanding bank borrowings and related obligations were settled through the One Time Settlement (OTS) approval of Consortium Lenders comprising of 14 Banks. Accordingly, the Company made payments of the Cash Consideration to the Consortium Lenders that it had to pay as per the timelines mentioned in the settlement agreement. Also, the Board of Directors of the Company vide a resolution passed by circulation on 17th March 2025, made preferential allotment of 51,71,14,620 fully paid-up equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- each at an issue price of ₹ 29.20 per share to the Consortium Lenders, against part of their outstanding debts amounting to ₹ 1509.97 crores. The outstanding financial liability as per books of accounts is recognized net of payments made as per the terms of Joint Settlement Agreement and continues to be recognized pending final discharge in accordance with the applicable accounting standards. Hence, there are no more defaults pending in payment to lender banks as on 31st March 2025 and 31st March 2026. The Board of the Company in its meeting held on 19th October 2024 approved the repayment of entire settlement amount to Consortium Lenders on or before 31st March 2026 subject to conversion of all outstanding Fully Convertible Warrants into equity shares of the Company on or before 31st March 2026. Accordingly, the entire outstanding debt of Consortium Lenders has been classified as current liabilities.

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 18: Trade payables

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Trade payables		
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 40)	0.01	0.03
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	15.84	13.74
	15.85	13.77

Trade payables ageing schedule for the year ended as on 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025

Particulars	Amount Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					(₹ in crore)
	Not Due 31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	Less than 1 year 31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	1-2 years 31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	2-3 years 31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	More than 3 years 31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	Total 31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)
1. MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	0.02	-	-	-	0.02
2. Others	-	1.32	0.53	0.02	13.97	15.84
	-	0.88	0.05	0.10	12.71	13.74
3. Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.01
	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.01
4. Disputed dues-others	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	1.32	0.53	0.02	13.98	15.85
	-	0.90	0.05	0.10	12.72	13.77

Note 19: Other current financial liabilities

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Unpaid dividends	-	0.05*
Employee related payables	4.13	3.56
Others	6.89	7.13
	11.02	10.74

*Not due for deposit to the Investor Education and Protection Fund

Note 20: Other current liabilities

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Advances received from customers	24.79	12.60
Statutory dues payable	0.83	1.70
Others	25.36	24.16
	50.98	38.46



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 21: Revenue from operations

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Sale of products	3,352.88	2,243.25
	3,352.88	2,243.25

Note 22: Other income

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Interest income on:		
Income-tax refund	1.53	51.39
Fixed deposits with banks	0.52	0.09
Loan to subsidiaries	0.60	0.60
Loan to body corporate(s)	5.78	5.46
Other financial assets carried at amortised cost	1.52	1.95
Net gain on foreign currency transactions and translations (refer note 38(ii)A)	187.14	45.65
Liabilities written back	-	17.40
Other non-operating income	0.20	5.28
	197.29	127.82

Note 23: Cost of materials consumed

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Raw material		
Balance at the beginning of the year	9.21	2.19
Add: Purchases during the year	2,869.39	2,545.36
Less: Balance at the end of the year	9.04	9.21
	2,869.56	2,538.34

Note 24: Purchases of stock-in-trade

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Purchases of stock-in-trade	281.07	239.53
	281.07	239.53

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 25: Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Opening balance		
Work-in-progress	4,456.42	3,455.80
Finished goods*	2,009.78	2,004.43
	6,466.20	5,460.23
Closing balance		
Work-in-progress	5,133.52	4,456.42
Finished goods*	1,881.50	2,009.78
	7,015.02	6,466.20
	(548.82)	(1,005.97)

*Includes Stock-in-trade

Note 26: Employee benefits expense

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Salaries and wages	27.89	24.06
Contribution to provident and other funds	0.74	0.82
Staff welfare expenses	0.60	0.50
	29.23	25.38

Note 27: Finance costs

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Interest expense on financial liabilities at amortised cost	121.89	42.83
Interest on lease liabilities	10.98	8.43
	132.87	51.26

Note 28: Depreciation and amortisation expenses

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	1.88	1.74
Amortisation of right-of-use assets	18.23	15.50
Amortisation of intangible assets	0.11	0.11
	20.22	17.35



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 29: Other expenses

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Advertisement and publicity	4.91	2.48
Labour charges	1.85	1.51
Hallmarking charges	0.85	0.53
Consumption of packing material	0.69	0.73
Rent (refer note 42)	1.18	10.14
Business promotion	2.87	1.44
Communication	0.55	0.52
Repairs and maintenance	2.45	2.53
Provision for impairment	5.80	5.52
Discount and commission	0.44	0.49
Electricity and water	3.95	3.88
Vehicle running and maintenance	0.17	0.09
Insurance	0.25	0.16
Legal and professional (including payment to auditors) (refer note (a) below)	7.97	6.40
Rates and taxes	0.57	0.71
Printing and stationery	0.11	0.11
Security expenses	3.55	3.85
Travelling and conveyance	0.67	1.13
Loss on investments measured at FVTPL	-	0.93
Expected credit loss on trade receivables	16.29	1.42
Net loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	0.00*	0.81
Bank charges	1.00	0.73
Donation Expense	0.76	-
Expenditure on corporate social responsibility activities (refer note 43)	-	-
Miscellaneous expenses	1.22	10.95
	58.10	57.06
<i>*Rounded off to two decimal places</i>		
(a) Payment to the auditors:		
- As auditors	0.08	0.08
- For other services (including limited reviews)	0.25	0.23
- For reimbursement of expenses	0.01	0.01
Total	0.34	0.32

Note 30: Exceptional Items

The Government of India has notified the four New Labour Codes, effective from 21st November 2025 - the Code on Wages, 2019, the Industrial Relations Code, 2020, the Code on Social Security, 2020, and the Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020 - consolidating 29 existing labour laws. Based on an actuarial valuation and the best information available, and consistent with guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the Company has recognised the incremental impact of these changes on employee benefits and statutory contributions. Considering its regulatory-driven and non-recurring nature, the impact of ₹ 0.67 crore has been presented as an Exceptional Item for the year ended 31st March 2026. This primarily arises due to the change in the definition of wages under the Code on Wages.

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 31: Income tax

(a) Income-tax expense through the statement of profit and loss

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the year	-	-
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	(4.14)	(113.85)
	(4.14)	(113.85)
Deferred tax:		
In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences	0.79	(13.12)
Total tax expense	(3.35)	(126.97)

(b) Income-tax on other comprehensive income

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Re-measurement of defined benefit obligations	0.27	(0.11)
Total tax expense recognised in other comprehensive income	0.27	(0.11)

(c) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate:

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Accounting profit before income-tax	707.27	448.12
Applicable Indian statutory income-tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
Computed expected tax expense	178.01	112.78
Effect of:		
Tax adjusted due to business loss brought forward under income-tax act, 1961	(178.01)	(112.78)
Income-taxes relating to earlier periods (refer notes (a) & (b) below)	(4.14)	(113.85)
Deferred tax asset recognised during the year (refer note 8)	0.79	(13.12)
Income-tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	(3.35)	(126.97)

Note:

- (a) During the year ended 31st March 2026, the Company has accounted income-tax reversals ₹ 3.95 crore pertaining to prior years arising due to income-tax refunds of ₹ 2.53 crores and ₹ 1.42 crores for the A.Y. 2015-16 & A.Y. 2016-17 respectively, pursuant to orders received under section 254 of the Income-tax Act, 1961. The interest on the aforementioned income-tax refunds amounting to ₹ 1.49 crores have been duly recorded as other income during the year ended 31st March 2026.
- (b) During the year ended 31st March 2025, the Company has accounted income-tax reversals ₹ 113.85 crore pertaining to prior years arising due to income-tax refunds of ₹ 34.13 crores, ₹ 37.26 crores and ₹ 42.46 crores for the A.Y. 2015-16, A.Y. 2016-17 & A.Y. 2017-18 respectively, pursuant to orders received under section 250 of the Income-tax Act, 1961. The refund amount has been adjusted against outstanding demand of A.Y. 2018-19. The interest on the aforementioned income-tax refunds amounting to ₹ 51.39 crores have been duly recorded as other income during the year ended 31st March 2025.
- (c) The Company is following the option exercised for concessional tax rate permitted under section 115BAA of the Income-tax Act, 1961 for the financial year ended 31st March 2026 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance 2019.



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 32: Earnings per share ('EPS')

		(₹ in crore)	
Particulars	Units	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
The numerators and denominators used to calculate the basic and diluted EPS are as follows:			
Net profit attributable to shareholders for Basic EPS	₹ in crore	710.62	575.09
Weighted average number of equity shares for Basic EPS [#]	Nos.	7,12,70,57,029	5,09,56,94,781
Nominal value of equity shares	₹	1.00	1.00
Earnings per share (Basic)	₹	1.00	1.13
Net profit attributable to shareholders for Diluted EPS	₹ in crore	710.62	575.09
Weighted average number of equity shares for Diluted EPS [#]	Nos.	7,12,70,57,029	5,09,56,94,781
Add:- Adjustment for potential equity shares (Convertible Share warrants) [§]	Nos.	1,21,11,30,960	3,62,38,94,480
Weighted average number of equity shares for Diluted EPS	Nos.	8,33,81,87,989	8,71,95,89,261
Earnings per share (Diluted)	₹	0.85	0.66

[#]On and from the Record Date of 16th December 2024, the equity shares of the Company have been sub-divided, such that 1 (one) equity share having face value of ₹10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each, fully paid-up, stands sub-divided into 10 (ten) equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- (Rupee One Only) each, fully paid-up, ranking pari-passu in all respects.

[§]For calculating Diluted EPS, the company has considered convertible share warrants which are pending conversion into ordinary equity shares.

Note 33: Employee benefits

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Provision for gratuity	5.38	4.81
Provision for compensated absences	0.47	0.43
	5.85	5.24

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss and the amount recognised in the balance sheet for the defined benefit plan.

	(₹ in crore)	
	Gratuity benefits	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation:		
Opening defined benefit obligation	4.81	4.59
Interest cost	0.32	0.34
Past service cost	0.61	-
Current service cost	0.45	0.41
Benefits paid	(1.95)	(0.12)
Actuarial (gains) on obligation	1.14	(0.41)
Closing defined benefit obligation	5.38	4.81

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

(₹ in crore)

	Gratuity benefits	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss:		
Current service cost	0.45	0.41
Past service cost	0.61	-
Interest cost	0.32	0.34
	1.38	0.75
(Income)/loss recognised in the other comprehensive income:		
Net actuarial (gain)/loss in the year	1.14	(0.41)
	1.14	(0.41)
Net expense recognised in the total comprehensive income	2.52	0.34
Breakup of actuarial (gain)/loss		
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from change in demographic assumption	Not applicable	Not applicable
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from change in financial assumption	(0.67)	0.05
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from experience adjustment	1.81	(0.46)
	1.14	(0.41)
Actuarial assumptions used		
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Discount rate (%)	7.25	6.75
Long-term rate of compensation increase (%)	5.00	5.00
Average future service (in years)	23.30	21.70
Demographic assumptions used		
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Mortality table	IALM(2012-14)	IALM(2012-14)
Retirement age (in years)	60.00	60.00
Average remaining life (in years)	23.30	21.70

These assumptions were developed by the management with the assistance of independent actuarial valuer. Discount factors are determined close to each year end by reference to government bonds of relevant economic markets and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Other assumptions are based on management's historical experience.

Sensitivity analysis

The significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are the discount rate, the salary growth rate and the average life expectancy. The calculation of the net defined benefit liability is sensitive to these assumptions. The following table summarises the effects of changes in these actuarial assumptions on the defined benefit liability:



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

(₹ in crore)

	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Increase by 1%	Decrease by 1%	Increase by 1%	Decrease by 1%
Discount rate				
Increase/ (decrease) in the defined benefit liability	(0.13)	0.14	(0.12)	0.13
Salary growth rate				
Increase/ (decrease) in the defined benefit liability	0.14	(0.13)	0.13	(0.12)
Average life expectancy				
Increase/ (decrease) in the defined benefit liability	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated as mentioned in note 3(n) of the financial statements. The sensitivity analysis is based on a change in one assumption while not changing all other assumptions. This analysis may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in the assumptions would occur in isolation of one another since some of the assumptions may be co-related.

Based on historical data, the Company expects contributions of ₹ 0.59 crore (31 March 2025 : ₹ 0.54 crore) in the next 12 months.

Amounts for the current and previous four years are as follows:

	(₹ in crore)				
	2025-26	2024-25	2023-24	2022-23	2021-22
Defined benefit obligations	5.38	4.81	4.59	6.16	6.48
Experience gain/(loss) adjustments on planned liabilities	(1.81)	0.46	1.94	0.36	0.41

Compensated absences

The leave obligations cover the Company's liability for sick and earned leaves. The Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for the obligation shown as current provision balance. However, based on past experience, the Company does not expect all employees to take the full amount of accrued leave or require payment within the next 12 months. Therefore, based on the independent actuarial report, provision for compensated absences has been bifurcated as current and non-current.

Actuarial assumptions used

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Discount rate (%)	7.25	6.75
Expected salary escalation rate (%)	5.00	5.00

Defined contribution plans

The Company has certain defined contribution plans. Contributions are made to provident fund in India for employees at the rate of 12% of basic salary as per regulations. The contributions are made to registered provident fund administered by the Government. The obligation of the Company is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further contractual or any constructive obligation. The expense recognised during the period towards defined contribution plan is ₹ 0.54 crore (31 March 2025 : ₹ 0.63 crore). There are no amounts outstanding of post employment benefits, other long-term benefits and share based payment for the current and previous year.

Note 34: Employee Stock Option Plan

PC Jeweller Limited Employee Stock Option Plan 2011

During the year ended 31 March 2012, the Company had formulated Employee Stock Option Scheme referred to as PC Jeweller Limited Employee Stock Option Plan 2011 (the 'Plan') for all eligible employees/directors of the Company and its subsidiaries.

The Plan is implemented by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee in accordance with the authority delegated to it from time to time and subject to the amendments, modifications and alterations to the Plan made by the Company and/or the Board of Directors in

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

this regard. The issuance of the options are under the guidance, advice and directions of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. Each stock option entitles the grantee thereof to apply for and be allotted one equity share of the Company upon vesting.

(a) Vesting schedule:

For eligible employees as identified by Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Options granted under ESOP 2011 shall vest not earlier than one year and not later than five years from the Grant Date. Within the aforesaid period, the Vesting Plan could be different for different eligible employees as may be determined by Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The options granted shall vest so long as the employee continues to be in employment with the Company, i.e., the options will lapse if the employment is terminated prior to vesting. Even after the options are vested, un-exercised options may be forfeited if the services of the employee are terminated for reasons specified in the Plan.

(b) Summary of options granted under the Plan:

	31 March 2026		31 March 2025	
	Average exercise price per share	Number of options	Average exercise price per share	Number of options
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
Options granted during the year	-	-	-	-
Options exercised during the year	-	-	-	-
Options lapsed/forfeited during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	-	-	-	-
Vested and exercisable	-	-	-	-

(c) Exercise price and expiry dates of share options outstanding at the end of the year:

Grant date	Weighted average remaining contractual life of options outstanding as on		Expiry date	Average exercise price per share	Total share options granted	Share options outstanding as on	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025				31 March 2026	31 March 2025
14 May 2015	-	-	13 May 2023	10.00	7,26,300	-	-
25 May 2017	-	-	24 May 2025	10.00	50,000	-	-
01 August 2017	-	-	31 July 2025	10.00	1,00,000	-	-
19 January 2018	-	-	18 January 2026	10.00	8,82,537	-	-
Total						-	-

(d) The fair value of the options granted has been calculated on the date of grant using Black Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

(i)	Grant date	14 May 2015	25 May 2017	01 August 2017	19 January 2018
(ii)	Expiry date	13 May 2023	24 May 2025	31 July 2025	18 January 2026
(iii)	Fair value of options granted (per share)	₹ 318.22	₹ 393.99	₹ 231.55	₹ 536.47
(iv)	Exercise price	₹ 10	₹ 10	₹ 10	₹ 10
(v)	Share price at grant date	₹ 328.50	₹ 452.60	₹ 251.75	₹ 587.35
(vi)	Weighted historical volatility (%)	52.61	52.82	52.48	51.85
(vii)	Time to maturity-years	8 years	8 years	8 years	8 years
(viii)	Expected dividend yield (%)	0.71	1.23	1.23	1.23
(ix)	Risk free interest rate (%)	7.97- 8.04	6.82- 7.09	6.50- 6.83	7.26- 7.37



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

The volatility used in the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model is the annualized standard deviation of the continuously compounded rate of return of the stock over a period of time. Informal tests and preliminary research tends to confirm that estimates of the expected long-term future volatility should be based on historical volatility for a period that approximates the expected life of the options being valued. The Company was listed on BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited on 27 December 2012. The volatility is determined by taking into account the period since the listing of the Company.

Note 35: Related party transactions:

In accordance with the requirement of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24 "Related Party Disclosures", name of the related parties, related party relationships, transactions and outstanding balances including commitments where control exist and with whom transactions have taken place during the reported period are as follows:

List of related parties

Relationship	Name of the related party
Subsidiaries	Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited*
	PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited*
	PC Jeweller Global FZCO (Formerly known as PC Jeweller Global DMCC)*
Stepdown subsidiary	PCJ Mining SARL
Key management personnel (KMP)	Mr. Balram Garg (Promoter and Managing Director)***
	Mr. Vishan Deo [Executive Director (Finance) & Chief Financial Officer] (w.e.f 01/10/2024)**
	Mr. Vijay Panwar (Company Secretary)**
	Mr. Sanjeev Bhatia (Chief Financial Officer) (upto 30/09/2024)**
Relatives of key management personnel	Mrs. Pooja Garg (Wife of Mr. Balram Garg)
Directors	Mr. Ramesh Kumar Sharma (Executive Director)
	Mrs. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi (Independent Director)
	Mr. Mahesh Aggarwal (Independent Director) (w.e.f 30/09/2024)
	Mr. Farangi Lal Kansal (Independent Director) (w.e.f 30/09/2024)
	Mr. Vishan Deo, Executive Director (Finance) (w.e.f 30/09/2024)
	Mr. Krishan Kumar Khurana (Independent Director) (upto 12/09/2024)
	Mr. Manohar Lal Singla (Independent Director) (upto 12/09/2024)
Other entities in which KMP has significant influence	Mr. Miyar Ramanath Nayak (Independent Director) (upto 12/09/2024)
	Balram Garg (HUF)

*Certain directors of the Company are also directors in these entities.

**As per the Companies Act, 2013

***Also refer note 14(f) for parties with more than 5% voting rights.

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Details of transactions between the Company and its related parties are disclosed below:

Particulars	(₹ in crore)					
	Subsidiaries		Key management personnel/ Director and their relatives		Entities where significant influence is exercised by KMP/Directors and/or their relatives having transactions with the Company	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025	31 March 2026	31 March 2025	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
(i) Transactions during the year						
Provision for impairment of accrued interest on loan						
Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited	0.60	0.60	-	-	-	-
	0.60	0.60	-	-	-	-
Interest income on loan						
Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited	0.60	0.60	-	-	-	-
	0.60	0.60	-	-	-	-
Loan repaid by						
Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited	3.50	-	-	-	-	-
	3.50	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of goods and services						
Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited	-	0.01	-	-	-	-
	-	0.01	-	-	-	-
Adjustment towards Advance						
Mr. Vishan Deo	-	-	0.02	0.01	-	-
	-	-	0.02	0.01	-	-
Rent paid						
Mr. Balram Garg	-	-	0.01	0.01	-	-
	-	-	0.01	0.01	-	-
Remuneration paid						
Mr. Sanjeev Bhatia	-	-	-	0.20	-	-
Mr. Vijay Panwar	-	-	0.41	0.41	-	-
Mr. Ramesh Kumar Sharma	-	-	0.35	0.41	-	-
Mr. Vishan Deo	-	-	0.25	0.13	-	-
	-	-	1.01	1.15	-	-
Sitting Fees paid						
Mr. Krishan Kumar Khurana	-	-	-	0.03	-	-
Mr. Miyar Ramanath Nayak	-	-	-	0.01	-	-
Mr. Manohar Lal Singla	-	-	-	0.03	-	-
Mrs. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi	-	-	0.01	0.03	-	-
Mr. Mahesh Aggarwal	-	-	0.03	0.01	-	-
Mr. Farangi Lal Kansal	-	-	0.02	0.01	-	-
	-	-	0.06	0.12	-	-



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Subsidiaries		Key management personnel/ Director and their relatives		Entities where significant influence is exercised by KMP/Directors and/or their relatives having transactions with the Company	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025	31 March 2026	31 March 2025	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Convertible share warrant subscription						
Mr. Balram Garg	-	-	43.75	-	-	-
Balram Garg (HUF)	-	-	-	-	147.53	49.18
Mrs. Pooja Garg	-	-	56.48	49.18	-	-
	-	-	100.23	49.18	147.53	49.18
Loan repaid to						
Mr. Balram Garg	-	-	4.29	-	-	-
	-	-	4.29	-	-	-

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Subsidiaries		Key management personnel/ Director and their relatives		Entities where significant influence is exercised by KMP/Directors and/or their relatives having transactions with the Company	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025	31 March 2026	31 March 2025	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
(ii) Balance outstanding at the year end						
Loans						
Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited	5.62	9.12	-	-	-	-
	5.62	9.12	-	-	-	-
Interest accrued on loan (gross)						
Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited	16.67	16.07	-	-	-	-
	16.67	16.07	-	-	-	-
Provision for impairment of interest accrued on loan						
Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited	2.79	2.19	-	-	-	-
	2.79	2.19	-	-	-	-
Investments						
Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited	0.01	0.01	-	-	-	-
PC Jeweller Global FZCO	133.86	133.86	-	-	-	-
PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited	0.05	0.05	-	-	-	-
	133.92	133.92	-	-	-	-

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Subsidiaries		Key management personnel/ Director and their relatives		Entities where significant influence is exercised by KMP/Directors and/or their relatives having transactions with the Company	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025	31 March 2026	31 March 2025	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Loan outstanding						
Mr. Balram Garg	-	-	-	4.29	-	-
	-	-	-	4.29	-	-
Rent Payable						
Mr. Balram Garg	-	-	0.00*	0.00*	-	-
	-	-	0.00*	0.00*	-	-
Remuneration Payable						
Mr. Sanjeev Bhatia	-	-	-	0.20	-	-
Mr. Vijay Panwar	-	-	0.06	0.03	-	-
Mr. Ramesh Kumar Sharma	-	-	-	0.02	-	-
Mr. Vishan Deo	-	-	0.04	0.02	-	-
	-	-	0.10	0.27	-	-
Advances recoverable						
Mr. Vishan Deo^	-	-	0.17	0.19	-	-
	-	-	0.17	0.19	-	-
Sitting Fees Payable						
Mr. Krishan Kumar Khurana	-	-	0.11	0.11	-	-
Mr. Miyar Ramanath Nayak	-	-	0.06	0.06	-	-
Mr. Manohar Lal Singla	-	-	0.10	0.10	-	-
Mrs. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi	-	-	0.04	0.05	-	-
Mr. Mahesh Aggarwal	-	-	-	0.00*	-	-
Mr. Farangi Lal Kansal	-	-	-	0.00*	-	-
	-	-	0.31	0.32	-	-
Convertible shares warrants outstanding						
Mr. Balram Garg	-	-	43.75	-	-	-
Balram Garg (HUF)	-	-	-	-	-	49.18
Mrs. Pooja Garg	-	-	30.35	49.18	-	-
	-	-	74.10	49.18	-	49.18

*Rounded off to two decimal places

^Advance was given prior to appointment as Executive Director (Finance)



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 36: Details of amounts due from entities pursuant to Regulation 34 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and/or disclosure under section 186(4) of the Act:

As at 31 March 2026						(₹ in crore)
Particulars	PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited (Wholly owned Subsidiary)	PC Universal Private Limited	Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited (Wholly owned Subsidiary)	Transforming Retail Private Limited	PC Jeweller Global FZCO (Wholly owned Subsidiary)*	Shivani Sarees Private Limited
Investments						
Investments at the beginning of the year	0.05	—*	0.01	0.01	133.86	—
Additions during the financial year	—	—	—	—	—	—
Investments at the end of the financial year	0.05	—*	0.01	0.01	133.86	—
Loans and advances						
Loans at the beginning of the year	—	140.32	25.20	—	—	8.43
(including accrued interest)						
Additions during the year	—	—	—	—	—	—
Interest income during the year	—	5.20	0.60	—	—	0.57
Repayment/adjustment during the year	—	—	3.50	—	—	—
Interest paid during the year	—	—	—	—	—	0.67
TDS on Interest	—	—	—	—	—	—
Loans at the end of the year	—	145.52	22.30	—	—	8.33
(including accrued interest)						
Provision for impairment of loans (including accrued interest)	—	(145.52)	(2.79)	—	—	—
Maximum balance outstanding during the year	—	145.52	25.20	—	—	8.43
Rate of interest	NA	Refer note (ii)	Refer note (ii)	NA	NA	Refer note (iv)
Repayment terms	NA	Refer note (vi)	Refer note (iii)	NA	NA	Refer note (v)

Notes :

- (i) The Company has given loans to above entities for business purposes. All the loans given are unsecured loans.
- (ii) As per the agreement, the rate of interest for the loan till 31st March 2025 was the prevailing 5 year government bond yield and w.e.f 1st April 2025, the same is based on the prevailing 10 year government bond yield.
- (iii) The loan is to be repaid within 5 years commencing from 1st January 2025 i.e on or before 31st December 2029.
- (iv) As per the agreement, the rate of interest for the loan is the prevailing 10 year government bond yield.
- (v) The loan is to be repaid on or before 1st October 2028.
- (vi) The loan is to be repaid within 5 years commencing from 29th September 2024 i.e on or before 29th September 2029.

*Net of impairment

@ Formerly known as PC Jeweller Global DMCC

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

As at 31 March 2025

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited (Wholly owned Subsidiary)	PC Universal Private Limited	Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited (Wholly owned Subsidiary)	Transforming Retail Private Limited	PC Jeweller Global FZCO (Wholly owned Subsidiary)*	Shivani Sarees Private Limited
Investments						
Investments at the beginning of the year	0.05	.*	0.01	0.01	133.86	-
Additions during the financial year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments at the end of the financial year	0.05	.*	0.01	0.01	133.86	-
Loans and advances						
Loans at the beginning of the year	-	135.40	24.60	-	-	8.50
(including accrued interest)						
Additions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income during the year	-	4.92	0.60	-	-	0.54
Repayment/adjustment during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest paid during the year	-	-	-	-	-	0.61
TDS on Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans at the end of the year	-	140.32	25.20	-	-	8.43
(including accrued interest)						
Provision for impairment of loans (including accrued interest)	-	(140.32)	(2.19)	-	-	-
Maximum balance outstanding during the year	-	140.32	25.20	-	-	8.50
Rate of interest	NA	Refer Note (ii)	Refer Note (ii)	NA	NA	Refer Note (iv)
Repayment terms	NA	Refer Note (vi)	Refer Note (iii)	NA	NA	Refer Note (v)

Note:

- (i) The Company has given loans to above entities for business purposes. All the loans given are unsecured loans.
- (ii) As per the agreement, the rate of interest for the loan till 31st March 2025 is the prevailing 5 year government bond yield and w.e.f 1st April 2025, the same shall be based on the prevailing 10 year government bond yield.
- (iii) The loan is to be repaid within 5 years commencing from 1st January 2025 i.e on or before 31st December 2029.
- (iv) As per the agreement, the rate of interest for the loan is the prevailing 10 year government bond yield.
- (v) The loan is to be repaid on or before 1st October 2028.
- (vi) The loan is to be repaid within 5 years commencing from 29th September 2024 i.e on or before 29th September 2029.

*Net of impairment

@ Formerly known as PC Jeweller Global DMCC



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 37: Hedging activity and derivatives

The Company's risk management policy permits the use of derivative instruments, including foreign currency forward contracts and gold price fixation options, to manage exposures arising from foreign currency fluctuations and gold price volatility. The Company does not enter into derivative transactions for speculative or trading purposes.

During the years ended 31st March 2026 and 31st March 2025, the Company did not enter into any foreign currency forward contracts, gold price fixation contracts, or any other derivative instruments. Accordingly, no derivative instruments were outstanding as at 31st March 2026 and 31st March 2025. Further, no hedging relationships were designated under hedge accounting during either of the reporting periods. Consequently, no gains or losses relating to hedging instruments were recognized, no hedge ineffectiveness arose, and no fair value hedge adjustments were recorded in respect of gold inventory attributable to changes in gold prices. Accordingly, the disclosure requirements relating to the effects of hedge accounting on the Company's financial position and performance are not applicable for the years ended 31st March 2026 and 31st March 2025.

Note 38: Financial risk management

i) Financial instruments by category

Particulars	(₹ in crore)			
	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	FVTPL	Amortised cost	FVTPL	Amortised cost
Financial assets				
Loans				
- to subsidiaries	-	19.50	-	23.00
- to body corporate	-	8.33	-	8.43
Trade receivables	-	1,689.36	-	1,515.28
Security deposits	-	17.23	-	14.16
Cash and cash equivalents	-	132.32	-	59.81
Unclaimed dividend account	-	-	-	0.05
Bank deposits	-	1.77	-	1.54
Total	-	1,868.51	-	1,622.27
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	-	1,072.12	-	2,064.41
Trade payables	-	15.85	-	13.77
Lease liabilities	-	93.86	-	86.29
Other financial liabilities	-	11.02	-	10.74
Total	-	1,192.85	-	2,175.21

The carrying value of trade receivables, security deposits, loans given, cash and bank balances and other financial assets recorded at amortised cost, is considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value.

The carrying value of borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost is considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value.

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**ii) Risk management**

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements:

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk	Trade Receivables, Corporate Advances (Loans to subsidiary and body corporates).	Ageing analysis and impairment testing.	Refer note (A) below for credit risk management
Liquidity risk	Operational expenditure, vendor payments, bank interest & other statutory liabilities	Cash flow forecasts	Refer note (B) below for liquidity risk management
Market risk - foreign exchange	Recognised financial assets and liabilities not denominated in Indian rupee (₹)	Cash flow forecasting sensitivity analysis	Refer note (C) below for market risk management w.r.t foreign exchange
Market risk - interest rate	Borrowings at variable rates	Sensitivity analysis	Refer note (D) below for market risk management w.r.t interest rates
Market risk - gold prices	Payables linked to gold prices	Sensitivity analysis	Refer note (F) below for market risk management w.r.t gold prices

The Company's board has approved a comprehensive Risk Management Policy as well as Forex & Commodity Risk Management Policy. Taken together these two policies cover nearly the entire gamut of the Company's operations.

A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to perform or pay amounts due to the Company causing financial loss. It arises from outstanding trade receivables to whom the Company has either made direct sales or sent the goods on consignment.

During the current as well as previous year, the Company's sales are in the domestic retail segment in which no credit is involved. The credit risk arises only from the export sales which are on a B2B basis and on a credit basis. The company has been engaged in jewellery exports for over 15 years. Until December 2017, export realisations from overseas buyers were received within normal credit periods. However, from January 2018 onwards, the UAE Government imposed 5% import duty and 5% VAT on jewellery imports, adversely affecting the jewellery trade and significantly delaying payment cycles from overseas customers. Subsequently, the COVID-19 pandemic severely impacted global trade and further delayed recoveries. In recent years, geopolitical tensions in the Middle East, particularly involving US/Israel and Iran, have again adversely affected business conditions, resulting in prolonged blockage of receivables. Due to persistent defaults by certain overseas buyers, the Company has initiated legal proceedings against them. However, the timeline and extent of recovery remain uncertain.

As per applicable accounting standards, outstanding foreign currency receivables are restated at the closing exchange rate at each reporting date which is accounting entry only. Further, unrealised foreign exchange gains are recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss despite no actual realisation of export proceeds starting from FY 2021-22 onwards till date. The company has explored the said aspect deeply and observed that the company has paid tax on the said notional income which is not yet recovered and hence claiming it as an allowable expenditure in computing the tax liability under normal provision of the Act as the basis principal of law is clear that no tax can be recovered on income which is notional/not yet recovered. However, the company also states that when the amount will be recovered, the company will pay tax on it.

The Company however, continues to remain confident of realizing the same in due course of time. The Company has therefore not classified any of its outstanding receivables as bad or unrecoverable. However, at the same time, as a mark of adequate financial prudence, the Company has during the current financial year made provision in the form of ECL to the tune of ₹ 16.29 crore, with the total amount of ECL at ₹ 281.39 crore as on 31 March 2026.

The Company had extended loans to Luxury Products Trendsetter Private limited (wholly owned subsidiary) for business purposes. The outstanding gross balance of loans (including accrued interest on loan) stands at ₹ 25.20 crores as on 31 March 2025 and



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

₹ 22.30 crores as on 31 March 2026. An impairment to the tune of ₹ 2.79 crores has been considered on accrued interest on loan as on 31 March 2026.

The Company has also extended loans to two body corporates namely PC Universal Private Limited and Shivani Sarees Private Limited for business purposes. Their outstanding gross balances of loans (including accrued interest on loan) as on 31 March 2025 were ₹ 140.32 crores and ₹8.43 crores and as on 31 March 2026 are ₹ 145.52 crores and ₹ 8.33 crores respectively. An impairment to the tune of ₹ 140.32 crores has been considered towards the loan (including accrued interest on loan) extended to PC Universal Private Limited for the financial year ended 31st March 2025, which stands enhanced to ₹ 145.52 crores for the financial year ended 31st March 2026.

Details of trade receivables that are past due is given below:

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Not due	2.87	0.91
0-30 days past due	-	-
31-60 days past due	-	0.02
61-90 days past due	-	-
More than 90 days past due	1,967.88	1,779.45
Expected credit loss (loss allowance provision)	(281.39)	(265.10)
	1,689.36	1,515.28

Loss allowance provisions arising on account of expected credit losses/ impairment of financial assets (other than trade receivables) are given below:

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Loan to subsidiaries	22.30	25.19
Loan to other body corporate	153.85	148.75
Impairment (loss allowance provision) net of reversal	(148.31)	(142.51)
	27.84	31.43

Reconciliation of loss allowance provision from beginning to end of reporting period:

	(₹ in crore)	
	Trade receivables	Other financial assets
Loss allowance on 1 April 2024	263.68	136.98
Loss allowance created during the year	1.42	5.52
Loss allowance reversed during the year	-	-
Loss allowance as on 31 March 2025	265.10	142.50
Loss allowance on 1 April 2025	265.10	142.50
Loss allowance created during the year	16.29	5.80
Loss allowance reversed during the year	-	-
Loss allowance as on 31 March 2026	281.39	148.30

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Concentration of financial assets

Concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited, due to the Company's consumer base being large and diverse in the retail segment.

The Company's exposure to credit risk for trade receivables is presented below:

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Concentration of trade receivables		
Export wholesale customers*	1,684.14	1,512.03
Domestic wholesale customers	1.69	1.69
Franchise stores	2.86	0.88
Others	0.67	0.68
	1,689.36	1,515.28

*Net of expected credit loss amounting to ₹ 281.39 crore (31 March 2025 : ₹ 265.10 crore)

B) Liquidity risk

The company has settled its legal disputes with banks by entering into Joint Settlement Agreement on 30th September 2024. The Company has returned to normal business operations, as reflected in the improved performance during the year. All operational expenditures, vendor obligations, OTS installments, and statutory liabilities have been serviced in a timely manner, highlighting the Company's renewed financial discipline and operational resilience.

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months are equal to their carrying amounts as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	(₹ in crore)					
As at 31 March 2026	Payable on demand	Less than 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 year	More than 3 years	Total
Non-derivatives						
Borrowings	-	1,072.12	-	-	-	1,072.12
Trade payables	-	15.85	-	-	-	15.85
Other financial liabilities	-	11.02	-	-	-	11.02
Lease liabilities (including interest)	-	27.58	24.32	21.07	68.00	140.97
Total	-	1,126.57	24.32	21.07	68.00	1,239.96

	(₹ in crore)					
As at 31 March 2025	Payable on demand	Less than 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 year	More than 3 years	Total
Non-derivatives						
Borrowings	4.29	2,060.12	-	-	-	2,064.41
Trade payables	-	13.77	-	-	-	13.77
Other financial liabilities	0.05	10.69	-	-	-	10.74
Lease liabilities (including interest)	-	26.66	22.80	19.24	57.49	126.20
Total	4.34	2,111.24	22.80	19.24	57.49	2,215.12



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

C) Market risk - foreign exchange

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions, primarily with respect to US Dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises from recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the Company's functional currency. Despite being a net foreign exchange positive entity, the exposure to foreign exchange fluctuations can still pose material risks to the company's financial performance. These risks may arise from timing mismatches between foreign currency inflows and outflows, revaluation of assets and liabilities, or broader macroeconomic volatility. To address these challenges, the Company has adopted a structured and proactive foreign exchange risk management policy.

Sensitivity

The sensitivity to profit or loss from changes in the exchange rates arises mainly from financial instruments denominated in USD. In case of a reasonably possible change in INR/USD exchange rates of +/- 4 % (previous year +/-4%) at the reporting date, keeping all other variables constant, there would have been corresponding impact on losses/profits of ₹ 58.44 crore (previous year ₹ 52.84 crore).

D) Market risk - interest rate

i) Liabilities

Interest rate risk arises from borrowings at variable rates. In accordance with the terms of the Joint Settlement Agreement, the Company has been diligently meeting all its financial obligations to the consortium of lender banks in a timely manner. Additionally, the interest rate risk on bank borrowings has been significantly mitigated. As per the agreement, the applicable interest rates on these borrowings are now lower than the average rates originally sanctioned by the consortium banks under the previous sanction letters.

Interest rate risk exposure

Below is the overall exposure of the Company to interest rate risk:

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Variable rate borrowing	1,072.12	2,060.12
Fixed rate borrowing	-	-
Total borrowings	1,072.12	2,060.12

Sensitivity

The sensitivity to profit or loss in case of a reasonably possible change in interest rates of +/- 50 basis points (previous year: +/- 50 basis points), keeping all other variables constant, would have resulted in corresponding impact on losses/profits by ₹ 4.01 crore (previous year ₹ 7.71 crore).

ii) Assets

The Company's financial assets are carried at amortised cost and are at fixed rate only where applicable. They are, therefore, not subject to interest rate risk since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

E) Market risk - gold prices:

The Company's exposure to price risk also arises from trade payables of the Company that are at unfixed prices, and, therefore, payment is sensitive to changes in gold prices. The Company's sales performance has been notably impacted by heightened market risk sensitivity associated with gold price volatility. Compared to the previous year, gold prices have exhibited significant and unpredictable fluctuations. However, as of 31st March 2026, the Company does not have any unfixed trade payables linked to gold prices. Accordingly, there is no outstanding market risk exposure related to gold price movements.

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 39: Capital management

The Company's capital management objectives are:

- to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a going concern
- to provide an adequate return to shareholders

The Company monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of equity less cash and cash equivalents as disclosed in the balance sheet.

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Current borrowings (refer note 17)	1,072.12	2,064.41
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 12)	132.32	59.81
Net debts	939.80	2,004.60
Equity share capital (refer note 14)	864.86	635.53
Other equity (refer note 15)	7,262.24	5,522.46
Total capital	8,127.10	6,157.99
Net gearing ratio %	11.56	32.55

Note 40: Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

Information as required to be furnished as per section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act, 2006 as at the balance sheet date is given below. This information has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
(a) Principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier covered under MSMED Act, 2006:		
Principal amount due to micro and small enterprises	0.13	0.01
Interest due on above	0.02	0.02
(b) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	-	-
(c) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006.	-	-
(d) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	0.02	0.02
(e) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006.	0.02	0.02

Note 41: Contingent liability

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
a) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts**	0.54	0.54
b) Disputed liabilities of income-tax*	110.91	115.47
c) Demands from the Custom authorities against which appeals have been filed (amounts paid under protest ₹ 2.43 crore)	5.12	5.12

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
d) Demands from the sales tax authorities against which appeals have been filed*	8.24	8.24
e) Demands from the GST authorities against which appeals have been filed (amounts paid under protest ₹ 0.11 crore)^	2.29	1.37

*Excluding interest, if any, which is not ascertainable

#Company has furnished bank guarantees amounting to ₹ 0.46 crore for ongoing litigations

^Including interest and penalty as on the date of order

Note 42: Leases

The Company's lease asset primarily consist of leases for buildings for factory, showrooms and offices having various lease terms.

i) Lease liabilities are presented in the balance sheet as follows:

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Current	16.30	23.69
Non-current	77.56	62.60
Total	93.86	86.29

The lease liabilities are secured by the related underlying assets. The maturity analysis of lease liabilities are disclosed in note 38(ii)(B).

The Company has leases for the factory, offices and showrooms. With the exception of short-term leases and leases with variable lease payments, each lease is reflected on the balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. Each lease generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a contractual right for the Company to sublet the asset to another party, the right-of-use asset can only be used by the Company. Leases are either non-cancellable or may only be cancelled by incurring a substantive termination fee. Some leases contain an option to extend the lease for a further term. The Company is prohibited from selling or pledging the underlying leased assets as security against the Company's other debts and liabilities. For leases over office buildings and factory premises the Company must keep those properties in a good state and return the properties in their original condition at the end of the lease.

The Company has considered the extension options available under its property leases in assessing the lease term, as it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise such options to extend the leases beyond the initial lease period.

During the year ended 31st March 2026, the Company closed one Company-owned store located in Jamshedpur and opened one franchise store in Pitampura, Delhi. Now the Company has forty eight owned and four franchisee stores as on 31st March 2026.

ii) The recognised right-of-use assets relate to retail outlets and other marketing offices as at 31 March 2025.

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Right-of-use assets- retail outlets and other marketing offices		
Opening balance	70.94	45.14
Add: Additions on account of renewal of expired leases	25.17	42.34
Less: Termination/ modifications	0.52	1.04
Less: Amortisation expense charged on the right-of-use assets	18.23	15.50
Balance as at closing date	77.36	70.94

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

iii) The following are amounts recognised in statement of profit and loss:

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Amortisation expense of right-of-use assets	18.23	15.50
Interest expense on lease liabilities	10.98	8.43
Rent expense	1.18	10.14
Total	30.39	34.07

iv) Lease payments not recognised as a liability

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Expenses relating to short term leases (included in other expenses)	-	1.69
Expenses relating to variable lease payments not included in lease payments	-	-
Total	-	1.69

v) The Company had no commitments related to short-term leases as on 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025.

vi) Total cash outflow for leases for the year ended 31 March 2026 was ₹ 27.07 crore (31 March 2025 : ₹ 46.77 crore).

vii) The table below describes the nature of the Company's leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset recognised as on balance sheet date:

Right-of-use asset	No of right-of-use assets leased	Range of remaining term (in years)	Average remaining lease term (in years)
Retail outlets and offices	46	0-9	4.04

The Company has extension and termination options in lease arrangements. In determining the lease term in accordance with Ind AS 116 – Leases, management has considered the extension options and excluded the early termination options, wherever applicable, based on its assessment that it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options, having regard to the expected economic benefits of a longer lease tenure.

Note 43: Corporate social responsibility

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
(i) Amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	-	-
(ii) Amount of expenditure incurred	-	-
(iii) Shortfall at the end of the year	-	-
(iv) Total of previous years shortfall	7.31	7.31
(v) Reasons for shortfall	Refer note below	Refer note below
(vi) Nature of CSR activities	-	-
(vii) Details of related party transactions e.g. Contribution to a trust controlled by the Company in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant accounting standards	-	-
(viii) Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movement in the provision	-	-



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note: The Company was not required to spend any amount towards CSR activities during FY 2025-26 as the average net profit computed in accordance with section 135(5) read with section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the immediately preceding three financial years was negative. The shortfall in CSR expenditure relates to FY 2021-22 and FY 2020-21 which was caused due to strained liquidity position of the Company at that time.

Note 44: Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities pursuant to Ind AS -7 Cash flows

The changes of the Company's liabilities arising from financing activities can be classified as follows:

Particulars					(₹ in crore)
	Long term borrowings	Short term borrowings	Equity share capital	Lease liabilities	Total
Net debt as at 01 April 2024	-	4,086.85	465.40	63.17	4,615.42
New leases	-	-	-	-	-
Termination/modification of leases	-	-	-	(5.30)	(5.30)
Additions in lease liabilities on account of renewal of expired leases	-	-	-	44.71	44.71
Payment of lease liabilities	-	-	-	(24.72)	(24.72)
Payment of interest on lease liabilities	-	-	-	8.43	8.43
Repayment of current borrowings	-	(495.50)	-	-	(495.50)
Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of convertible share warrants	-	-	118.42	-	118.42
Conversion of a part of debt into equity	-	(1,509.97)	51.71	-	(1,458.26)
Adjustment of disputed bank receivables with current borrowings	-	(17.00)	-	-	(17.00)
Others	-	0.03	-	-	0.03
Net debt as at 31 March 2025	-	2,064.41	635.53	86.29	2,786.23
Proceeds from allotment of employee stock options	-	-	-	-	-
Allotment of employee stock options due to corporate action	-	-	-	-	-
Creation of lease liability under Ind AS 116	-	-	-	-	-
New leases	-	-	-	-	-
Termination/modification of leases	-	-	-	(1.00)	(1.00)
Additions in lease liabilities on account of renewal of expired leases	-	-	-	26.15	26.15
Payment of lease liabilities	-	-	-	(28.56)	(28.56)
Payment of interest on lease liabilities	-	-	-	10.98	10.98
Repayment of current borrowings	-	(992.29)	-	-	(992.29)
Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of convertible share warrants	-	-	211.28	-	211.28
Issue of shares by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis	-	-	18.05	-	18.05
Conversion of a part of debt into equity	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment of disputed bank receivables with current borrowings	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-
Net debt as at 31 March 2026	-	1,072.12	864.86	93.86	2,030.84

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 45: Segment information

'In the absence of export revenues, there has been no separate reporting or reviews by the Chief Operating Decision Maker ('CODM') with respect to the export segment. Accordingly, the export segment has ceased to qualify as operating segment for reporting purposes as per Ind AS 108 'Operating Segments'. The CODM examines the performance from the perspective of the Company as a whole viz. 'Jewellery business' and hence there are no separate reportable segments as per Ind AS 108.

Note 46: Ind AS 115 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Ind AS 115: Revenue from Contracts with Customers, establishes a framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognised and requires disclosures about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenues and cash flows arising from customer contracts. Under Ind AS 115, revenue is recognised through a 5-step approach:

- (i) Identify the contract(s) with customer;
- (ii) Identify separate performance obligations in the contract;
- (iii) Determine the transaction price;
- (iv) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations; and
- (v) Recognise revenue when a performance obligation is satisfied.

(a) Disaggregation of revenue

The Company has performed a disaggregated analysis of revenues considering the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenues. This includes disclosure of revenues by geography.

	(₹ in crore)	
Revenue from operations	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Revenue by geography		
Export	-	-
Domestic	3,352.88	2,243.25
Total	3,352.88	2,243.25

(b) Assets and liabilities related to contracts with customers

	(₹ in crore)	
Description	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Contract liabilities related to sale of goods		
Advance from customers	24.79	12.60

(c) Reconciliation of revenue recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss with Contract price

	(₹ in crore)	
Description	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Contract price	3,353.30	2,243.42
Less: Discount, rebates, credits etc.	0.42	0.17
Revenue from operations as per Statement of Profit and Loss	3,352.88	2,243.25



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 47: Discount to export customers

During the financial year ended 31st March 2019, the Company had provided discounts to its export customers aggregating to ₹ 513.65 crore and had submitted the requisite applications for approval from the Authorised Dealer Banks as stipulated by the FED Master Direction No. 16/2015-16 dated 1st January 2016, issued by the Reserve Bank of India under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999. Subsequently, the Company has obtained the approvals from the authorized dealer banks for reduction in receivables corresponding to discounts amounting to ₹ 330.49 crore. However, for the remaining discounts of ₹ 183.16 crore approvals are still pending. The management however, does not expect any material penalty to be levied on account of this matter and therefore no provision for the same has been provided in the books of accounts.

Note 48: Delay in receipt of foreign currency against export

The export receivables have been outstanding for more than 9 months and have been restated as per the RBI exchange rate as on 31st March 2026. The Company had filed necessary applications with the requisite authority as per the regulations of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 for condonation of delays in repatriation of funds by its export customers. The management is of the view that the possible penalties that may be levied, are currently unascertainable and are not expected to be material and accordingly, no consequential adjustments have been made in the books of accounts with respect to such delay. However, as a mark of prudent accounting practices the Company has computed and applied cumulative ECL (Expected Credit Loss) on the outstanding export receivables of ₹ 281.39 crore as on 31st March 2026.

Trade receivables as at 31st March 2026, inter alia, include outstanding from export customers which comprised of original (non-restated) outstanding amount of ₹ 1467.53 crores. The increase in export trade receivable is on account of foreign exchange fluctuations (restatement as per Ind-AS 21) and reduced by provision of ECL (as per Ind-AS 109).

Note 49: Recoverability of investments, loans and short-term financial assets, given to/due from subsidiary companies

The Company has investments of ₹ 133.92 crore (previous year ₹ 133.92 crore) in its subsidiary companies viz Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited, PC Jeweller Global FZCO and PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited as at 31 March 2026. The Company has also given non current loans amounting to ₹ 5.62 crore (previous year ₹ 9.12 crore) to Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited and has interest receivable amounting to ₹ 16.67 crore (previous year ₹ 16.07 crore) (excluding impairment) which is classified under current financial assets.

Note 50: Additional Regulatory Information

Additional Regulatory Information pursuant to Clause 6L of General Instructions for preparation of Balance Sheet as given in Part I of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, are given hereunder to the extent relevant and other than those given elsewhere in any other notes to the Financial Statements.

a) Ratios

The following are analytical ratios for the year ended as on 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025

S. no.	Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	31 March 2026	31 March 2025	Variance %	Reason
i)	Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liability	6.90	3.23	113.62	\$
ii)	Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's equity	0.13	0.34	(61.76)	£
iii)	Debt-Service Coverage Ratio	Earning available for debt Service	Debt Service	0.76	1.14	(33.33)	@
iv)	Return on equity (ROE) Ratio	Net Profits after Tax	Average Shareholder Equity	0.10	0.13	(23.08)	Not Applicable
v)	Inventory Turnover Ratio	Sales	Average inventory	0.50	0.38	31.58	#
vi)	Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	Sales	Average Account Receivable	2.09	1.50	39.33	#

NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

S. no.	Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	31 March 2026	31 March 2025	Variance %	Reason
vii)	Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	Total Purchase	Average Trade payable	212.73	199.54	6.61	Not Applicable
viii)	Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net Sales	Working Capital	0.49	0.47	4.26	Not Applicable
ix)	Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit X 100	Net Sales	21.19	25.64	(17.36)	Not Applicable
x)	Return on Capital Employed	Earning before interest and taxes X 100	Capital employed	9.13	6.07	50.41	^
xi)	Return on investment :						
a)	Quoted	Income generated from investment	Time weighted average investment	-	0.12	(100.00)	*
b)	Unquoted	Income generated from investment	Time weighted average investment	-	-	-	-

\$Current assets has increased by 16 % (approx.) mainly due to increase in inventory, Trade receivables and other current assets. Current liabilities has decreased by 46% (approx.) mainly due to significant reduction in current borrowings from banks , which has contributed to increase in this ratio.

£Total debt has decreased by 48 % (approx.) due to significant reduction in bank borrowings and Total equity has also increased by 32% (approx.) mainly due to allotment of equity shares, which has contributed to decrease in this ratio.

@Earnings available for Debt Service has increased by 34 % (approx.) mainly due to increase in profits. Debt service of the company has also increased by 103 % due to repayment of borrowings (including interest) to consortium banks during the year. These have contributed to decrease in this ratio.

#Turnover has increased by 49% (approx.) , which has contributed to increase in this ratio.

^There is a significant increase in EBIT by 68% as compared to last year, mainly because turnover of the company increased by 49% (approx.) , which has contributed to increase in this ratio.

*The Company recorded a 100% decrease in returns from quoted investments during the year, as all quoted investments were disposed off in the previous financial year.

- b) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- c) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right-of-Use Assets) during the year.
- d) The Company submitted the quarterly stock and debtors statements to the Agency for Specialised Monitoring (ASM) appointed by the consortium banks during the year. The statement for the quarter ended 31 March 2026 had not fallen due for submission as at the date of approval of these financial statements. The quarterly statements submitted to the ASM were in agreement with the books of account of the Company.
- e) The Company is not declared as willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof or other lender in accordance with the guidelines on willful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.
- f) The following table summarises the transactions with the companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013

Name of struck off company	Nature of transactions with struck off Company	Amount of transaction (₹ in crore)	Balance outstanding (₹ in crore)	Relationship with the Struck off Company
Param Finance and Securities Ltd	Shares held by struck off company	-	-	Shareholder*

* 750 shares (face value of ₹ 1 each) were held by struck off company as on 31 March 2026



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

- g) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period. No creation/modification/satisfaction of charges have taken place during the year.
- h) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under section 2(87) of the Companies Act 2013 read with Companies (Restrictions on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- i) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall: (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- j) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall: (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- k) The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- l) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- m) The Company has the following balances against the loans granted or advances in the nature of loans wherein there is no specific schedule of repayment of principal or payment of interest:

Type of Borrower	Amount (₹ in crore) of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding		Percentage to the total Loans and Advance in the nature of loans	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Directors	-	-	-	-
KMPs	0.17	0.19	0.10	0.11
Related Party (Subsidiaries)	22.30	25.20	12.65	14.47

This is the summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information referred to in our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For A H P N & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 009452N

Sd/-
Ramesh Kumar Sharma
Executive Director
DIN-01980542

Sd/-
Balram Garg
Managing Director
DIN-00032083

Sd/-
Navdeep Gupta
Partner
Membership No. 091938

Sd/-
Vijay Panwar
Company Secretary
Membership No. A19063

Sd/-
Vishan Deo
Executive Director (Finance) &
Chief Financial Officer
DIN-07634994

Place: New Delhi
Date: 27 May 2026

Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications (for audit report with modified opinion) submitted along with Annual Audited Financial Results (Standalone)

Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026

[Regulation 33 of the SEBI (LODR) (Amendment) Regulations, 2016]

(₹ in crores except earnings per share)

I.	Sl No.	Particulars	Standalone Audited Figures (as reported before adjusting for qualifications)	Standalone Audited Figures (audited figures after adjusting for qualifications)
	1.	Turnover / Total income	3550.17	3550.17
	2.	Total Expenditure	2842.23	2842.23
	3.	Net Profit/(Loss)	710.62	710.62
	4.	Earnings Per Share	1.00	1.00
	5.	Total Assets	9376.78	9376.78
	6.	Total Liabilities	1249.68	1249.68
	7.	Net Worth	8127.10	8127.10
	8.	Any other financial item(s) (as felt appropriate by the management)	No	No

II Audit Qualification (each audit qualification separately):

a. Details of Audit Qualification:

- (i) The Company, during the financial year ended 31st March, 2019 had extended discounts amounting to ₹ 513.65 Crore to its export customers, which were adjusted against the revenue recognized for the said year. The Company had initiated the process for compliance with the requirements of the Master Directions on Export of Goods and Services issued by the Reserve Bank of India and has subsequently obtained approvals from the authorized dealer banks for reduction in export receivables corresponding to discounts amounting to ₹ 330.49 Crore. However, in respect of the remaining discounts amounting to ₹183.16 Crore, requisite approvals and adequate supporting evidence relating to such transactions were not made available to us. Consequently, we are unable to ascertain the consequential impact, if any, of the aforesaid matter on the accompanying Statement.
- (ii) The export receivables outstanding for more than nine months have been restated in accordance with the exchange rates notified by the Reserve Bank of India as at 31st March, 2026. Management has represented that revised settlement timelines have been acknowledged in respect of such export receivables and supporting documentation in this regard has been made available. Accordingly, as a matter of prudent accounting practice, the Company has recognized cumulative expected credit loss (ECL) of ₹ 281.40 crores on the outstanding export receivables as at 31st March 2026. Management has assessed the expected credit loss on such export receivables based on the estimated realization timelines. Based on the information and explanations made available to us, we are unable to comment upon the adequacy of such expected credit loss provision and the consequential impact, if any, on the accompanying Statement. Further, the Company has disclosed that necessary applications have been filed with the appropriate authority under the provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, for condonation of delays in realization and repatriation of export proceeds from customers.

b. Type of Audit Qualification: Qualified Opinion

c. Frequency of qualification: The qualification Nos. (i) & (ii) have been appearing since financial year ended 31st March 2019 and 31st March 2023 respectively.

d. For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views: Not Applicable



NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

e. For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor:

(i) **Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification:** Not Applicable

(ii) **If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same:**

(a) The management had extended the discounts as on 31 March 2019 in view of the genuine business problems and operational issues being faced by its overseas buyers. The discount extended amounted to one-time discount of 25% of the export value of outstanding receivables as on 31 March 2019. The discount extended is in accordance with the Master Circular on Exports of Goods and Services - Master Circular No.14/2015-16 under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the management therefore does not expect any material penalty to be levied and hence, no provision for the same has been recognized in these financial results.

(b) The management is in touch with its export buyers and is confident of the buyers remitting payments as per the revised schedule advised by them and is therefore convinced about the accuracy of the calculated ECL amount.

(iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above: Refer our qualifications above, in the absence of such approval and material evidence related to the transaction, we are unable to comment on the impact, if any, of the same on the accompanying standalone financial results.

III Signatories:	
• CEO/Managing Director	Sd/-
• CFO	Sd/-
• Audit Committee Chairperson	Sd/-
• Statutory Auditor	Sd/-

Place: New Delhi

Date: 27 May 2026



CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of
PC Jeweller Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

1. We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of PC Jeweller Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding / Parent Company"), and its subsidiaries (The Holding / Parent Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as the "Group") which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2026, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Consolidated Statement of changes in equity and Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended and Notes to the Consolidated financial statements including material accounting policy and other explanatory information (hereinafter collectively referred to as 'the Consolidated financial statements').

2. Qualified Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2026, and its Consolidated Profit for the year, Consolidated Total Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Changes in Equity, Consolidated Cash Flows, and other Consolidated Financial Information for the year ended on that date.

3. The Consolidated Financial Statements includes the Statements of the following entities:

Holding / Parent Company: PC Jeweller Limited

Subsidiaries:

1. Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited;
2. PC Jeweller Global FZCO (Formerly known as PC Jeweller Global DMCC)
3. PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited

4. We conducted our audit of the Consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing

(SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the *Code of Ethics* issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

5. Basis for Qualified Opinion:

(i) As explained in Note No. 47 to the accompanying Consolidated financial statements, the Holding Company, during the financial year ended 31st March, 2019 had extended discounts amounting to ₹ 513.65 Crore to its export customers, which were adjusted against revenue from contracts with customers recognised for the said year. The Holding Company had initiated the process for compliance with the requirements of the Master Directions on Export of Goods and Services issued by the Reserve Bank of India and has subsequently obtained approvals from the authorized dealer banks for reduction in export receivables corresponding to discounts amounting to ₹ 330.49 Crore.

For the remaining discounts of ₹ 183.16 Crore, in the absence of requisite approvals and material evidence related to such transactions, we are unable to ascertain any consequential effect of the above, if any, on the accompanying Consolidated financial statements.

The auditor's opinion for the years ended 31st March 2019, 31st March 2020, 31st March 2021, 31st March 2022, 31st March 2023, 31st March 2024, 31st March 2025 were also modified in respect of this matter.

(ii) As explained in Note No. 48 of the accompanying Consolidated financial statements, the export receivables have been outstanding for more than 9 months and have been restated as per the RBI exchange rate as on 31st March 2026. Trade receivables as at 31st March 2026, inter alia, include outstanding from export customers net amounting ₹1684.14 Crore. The Holding Company has filed necessary applications with the requisite authority as per the regulations of the Foreign

Exchange Management Act, 1999 for condonation of delays in repatriation of funds by its customers. Accordingly, the Holding Company has recognized lifetime expected credit loss allowance (ECL) of ₹ 281.39 Crore on the outstanding export receivables as at 31st March 2026 as required under IndAS-109.

Due to no realization as per scheduled expected dates from the export receivables and considering the initiation of legal route for recovery, we are unable to examine adequacy of the provision of expected credit loss and its consequential impact and adjustments on the accompanying statement.

The auditor's opinion for the years ended 31st March, 2023, 31st March, 2024 and 31st March, 2025 were also modified in respect of this matter.

6. Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In addition to the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, we have determined that there are no other key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

7. Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of other information. The other information comprises the information included in the management discussion and analysis, Board's Report, but does not include the Consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

8. Responsibilities of Management and those charged with Governance for Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flow of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian accounting standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Holding Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the Consolidated financial statements, the Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process of the Group.

9. Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

- a) Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated financial statements.



b) As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company's has an adequate internal financial control with reference to Consolidated financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the group to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the Annual Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group to express an opinion on the Annual Consolidated Financial Statements.

c) Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Annual Consolidated Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Annual Consolidated Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in:

1. Planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the Statements of our work; and
2. To evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Annual Consolidated Financial Statements.

d) We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

10. Other Matter

We draw attention to:-

1. The consolidated financial statement includes the audited financial statements of its subsidiaries, whose financial statements reflected total assets (before consolidation adjustments) of ₹201.40 Crore as at 31st March 2026, total revenues (before consolidation adjustments) of Nil, total net profit after tax (before consolidation adjustments) of ₹3.82 Crore, which have been audited by their respective auditors. The independent auditor's reports on financial statements of these entities have been furnished to us by the management.

Our Opinion on the consolidated annual financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and

disclosures included in respect of these entities, is based solely on the reports of such auditors and the procedures performed by them.

Our Opinion on the consolidated annual financial results is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors.

2. The subsidiary located outside India whose financial statements has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in their respective country and which is required to be audited by respective auditors under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in their respective country. The Holding company's management has converted the financial statements of such subsidiary located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in their respective country to accounting principles generally accepted in India. Such conversion adjustments have been audited by other auditors. The independent auditor's reports on such converted financial statements of such entity have been furnished to us by the management. Our opinion in so far as it relates to the balances and affairs of such subsidiary located outside India is based on the reports of other auditors.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

11. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by section 197(16) of the Act, based on our audit and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we report that the Holding Company has paid remuneration to its directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limit prescribed under Schedule V of the Act. Further, we report that subsidiary companies, covered under the Act have not paid or provided for any managerial remuneration during the year. Accordingly, reporting under section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable in respect of such subsidiary companies.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and other financial information of the subsidiaries, we report, to the extent applicable, that:-
 - a) We have sought and obtained, except for the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the accompanying Consolidated financial statements.

- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Holding Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of accounts;
- d) Except for the possible effects of the matters described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section, in our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act;
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding company and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies, covered under the Act, none of the directors of the group company covered under the act is disqualified as on 31st March, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
- f) The qualifications relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section w.r.t to Holding Company.
- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries companies, covered under the Act and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our Report in "**Annexure A**".
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements as also the other financial information of the subsidiaries:-
 - i. The Group, as detailed in Note No.42 of the Consolidated financial statements, has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position as at 31st March 2026;



- ii. The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31st March 2026.
- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company during the year ended as at 31st March 2026.
- iv. The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Group to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary companies ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe

that the representations contain any material misstatement.

- v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the group.
- vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Group has used accounting software systems for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended 31st March 2026, which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of audit, we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the Group as per statutory requirements for record retention.
- vii. With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order"/ "CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by the respective auditors of companies included in the consolidated financial statements, to which reporting under CARO is applicable, we report that: -

Unfavourable Remarks, Qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in the CARO reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements are: -

S. No.	Name of the entity	CIN	Nature of Relationship	Clause number of the CARO report which is qualified or adverse
1.	PC Jeweller Limited	L36911DL2005PLC134929	Holding Company	iii(c) & (d), xx(b)
2.	PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited	U36911DL2019PLC348093	Subsidiary	xvii
3.	Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited	U52393DL2015PTC288371	Subsidiary	xvii, xx

For **A H P N & Associates**

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 009452N

Sd/-

FCA Navdeep Gupta

(Partner)

M.No. : 091938

Place : New Delhi

Dated : 27-05-2026

UDIN : 26091938TGOAFY7405

Annexure A to the independent auditors' Report of even date on the consolidated financial statement of PC Jeweller Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the companies act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended on 31st March 2026, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of PC Jeweller Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "the Holding / Parent Company" and its subsidiary companies together referred as "the Group") which are companies covered under the Act, as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies covered under the Act, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility for the audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the ICAI prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, and the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating

effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matter paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override



of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion and based on the criteria for internal financial controls with reference to financial statements established by the respective companies, and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the subsidiary companies audited by them, the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies have, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31st March 2026, considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

Other Matter

Our aforesaid reports under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements in so far as it relates to subsidiaries company is based on the corresponding report of the auditors of such company.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the work done by and on the reports of the other auditors.

For **A H P N & Associates**

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 009452N

Sd/-

FCA Navdeep Gupta

(Partner)

M.No. : 091938

Place : New Delhi

Dated : 27-05-2026

UDIN : 26091938TGOAFY7405

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2026

			(₹ in crore)	
		Notes	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
A	Assets			
1	Non-current assets			
	a) Property, plant and equipment	4(a)	18.44	22.33
	b) Capital work-in-progress	4(b)	-	-
	c) Right-of-use assets	43	77.36	70.94
	d) Intangible assets	4(c)	0.48	0.56
	e) Intangible assets under development	4(d)	0.09	-
	f) Financial assets			
	i) Investments	5	0.01	0.01
	ii) Trade receivables	13	1,053.34	1,164.39
	iii) Loans	6	8.23	8.23
	iv) Other financial assets	7	9.25	13.61
	g) Deferred tax assets (net)	8	15.96	18.88
	h) Other non-current assets	9	1.67	3.67
	Total non-current assets		1,184.83	1,302.62
2	Current assets			
	a) Inventories	10	7,214.04	6,649.15
	b) Financial assets			
	i) Investments		-	-
	ii) Trade receivables	11	636.02	350.89
	iii) Cash and cash equivalents	12	134.40	62.19
	iv) Bank balance other than (iii) above	13	1.77	1.59
	v) Loans	6	0.10	0.20
	vi) Other financial assets	7	8.03	0.62
	c) Other current assets	9	245.57	45.05
	Total current assets		8,239.93	7,109.69
	Total assets		9,424.76	8,412.31
B	Equity and Liabilities			
1	Equity			
	a) Equity share capital	14	864.86	635.53
	b) Other equity	15	7,309.34	5,557.27
	c) Non-controlling interests		0.05	-
	Total equity		8,174.25	6,192.80
2	Liabilities			
	Non-current liabilities			
	a) Financial liabilities			
	i) Borrowings	16	0.42	0.39
	ii) Lease liabilities	43	77.56	62.60
	b) Provisions	17	3.46	3.15
	Total non-current liabilities		81.44	66.14
3	Current liabilities			
	a) Financial liabilities			
	i) Borrowings	18	1,072.28	2,064.42
	ii) Lease liabilities	43	16.30	23.69
	iii) Trade payables	19		
	- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and		0.01	0.03
	- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		15.84	13.74
	iv) Other financial liabilities	20	11.27	10.92
	b) Other current liabilities	21	50.98	38.47
	c) Provisions	17	2.39	2.10
	d) Current tax liabilities (net)		-	-
	Total current liabilities		1,169.07	2,153.37
	Total liabilities		1,250.51	2,219.51
	Total equity and liabilities		9,424.76	8,412.31

Notes 1 to 52 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

This is the Consolidated balance sheet referred to in our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For A H P N & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 009452N

Sd/-

Navdeep Gupta

Partner

Membership No. 091938

Place: New Delhi

Date: 27 May 2026

Sd/-

Ramesh Kumar Sharma

Executive Director

DIN-01980542

Sd/-

Vijay Panwar

Company Secretary

Membership No. A19063

Sd/-

Balram Garg

Managing Director

DIN-00032083

Sd/-

Vishan Deo

Executive Director (Finance) &

Chief Financial Officer

DIN-07634994



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

		Notes	(₹ in crore)	
			Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
1	Revenue from operations	22	3,352.88	2,244.60
2	Other income	23	196.70	127.27
3	Total income (1+2)		3,549.58	2,371.87
4	Expenses			
a)	Cost of materials consumed	24	2,869.56	2,538.34
b)	Purchases of stock-in-trade	25	281.07	239.53
c)	Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress	26	(557.25)	(1,010.73)
d)	Employee benefits expense	27	29.72	25.79
e)	Finance costs	28	132.90	51.29
f)	Depreciation and amortisation expenses	29	20.78	17.95
g)	Other expenses	30	58.64	57.14
	Total expenses		2,835.42	1,919.31
5	Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax (3-4)		714.16	452.56
6	Exceptional Items	31	0.67	-
7	Profit/(loss) before tax (5-6)		713.49	452.56
8	Tax expense:			
a)	Current tax	32	(4.14)	(113.85)
b)	Deferred tax	8	3.17	(11.29)
	Total tax expense		(0.97)	(125.14)
9	Profit/(loss) for the year, net of tax from continuing operations (7-8)		714.46	577.70
10	Other comprehensive income:			
(A) (i)	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
	-Remeasurement of post employment benefit obligations		(1.06)	0.46
(ii)	Income-tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		0.27	(0.11)
(B) (i)	Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss:			
	-Foreign currency translation		8.46	(1.20)
(ii)	Income-tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year, net of tax		7.67	(0.85)
11	Total comprehensive income for the year (9+10)		722.13	576.85
	Profit attributable to:			
	Owners of the Parent Company		714.46	577.70
	Non-controlling interests		-	-
	Other comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to:			
	Owners of the Parent Company		7.67	(0.85)
	Non-controlling interests		-	-
			722.13	576.85
12	Earnings per equity share: (face value of ₹ 1 per share)	33		
	Basic earnings per share (in ₹)		1.00	1.13
	Diluted earnings per share (in ₹)		0.86	0.66

Notes 1 to 52 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

This is the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For A H P N & Associates

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 009452N

Sd/-

Navdeep Gupta

Partner
Membership No. 091938

Place: New Delhi

Date: 27 May 2026

Sd/-

Ramesh Kumar Sharma

Executive Director
DIN-01980542

Sd/-

Vijay Panwar

Company Secretary
Membership No. A19063

Sd/-

Balram Garg

Managing Director
DIN-00032083

Sd/-

Vishan Deo

Executive Director (Finance) &
Chief Financial Officer
DIN-07634994

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

A Equity share capital:

Particulars	Note	No. of shares	(₹ in crore) Amount
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up			
Balance as at 1 April 2024 (Equity shares of ₹ 10 each)	14	46,54,03,896	465.40
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors		-	-
Changes in equity share capital during the year			
Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of convertible share warrants [^]		11,84,13,052	118.42
Increase in shares due to face value split*		5,25,43,52,532	Not applicable
Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of debt into equity [§]		51,71,14,620	51.71
Balance as at 31 March 2025 (Equity shares of ₹ 1 each)	14	6,35,52,84,100	635.53
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors		-	-
Changes in equity share capital during the year			
Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of convertible share warrants [#]		2,11,27,63,520	211.28
Issue of shares By way of preferential allotment on a private placement basis [@]		18,05,55,555	18.06
Balance as at 31 March 2026 (Equity shares of ₹ 1 each)	14	8,64,86,03,175	864.86

B Other equity:

Particulars	Reserves and surplus						Money received against convertible share warrants	Non-controlling interests	(₹ in crore)
	Capital Reserve	Securities premium	General reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Retained earnings	Items of other comprehensive income			Total
						Remeasurement of employee defined benefit plans			
Balance as at 1 April 2024	-	1,068.95	87.27	6.79	1,297.26	5.68	-	-	2,465.95
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	577.70	-	-	-	577.70
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year (net of income tax)	-	-	-	(1.20)	-	0.35	-	-	(0.85)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	(1.20)	577.70	0.35	-	-	576.85
Subscription Money (25%) received against convertible share warrants	-	-	-	-	-	-	675.53	-	675.53
Balance Money (75%) received against convertible share warrants	-	-	-	-	-	-	499.11	-	499.11
Conversion of convertible share warrants into equity shares^	-	547.07	-	-	-	-	(665.48)	-	(118.41)
Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of debt into equity^	-	1,458.26	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,458.26
Others	-	-	-	-	(0.02)	-	-	-	(0.02)
Balance as at 31 March 2025	-	3,074.28	87.27	5.59	1,874.94	6.03	509.16	-	5,557.27
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	714.46	-	-	-	714.46
Other comprehensive income/(Loss) for the year (net of income tax)	-	-	-	8.46	-	(0.79)	-	-	7.67
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	8.46	714.46	(0.79)	-	-	722.13
Subscription Money (25%) received against convertible share warrants	-	-	-	-	-	-	43.75	-	43.75
Balance Money (75%) received against convertible share warrants	-	-	-	-	-	-	890.53	-	890.53
Conversion of convertible share warrants into equity shares^	-	976.10	-	-	-	-	(1,187.37)	-	(211.27)
Issue of shares By way of preferential allotment on a private placement basis®	-	306.94	-	-	-	-	-	-	306.94
Forfeiture of lapsed convertible share warrants	42.15	-	-	-	-	-	(42.15)	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	(0.01)	-	-	0.05**	0.04
Balance as at 31 March 2026	42.15	4,357.32	87.27	14.05	2,589.39	5.24	213.92	0.05	7,309.39



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

[^]During the financial year ended 31st March 2025, after receipt of 25% of the Issue Price of ₹ 56.20 per Fully Convertible Share Warrant ("Warrant") as subscription amount in accordance with the provisions of the SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, the Parent Company made preferential allotment of 11,50,00,000 Warrants on 30th September 2024 and 36,58,02,500 Warrants on 11th October 2024 to Promoter Group and Non-Promoter, Public category entities. Subsequently, the Board of Directors of the Parent Company by means of resolutions passed by circulations on i) 15th October 2024 allotted 4,35,972 equity shares (face value ₹ 10/- each); ii) 30th October 2024 allotted 3,38,85,000 equity shares (face value ₹ 10/- each); iii) 12th November 2024 allotted 3,63,75,000 equity shares (face value ₹ 10/- each); iv) 29th November 2024 allotted 39,87,900 equity shares (face value ₹ 10/- each); and v) 19th December 2024 allotted 43,72,91,800 equity shares (face value ₹ 1/- each), upon conversion of Warrants after receipt of balance 75% of the Issue Price per Warrant.

^{*}On and from the record date of 16th December 2024, the face value of equity shares of the Parent Company has been sub-divided/splitted, such that 1 (one) equity share having face value of ₹ 10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each, fully paid-up, stands sub-divided into 10 (ten) equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- (Rupee One Only) each, fully paid-up, ranking pari-passu in all respects.

^{\$}During the financial year ended 31st March 2025, the Board of Directors of the Parent Company vide a resolution passed by circulation on 17th March 2025 made preferential allotment of 51,71,14,620 fully paid-up equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- each at an issue price of ₹ 29.20 per share to the Consortium Lenders comprising of 14 Banks, against part of their outstanding debts amounting to ₹ 1509.97 crores as per the Joint Settlement Agreement dated 30th September 2024 entered into amongst the Parent Company and its Consortium Lenders.

[~] During the financial year ended 31st March 2026, the Board of Directors of the Parent Company by means of a resolution passed by circulation on 18th September 2025 allotted 9,72,22,222 fully convertible warrants ("Warrants") at an issue price of ₹ 18/- per Warrant by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis to Shri Balram Garg, Promoter and Managing Director of the Parent Company after receipt of stipulated amount i.e. ₹ 4.50 (being 25% of the issue price) per Warrant as subscription amount in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018. Each Warrant is convertible into one equity share of the Parent Company having face value ₹ 1/- each fully paid up within 18 months from the date of allotment of these Warrants upon payment of the balance consideration of ₹ 13.50 (being 75% of the issue price) per Warrant.

[#]During the financial year ended 31st March 2026, the Board of Directors of the Parent Company by means of resolutions passed by circulations allotted total 211,27,63,520 equity shares of ₹1 each in total 13 tranches i.e., i) 18,92,50,000 equity shares on 29th April 2025; ii) 3,08,42,400 equity shares on 29th May 2025; iii) 34,67,82,850 equity shares on 25th July 2025; iv) 97,84,800 equity shares on 13th August 2025; v) 13,61,24,000 equity shares on 9th September 2025; vi) 7,81,14,890 equity shares on 18th October 2025; vii) 17,56,260 equity shares on 15th November 2025; viii) 6,85,50,000 equity shares on 22nd January 2026; ix) 51,24,68,600 equity shares on 31st January 2026; x) 10,72,37,000 equity shares on 24th February 2026; xi) 35,18,36,870 equity shares on 23rd March 2026; xii) 20,09,70,560 equity shares on 28th March 2026; and xiii) 7,90,45,290 equity shares on 31st March 2026, upon conversion of Warrants allotted during the financial year ended 31 March 2025 after receipt of balance 75% of the Issue Price per Warrant.

[@]The Board of Directors of the Parent Company by means of a resolution passed by circulation on 18th September 2025 allotted 18,05,55,555 equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- each at an issue price of ₹ 18/- per share by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis to Capital Ventures Private Limited, an entity belonging to 'Non-Promoter, Public category'.

^{**} PCJ Gems and Jewellery Limited, a subsidiary of the Parent Company, by a board resolution passed on 28th March 2026, allotted 48,000 equity shares having face value of ₹ 10/- each at an issue price of ₹ 10/- per share by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis to Shri Anil Kumar Goyal resulting in change in Non-controlling interest. The resultant change has been recognised directly in equity, in accordance with Ind AS 110, Consolidated Financial Statements.

Notes 1 to 52 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

This is the consolidated statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For A H P N & Associates

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 009452N

Sd/-

Navdeep Gupta

Partner
Membership No. 091938

Place: New Delhi

Date: 27 May 2026

Sd/-

Ramesh Kumar Sharma

Executive Director
DIN-01980542

Sd/-

Vijay Panwar

Company Secretary
Membership No. A19063

Sd/-

Balram Garg

Managing Director
DIN-00032083

Sd/-

Vishan Deo

Executive Director (Finance) &
Chief Financial Officer
DIN-07634994

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
A Cash flow from operating activities:		
Profit before tax	713.49	452.56
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	20.78	17.95
Exceptional items	(0.67)	-
Interest income on fixed deposit	(0.52)	(0.09)
Interest income on loans given to body corporate	(5.78)	(5.46)
Interest income on refund of income-tax	(1.53)	(51.39)
Net loss on sale/disposal/scrapping of property, plant and equipment	0.53	0.81
Net loss/(profit) on FVTPL from investments	-	0.93
Finance costs	132.90	51.29
Unwinding of discount on security deposits	(0.74)	(0.88)
Discounting of rental expenses as per IND AS 116	(28.56)	(24.72)
(Profit)/loss on Foreign Currency Translation	8.46	(1.20)
Net unrealised gain on foreign exchange	(187.14)	(45.83)
Actuarial loss forming part of other comprehensive income	(1.06)	0.46
Gain on partial/full termination or modification of leases	-	(0.62)
Liabilities/provision no longer required written back	-	(17.40)
Provision for impairment of accrued interest on loan	5.20	4.92
Provision for expected credit loss for trade receivables	16.28	1.42
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes	671.64	382.75
Adjustments for:		
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(564.88)	(1,016.27)
(Increase)/decrease in financial assets	(27.66)	(39.58)
(Increase)/decrease in non-financial assets	(198.48)	(12.96)
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	(1.97)	1.86
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	0.82	(0.55)
Increase/(decrease) in financial liabilities	25.84	10.79
Increase/(decrease) in non-financial liabilities	12.52	8.41
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	0.61	0.25
Cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	(81.56)	(665.30)
Direct taxes refunded/(paid)	4.10	32.58
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	(77.46)	(632.72)
B Cash flow from investing activities:		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment including capital advances	(3.34)	(0.57)
Proceeds from disposal/sale of property, plant and equipment	3.81	0.14
Redemption of current investments	-	2.72
Loans repaid by body corporate	0.10	0.07
Interest received	2.62	0.63
Purchase/redemption of fixed deposits, net	(0.23)	(0.50)
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	2.96	2.49



(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
C Cash flow from financing activities:		
Repayment of short term borrowings	(992.29)	(495.50)
Proceeds from long term borrowings	0.03	-
Proceeds from issue of shares and share warrants	1,259.33	1,174.64
Interest received on income-tax refund of previous years	1.53	51.39
Interest paid	(121.89)	(42.84)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	146.71	687.69
D Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	72.21	57.46
E Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year	62.19	4.73
F Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year (refer note 12)	134.40	62.19
Components of cash and cash equivalents:		
Balances with banks - in current accounts	20.69	46.76
Cheques on hand	-	0.02
Cash on hand	47.28	15.41
Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months	66.43	-
	134.40	62.19

The above consolidated cash flow statement has been prepared under the 'indirect method' as set out in Ind AS 7, 'Statement of cash flows'

This is the consolidated cash flow statement referred to in our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For A H P N & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 009452N

Sd/-
Ramesh Kumar Sharma
Executive Director
DIN-01980542

Sd/-
Balram Garg
Managing Director
DIN-00032083

Sd/-
Navdeep Gupta
Partner
Membership No. 091938

Sd/-
Vijay Panwar
Company Secretary
Membership No. A19063

Sd/-
Vishan Deo
Executive Director (Finance) &
Chief Financial Officer
DIN-07634994

Place: New Delhi
Date: 27 May 2026

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

1. Corporate information**Nature of operations**

PC Jeweller Limited (the 'Parent Company') was incorporated on 13 April 2005. The Parent Company is engaged in the business of trade, manufacture and sale of gold, diamond, silver, precious stone, gold jewellery/items, diamond studded jewellery and silver articles of various designs/specifications. The Parent Company's shares are listed on the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited.

General information and statement of compliance with Ind AS

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Parent Company and its under mentioned subsidiaries (hereinafter referred as the 'Group'):

- i. Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited, India, 100% subsidiary with effect from 11 December 2015
- ii. PC Jeweller Global FZCO (Formerly known as PC Jeweller Global DMCC, Dubai, 100% subsidiary with effect from 8 June 2016
- iii. PCJ Gems and Jewellery Limited, India, 100% subsidiary with effect from 01 April 2019. However, due to dilution of shareholding, Parent Company's controlling interest in it reduced to 51.02% with effect from 28 March 2026.

The following table summarises the principal line of activity of each of the aforementioned subsidiary:

Subsidiaries	Principal activities
Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited	Jewellery manufacturing and trading
PC Jeweller Global FZCO	Jewellery trading
PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited	Jewellery manufacturing, trading, import and export

PCJ Gems and Jewellery Limited, incorporated a subsidiary, namely, PCJ Mining SARL in republic of Chad which is yet to commence its business operations.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'), Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time and other pronouncements/provisions of applicable laws.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2026 were authorised and approved for issue

by the Board of Directors on 27 May 2026. Revisions to consolidated financial statements, if required, is permitted by the Board of Directors subject to obtaining necessary approvals or at the instance of regulatory authorities as per provisions of the Act.

2. Application of new and revised Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS)

All the Ind AS issued and notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) till the consolidated financial statements are authorised have been considered in preparing these consolidated financial statements.

Recent Pronouncements

In May 2025, MCA notified amendments to:

i. Ind AS 21 - The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates, effective from 1 April, 2025

The amendments primarily address situations where a currency is not exchangeable into another currency at a specified exchange rate on a long-term basis. The revised guidance requires entities to assess whether a currency is exchangeable and, where exchangeability is lacking, to estimate a spot exchange rate reflecting the rate at which an orderly exchange transaction would take place between market participants at the measurement date. The amendments also introduce additional disclosure requirements relating to the nature and financial impact of currencies that are not exchangeable, including significant judgements applied in determining the exchange rate.

The Group has evaluated the impact of the aforesaid amendments and concluded that they are not applicable to its operations, as there are no transactions denominated in currencies that are not exchangeable within the meaning of the amended standard. Accordingly, the amendments do not have any impact on the Group's financial statements for the current reporting period, and no additional disclosures are required.

In August 2025, MCA notified the following amendments to:

ii. Ind AS 1- Presentation of Financial Statements, effective from 1 April, 2025

The amendment relates to classification of liabilities as current or non-current and non-current liabilities with covenants. The amendments specify that, for a liability



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

to be classified as non-current, an entity must have a substantive right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Such right to defer must exist at the reporting date and must have substance, i.e., it should be enforceable and not merely conditional or dependent on future events or approvals. The amendment also introduces guidance on classification of liabilities with covenants and states that conditions attached to covenants after reporting date do not affect classification. The Group has evaluated the impact of the aforesaid amendments and concluded that there is no material impact on the classification of its liabilities in the financial statements for the current reporting period.

iii. Ind AS 7- Statement of Cash Flows and Ind AS 107- Financial Instruments - Disclosures, effective from 1 April, 2025

The amendments to Ind AS 7 require entities to disclose information about supplier finance arrangements, including the nature of such arrangements, the carrying amount of related financial liabilities, and the range of payment due dates, to enable users of the financial statements to assess their impact on an entity's liabilities, cash flows, and liquidity risk. Correspondingly, Ind AS 107 has been amended to include supplier finance arrangements as a factor that may give rise to concentrations of liquidity risk. The Group has evaluated the applicability of these amendments and concluded that it has not entered into any supplier finance arrangements that fall within the scope of the amended requirements. Accordingly, these amendments do not have any impact on the Group's financial statements for the current reporting period, and no additional disclosures are required.

iv. Ind AS 12- Income taxes: International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules (applicable immediately)

The Pillar Two Model Rules, issued by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), introduce a global minimum tax framework under which large multinational enterprises are required to pay a minimum effective tax rate of 15% in each jurisdiction in which they operate. Amendments to Ind AS 12 provide a temporary mandatory exception to the recognition and disclosure of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities arising from Pillar Two income taxes. The amendments further require disclosure of the application of this exception and separate disclosure of current tax expense (income) related to Pillar Two

income taxes. The Group has assessed the applicability of the aforesaid amendments and concluded that the Pillar Two Model Rules are not applicable to the Group. Accordingly, the amendments do not have any material impact on the Group's financial statements for the current reporting period, and no additional disclosures are required under the amended standard.

3. Summary of material accounting policies

a) Overall consideration

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the significant accounting policies and measurement bases summarised below. These were used throughout all periods presented in the financial statements, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on an accrual and going concern basis under the historical cost convention except for the following-

- Certain financial assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value
- Share based payments which are measured at fair value of the options at the grant date
- The defined benefit asset/(liability) is recognised as the present value of defined benefit obligation.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is also its financial currency and all amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest crore as per the requirements of schedule III to the Act, unless otherwise stated. Certain amounts that are required to be disclosed and do not appear due to rounding-off have been so stated by way of a note.

b) Principles of consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate those of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries namely Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited, PC Jeweller Global FZCO and PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited. All subsidiaries have a reporting date of 31 March 2026.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Subsidiaries are all entities over which control is exercised. Control is deemed to exist, only if there is:

- a) power over the entity;
- b) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity; and
- c) the ability to use its power over the entity to affect the amount of its returns.

The Group reassesses, whether it controls an entity if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control.

Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries begins on the date, control is established.

All transactions and balances between Group companies are eliminated on consolidation, including unrealised gains and losses on transactions between Group companies. Where unrealised losses on intragroup asset sales are reversed on consolidation, the underlying asset is also tested for impairment from a group perspective. Amounts reported in the financial statements of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group. The Group combines the financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses.

Profit or loss and other comprehensive income of subsidiaries acquired (if any) during the year are recognised from the effective date of acquisition.

c) Current versus non-current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is classified as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

d) Foreign currency translation

Initial recognition

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Measurement at the balance sheet date

Foreign currency monetary items of the Group, outstanding at the balance sheet date are restated at the year-end rates. Non-monetary items which are carried at historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined.

Treatment of exchange difference

Exchange differences that arise on settlement of monetary items or on reporting at each balance sheet date of the Group's monetary items at the closing rate are recognised as income or expenses in the period in which they arise.

Translation of foreign operations

In the Group's financial statements, all assets, liabilities and transactions of Group entities with a functional currency other than the Indian Rupees (₹) are translated into Indian Rupees (₹) upon consolidation. The functional currency of the entities in the Group has remained unchanged during the reporting period.

On consolidation, assets and liabilities have been translated into Indian Rupees (₹) at the closing rate at the reporting date.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Income and expenses have been translated into Indian Rupees (₹) at the average rate over the reporting period. Exchange differences are charged or credited to other comprehensive income and recognised in the currency translation reserve in equity. On disposal of a foreign operation, the related cumulative translation differences recognised in equity are reclassified to profit or loss and are recognised as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

e) Revenue recognition

Sale of goods

Revenue from the contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods is transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods. Sales, as disclosed, are net of trade allowances, rebates, goods and service tax, and amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

The Group considers the terms of the contract and its customary business practices to determine the transaction price. The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties (for example, indirect (taxes)). In respect of contracts with customers that contain a financing component i.e. when payment by a customer occurs significantly before performance and the fair value of goods provided to the customer at the end of the contract term exceeds the advance payments received, interest expense is recognized on recognition of a contract liability over the contract period and is presented under the head finance costs in statement of profit and loss and total transaction price including financing component is recognized when control of the goods is transferred to the customer.

Satisfaction of performance obligations

The Group's revenue is derived from the single performance obligation to transfer primarily gold and diamond products under arrangements in which the transfer of control of the products and the fulfilment of the Group's performance obligation occur at the same time. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the entity has transferred control of the goods to the buyer and the buyer obtains the benefits from the goods, the potential cash flows and the amount of revenue (the transaction price) can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the entity will collect the consideration to which it is entitled to in exchange for the goods.

When either party to a contract has performed, an entity shall present the contract in the balance sheet as a contract asset or a contract liability, depending on the relationship between the entity's performance and the customer's payment. In respect of sale of goods at prices that are yet to be fixed at the year end, adjustments to the provisional amount billed to the customers are recognised based on the year end closing gold rate.

Interest and dividend income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method. Dividends are recognised at the time the right to receive the payment is established. However, no dividend income was earned and recognised by the Group during the year ended 31 March 2026. Other income is recognised when no significant uncertainty as to its determination or realisation exists.

f) Property, plant and equipment

Recognition and initial measurement

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment are measured at their cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price, non-refundable taxes, directly attributable expenditure incurred to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, and borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation in accordance with Ind AS 23, where applicable. Capital expenditure incurred on leased premises is recognized as 'Leasehold improvements' under property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit and loss as incurred.

The cost of property, plant and equipment, at 1st April 2016, the Group's date of transition to Ind AS, was determined with reference to its carrying value recognised as per the previous GAAP (deemed cost), as at the date of transition to Ind AS.

Subsequent measurement (depreciation and useful lives)

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on written-down value basis, computed on the basis of useful lives (as set out below) prescribed in Schedule II of the Act:

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Asset category	Estimated useful life (in years)
Buildings	30
Plant and equipments	15
Office equipments	5
Computers	3 for data processing units and 6 for servers
Furniture and fixtures	10
Vehicles	8 for motor cars and 10 for scooters

Leasehold improvements have been amortised over the estimated useful life of the assets or the period of lease, whichever is lower. The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation and amortisation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

g) Intangible assets

An intangible asset is a non-monetary, identifiable item without any physical substance that is within the control of an entity and is capable of generating future economic benefits for the entity.

Recognition and initial measurement

Intangible assets include trademarks and computer software purchased by the Group. All items of intangible assets are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group. All other costs are recognised in statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Subsequent measurement (depreciation and useful lives)

Amortisation of intangible assets is provided on straight-line basis, computed on the basis of useful lives estimated by the

management. The useful life of an intangible asset would include the renewal period(s) only if there is enough evidence to support the renewal by the entity without a significant cost.

Asset category	Estimated useful life (in years)
Trademarks	10
Software	10

Derecognition

An item of intangible asset and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

Intangible assets under development represents the cost of intangible assets that are not ready for their intended use as at the balance sheet date.

h) Leases**Group as a lessee**

The Group's lease asset classes primarily consist of property leases. The Group assesses whether a contract contains a lease at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Group has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Group recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Group recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements include the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are re-measured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Group changes its assessment whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

i) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether there is any indication based on internal/external factors, that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount and the reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. All assets are subsequently reassessed for indications that an impairment loss previously recognised may no longer exist. An impairment loss is reversed if the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount.

j) Financial instruments

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted for transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

- i. **Financial instruments at amortised cost** – The financial instrument is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. All the debt instruments of the Group are measured at amortised cost.

- ii. **Mutual funds** – All mutual funds in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is primarily de-recognised when the right to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Group has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the asset.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and transaction cost that is attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities is also adjusted. These liabilities are classified as amortised cost.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. These liabilities include borrowings.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Compound financial instruments

Compound financial instruments are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of the contract. On issuance of the said instrument, the liability component is arrived by discounting the gross sum at a market rate for an equivalent non-convertible instrument. This amount is classified as a financial liability measured

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

at amortised cost until it is extinguished on conversion or redemption. The remainder of the proceeds is recognised as equity component of compound financial instrument. This is recognised and included in shareholders' equity, net of income-tax effects, and not subsequently re-measured.

Derivative contracts and hedge accounting (also refer note 38)

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value.

Embedded derivatives

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid (combined) instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract – with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a standalone derivative. An embedded derivative causes some or all of the cash flows that otherwise would be required by the contract to be modified according to a specified variable. The Group enters into purchase gold contract, in which the amount payable is not fixed based on gold price on the date of purchase, but instead is affected by changes in gold prices in future. Such transactions are entered into to protect against the risk of gold price movement in the purchased gold. Accordingly, such unfixed payables are considered to have an embedded derivative. The Group designates the gold price risk in such instruments as hedging instruments, with gold inventory considered to be the hedged item. The hedged risk is gold prices in USD.

At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Group formally designates and documents the hedge relationship to which the Group wishes to apply hedge accounting and the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The documentation includes the Group's risk management objective and strategy for undertaking hedge, the hedging/ economic relationship, the hedged item or transaction, the nature of the risk being hedged, hedge ratio and how the entity will assess the effectiveness of changes in the hedging instrument's fair value in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value attributable to the hedged risk. Such hedges are expected to be highly effective in achieving offsetting changes in fair value and are assessed on an ongoing basis to determine that they actually have been highly effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which they were designated.

Changes in fair value of the hedging instrument attributable to the risk hedged is recorded as part of the carrying value of the hedged item.

Other derivatives

The Group also uses foreign exchange forward contracts to hedge its exposure towards foreign currency. These foreign exchange forward contracts are not used for trading or speculation purposes. A derivative contract is recognised as an asset or a liability on the commitment date. Outstanding derivative contracts as at reporting date are fair valued and recognised as financial asset/ financial liability, with the resultant gain/(loss) being recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

k) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. When estimating the cash flows, the Group is required to consider

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

Trade receivables

The Group applies simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109, financial instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of receivables.

Other financial assets

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Group determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition and if credit risk has increased significantly, impairment loss is provided.

l) Inventories

Raw Material: Lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined on first in first out ('FIFO') basis.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Work in progress: Lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined on FIFO basis upto estimated stage of completion.

Finished goods: Lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined on FIFO basis, includes direct material and labour expenses and appropriate proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal capacity for manufactured goods.

Stock in trade: Lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined on first in first out ('FIFO') basis.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

m) Taxes on income

Tax expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss comprises the sum of deferred tax and current tax not recognised in Other Comprehensive Income ('OCI') or directly in equity.

Current income-tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian Income-tax Act. Current income-tax relating to items recognised outside the statement of profit and loss is recognised outside the statement of profit and loss (either in OCI or in equity).

Deferred income-tax is calculated using the liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised in full for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that the underlying tax loss, unused tax credits or deductible temporary difference will be utilised against future taxable income. This is assessed based on the Group's forecast of future operating results, adjusted for significant non-taxable income and expenses and specific limits on the use of any unused tax loss or credit. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside the statement of profit and loss is recognised outside the statement of profit and loss (either in OCI or in equity).

n) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits with banks/corporations and short-term highly liquid investments (original maturity less than 3 months) that are readily convertible into known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

o) Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Group are segregated based on the available information.

p) Post-employment, long term and short term employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

Provident fund benefit is a defined contribution plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into funds established under the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions after payment of the fixed contribution.

Defined benefit plans

Gratuity is a post-employment benefit defined under The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 and is in the nature of a defined benefit plan. The liability recognised in the financial statements in respect of gratuity is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date, together with adjustments for unrecognised actuarial gains or losses and past service costs. The defined benefit/obligation is calculated at the end of each reporting period by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are credited or charged to the OCI in the year in which such gains or losses are determined.

Management's estimate of the Defined benefit obligation (DBO) is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, medical cost trends, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Other long-term employee benefits

Liability in respect of compensated absences is estimated on the basis of an actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged to the statement of profit and loss in the year in which such gains or losses are determined.

Short-term employee benefits

Expense in respect of other short term benefits is recognised on the basis of the amount paid or payable for the period during which services are rendered by the employee.

q) Share based payments*Employee stock option plan*

The fair value of options granted under Employee Stock Option Plan is recognised as an employee benefits expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At the end of each period, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market vesting and service conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the statement of profit and loss, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

r) Operating expenses

Operating expenses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss upon utilisation of the service or as incurred.

s) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisitions, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is necessary to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred and reported in finance costs.

t) Fair value measurement

The Group measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received on sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction

between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The Group classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability.

For assets and liabilities recognised at fair value on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing the categorisation at the end of each reporting period based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

u) Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised only when there is a present obligation, as a result of past events, and when a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

Contingent liability is disclosed for:

- Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Group; or
- Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets are not recognised. However, when inflow of economic benefit is probable, related asset is disclosed.

v) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events including a bonus issue.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares except for anti-dilutive potential equity shares.

w) Equity, reserves and dividend payment

Equity shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Retained earnings include current and prior period retained profits. The aforementioned transactions with owners of the Parent Company are recorded separately within equity. The Board of Directors of the Parent Company have not recommended any dividend for the year.

x) Segment reporting

In the absence of export revenues since last few years, there has been no separate reporting or reviews by the Chief Operating Decision Maker ('CODM') with respect to the export segment. Accordingly, the export segment has ceased to qualify as operating segment for reporting purposes as per Ind AS 108 'Operating Segments'. The CODM of the group examines the performance from the perspective of the Group as a whole viz. 'Jewellery business' and hence there are no separate reportable segments as per Ind AS 108.

y) Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates

and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the related disclosures.

Significant management judgements and estimates

The following are significant management judgements and estimates in applying the accounting policies of the Group that have the most significant effect on the financial statements.

Recognition of deferred tax assets – The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognised is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilised.

Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets – The evaluation of applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.

Recoverability of advances/receivables – At each balance sheet date, based on historical default rates observed over expected life, the management assesses the expected credit loss on outstanding receivables and advances.

Defined benefit obligation (DBO) – Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, medical cost trends, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

Fair value measurements – Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available). This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. Management uses the best information available. Estimated fair values may vary from the actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date.

Useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets – Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical and economic obsolescence.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 4: Non-current assets**(a) Property, plant and equipment**

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Freehold land	Buildings	Leasehold improvements	Plant and equipments	Office equipments	Computers	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Total
Gross block									
As at 1 April 2024	10.75	12.89	52.93	7.43	20.58	5.97	4.97	5.06	120.58
Additions/Adjustments	-	-	-	0.40	0.06	0.00*	-	-	0.46
Disposals/Adjustments	-	-	(12.51)	(0.07)	(1.90)	(0.30)	(0.38)	(2.32)	(17.48)
Foreign currency translation	-	0.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.20
As at 31 March 2025	10.75	13.09	40.42	7.76	18.74	5.67	4.59	2.74	103.76
Additions/Adjustments	-	-	-	0.02	0.39	0.48	-	1.56	2.45
Disposals/Adjustments	(3.17)	(1.73)	(1.12)	(1.15)	(0.70)	-	(0.42)	-	(8.29)
Foreign currency translation	-	0.77	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.77
As at 31 March 2026	7.58	12.13	39.30	6.63	18.43	6.15	4.17	4.30	98.69
Accumulated depreciation									
As at 1 April 2024	-	5.20	49.32	5.57	20.52	5.51	4.74	4.60	95.46
Charge for the year	-	0.63	1.17	0.21	0.04	0.11	0.13	0.04	2.33
Reversal/adjustment on disposals	-	-	(11.66)	0.00*	(1.90)	(0.28)	(0.36)	(2.23)	(16.43)
Foreign currency translation	-	0.07	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.07
As at 31 March 2025	-	5.90	38.83	5.78	18.66	5.34	4.51	2.41	81.43
Charge for the year	-	0.61	0.87	0.29	0.11	0.24	0.07	0.25	2.44
Reversal/adjustment on disposals	-	(0.87)	(1.08)	(0.91)	(0.66)	-	(0.42)	-	(3.94)
Foreign currency translation	-	0.32	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.32
As at 31 March 2026	-	5.96	38.62	5.16	18.11	5.58	4.16	2.66	80.25
Net block:									
As at 31 March 2026	7.58	6.17	0.68	1.47	0.32	0.57	0.01	1.64	18.44
As at 31 March 2025	10.75	7.19	1.59	1.98	0.08	0.33	0.08	0.33	22.33

*Rounded off to two decimal places.

Note 1: The amount of contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment not recognised as a liability as at 31 March 2026 was Nil (31 March 2025: Nil).

Note 2: The title deeds of all immovable properties are held in the name of the Parent Company and its Subsidiaries.

(b) Capital work-in-progress

The Group did not have any Capital Work-in-Progress as at 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025. Accordingly, the disclosures relating to ageing of Capital Work-in-Progress and projects whose completion is overdue or have exceeded their original cost are not applicable.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

(c) Intangible assets

(₹ in crore)			
Particulars	Trademark	Computer software	Total
Gross Block:			
As at 01 April 2024	1.03	1.21	2.24
Additions/Adjustments	-	-	-
Disposals/Adjustments	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2025	1.03	1.21	2.24
Additions/Adjustments	0.02	-	0.02
Disposals/Adjustments	(0.03)	(0.02)	(0.05)
As at 31 March 2026	1.02	1.19	2.21
Accumulated amortisation			
As at 01 April 2024	1.02	0.54	1.56
Amortisation charge for the year	-	0.12	0.12
Reversal on disposals/Adjustments	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2025	1.02	0.66	1.68
Amortisation charge for the year	0.00*	0.11	0.11
Reversal on disposals/Adjustments	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.06)
As at 31 March 2026	1.00	0.73	1.73
Net block:			
As at 31 March 2026	0.02	0.46	0.48
As at 31 March 2025	0.01	0.55	0.56

*Rounded off to two decimal places

(d) Intangible assets under development

(₹ in crore)	
Particulars	Total
As at 1st April 2024	-
Additions	-
Capitalisations	-
As at 31st March 2025	-
Additions	0.09
Capitalisations	-
As at 31st March 2026	0.09

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

(i) Intangible assets under development aging schedule

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026				Total
	Less than 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	More than 3 Years	
a) Projects in progress	0.09	-	-	-	0.09
b) Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

(ii) Intangible assets under development aging schedule

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025				Total
	Less than 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	More than 3 Years	
a) Projects in progress	-	-	-	-	-
b) Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

Note 5: Non-current financial assets - Investments

(₹ in crore)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Investments in equity instruments (unquoted) - fully paid up - at cost		
Transforming Retail Private Limited	0.01	0.01
10,000 (31 March 2025: 10,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each		
PC Universal Private Limited	0.05	0.05
50,000 (31 March 2025: 50,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each		
	0.06	0.06
Less: Provision for impairment	(0.05)	(0.05)
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	0.01	0.01

Note 6: Financial assets - Loans

(₹ in crore)

	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
(Unsecured and considered good, unless stated otherwise)				
Loan to body corporates (refer note (a) below)				
-Considered good- unsecured	82.98	70.87	82.98	65.77
Less: Provision for impairment	(74.75)	(70.77)	(74.75)	(65.57)
Total	8.23	0.10	8.23	0.20

(a) Loans have been given to Shivani Sarees Private Limited and PC Universal Private Limited for business purposes.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 7: Other financial assets

(₹ in crore)

	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
(Unsecured and considered good)				
Deposits with maturity of more than 12 months	-	-	-	-
Security deposits				
-Considered good- unsecured	9.25	8.03	13.61	0.62
Total	9.25	8.03	13.61	0.62

Note 8: Deferred tax assets (net)

(₹ in crore)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Deferred tax asset arising on account of		
Difference between accounting base and tax base of property, plant and equipment	9.83	11.21
Provision for employee benefits	1.49	1.33
Provision for discount	0.41	0.11
Losses carried forward	3.46	5.41
Others	1.14	1.18
	16.33	19.24
Deferred tax liability arising on account of		
Right-of-use assets as per Ind AS - 116	(0.37)	(0.36)
	(0.37)	(0.36)
Net deferred tax assets	15.96	18.88

(a) Changes in deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities from 1 April 2025 to 31 March 2026

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Opening balance as on 1 April 2025	Recognised/ (reversed) in statement of profit and loss	Recognised/ (reversed) in other comprehensive income	Other reversals	Closing balance as on 31 March 2026
Deferred tax asset arising on account of					
Difference between accounting base and tax base of property, plant and equipment	11.21	(1.38)	-	-	9.83
Provision for employee benefits	1.33	(0.11)	0.27	-	1.49
Provision for discount	0.11	0.30	-	-	0.41
Losses carried forward	5.41	(1.95)	-	-	3.46
Others	1.18	(0.02)	-	(0.02)	1.14
	19.24	(3.16)	0.27	(0.02)	16.33

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

					(₹ in crore)
Particulars	Opening balance as on 1 April 2025	Recognised/ (reversed) in statement of profit and loss	Recognised/ (reversed) in other comprehensive income	Other reversals	Closing balance as on 31 March 2026
Deferred tax liability arising on account of					
Right-of-use assets as per Ind AS - 116	(0.36)	(0.01)	-	-	(0.37)
	(0.36)	(0.01)	-	-	(0.37)
Net deferred tax assets	18.88	(3.17)	0.27	(0.02)	15.96

(b) Changes in deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities from 1 April 2024 to 31 March 2025

					(₹ in crore)
Particulars	Opening balance as on 1 April 2024	Recognised/ (reversed) in statement of profit and loss	Recognised/ (reversed) in other comprehensive income	Other reversals	Closing balance as on 31 March 2025
Deferred tax asset arising on account of					
Difference between accounting base and tax base of property, plant and equipment	0.51	10.70	-	-	11.21
Provision for employee benefits	-	1.44	(0.11)	-	1.33
Provision for discount	-	0.11	-	-	0.11
Losses carried forward	7.20	(1.79)	-	-	5.41
Others	-	1.19	-	(0.01)	1.18
	7.71	11.65	(0.11)	(0.01)	19.24
Deferred tax liability arising on account of					
Right-of-use assets as per Ind AS - 116	-	(0.36)	-	-	(0.36)
	-	(0.36)	-	-	(0.36)
Net deferred tax assets	7.71	11.29	(0.11)	(0.01)	18.88

There has been a significant increase in the operational efficiency of the Parent company which has resulted in increased sales and taxable profits which has ultimately brought back investor and customer confidence in the management's decision. After review and reassessment, the management is confident that the Parent company has started moving on the track of growth and there is no such uncertainty w.r.t future taxable profits which existed before. As a result the Parent Company has recognised Deferred Tax Assets (on net basis) during the year ended 31st March, 2025 in accordance with Ind AS-12.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 9: Other assets

(₹ in crore)

	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Advance to suppliers	-	236.03	-	18.00
Balances with statutory authorities	-	6.83	-	23.56
Prepaid expenses	1.67	0.66	3.67	1.31
Others	-	2.05	-	2.18
	1.67	245.57	3.67	45.05

Note 10: Inventories

(valued at lower of cost and net realisable value)

(₹ in crore)

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Raw materials	9.04	9.21
Work-in-progress	5,133.52	4,456.42
Finished goods*	2,071.48	2,183.52
	7,214.04	6,649.15

*Includes stock-in-trade

Note 11: Trade receivables

(₹ in crore)

	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Considered good - unsecured [#]	1,053.34	636.02	1,164.39	350.89
Credit impaired	225.59	55.80	240.70	24.41
Less: Loss allowance	(225.59)	(55.80)	(240.70)	(24.41)
	1,053.34	636.02	1,164.39	350.89

[#] Includes amount of unrealised foreign currency gain of ₹ 498.01 crore (31 March 2025: ₹ 309.60 crore)

The net carrying amount of trade receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Trade receivables (Non-current) ageing schedule for the year ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025:

Particulars	Amount Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						(₹ in crore)
	Not Due	Less than 6 Months	6 Months to 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
	31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)
1. Undisputed Trade receivables-Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	1,053.34	1,053.34
	-	-	-	-	-	1,164.39	1,164.39
2. Undisputed Trade Receivables-which have significant increase in credit Risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Undisputed Trade Receivables-credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	225.59	225.59
	-	-	-	-	-	240.70	240.70
4. Disputed Trade Receivables -Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Disputed Trade Receivables -which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6. Disputed Trade Receivables-Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	1,278.93	1,278.93
	-	-	-	-	-	1,405.09	1,405.09
Less: Allowance for Credit Loss							(225.59)
							(240.70)
Total Trade Receivables							1,053.34
							1,164.39

Trade receivables (Current) ageing schedule for the year ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025:

Particulars	Amount Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						(₹ in crore)
	Not Due	Less than 6 Months	6 Months to 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
	31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)
1. Undisputed Trade receivables-Considered good	2.87	0.00*	-	0.17	-	632.98	636.02
	0.91	0.02	0.15	0.01	0.32	349.48	350.89
2. Undisputed Trade Receivables-which have significant increase in credit Risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Undisputed Trade Receivables-credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	55.80	55.80
	-	-	-	-	-	24.41	24.41
4. Disputed Trade Receivables -Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Particulars	Amount Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						(₹ in crore)
	Not Due	Less than 6 Months	6 Months to 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
	31-03-2026	31-03-2026	31-03-2026	31-03-2026	31-03-2026	31-03-2026	31-03-2026
	(31-03-2025)	(31-03-2025)	(31-03-2025)	(31-03-2025)	(31-03-2025)	(31-03-2025)	(31-03-2025)
5. Disputed Trade Receivables -which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6. Disputed Trade Receivables- Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2.87	0.00*	-	0.17	-	688.78	691.82
	0.91	0.02	0.15	0.01	0.32	373.89	375.30
Less: Allowance for Credit Loss							(55.80)
							(24.41)
Total Trade Receivables							636.02
							350.89

*Rounded off to two decimal places

Note 12: Cash and cash equivalents

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Balances with banks - in current accounts*	20.69	46.76
Cheques on hand	-	0.02
Cash on hand	47.28	15.41
Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months^	66.43	-
	134.40	62.19

*Includes proceeds from preferential issue of convertible share warrants amounting to ₹ 9.03 crores (31 March 2025: ₹ 18.90 crores) lying unutilised in monitoring accounts of the Parent Company.

^Includes proceeds from preferential issue of convertible share warrants amounting to ₹ 66.31 crores lying unutilised in monitoring accounts of the Parent Company.

There are no repatriation restrictions with regard to cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the reporting period and prior period

Note 13: Other bank balances

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Deposits with maturity of more than 3 months but less than 12 months (refer note a below)	1.77	1.54
Unclaimed dividend account (refer note b below)	-	0.05
	1.77	1.59

(a) *Inter-alia* includes deposits of ₹ 0.02 crore (31 March 2025: ₹ 0.02 crore) which are earmarked.

(b) Not due for deposit to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 14: Equity share capital

	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Number of shares	Amount (₹ in crore)	Number of shares	Amount (₹ in crore)
a) Authorised share capital				
(i) Equity shares of face value ₹ 1 each	10,500,000,000	1,050.00	10,000,000,000	1,000.00
(ii) Preference shares of face value ₹ 10 each	260,000,000	260.00	260,000,000	260.00
b) Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital				
Equity shares of face value ₹ 1 each	8,648,603,175	864.86	6,355,284,100	635.53
c) Reconciliation of number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year				
Shares outstanding as at the beginning of the year	6,355,284,100	635.53	465,403,896	465.40
Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of convertible share warrants [^]	2,112,763,520	211.28	118,413,052	118.42
Increase in shares due to face value split [*]	-	-	5,254,352,532	Not applicable
Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of debt into equity [§]	-	-	517,114,620	51.71
Issue of shares by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis [@]	180,555,555	18.05	-	-
Shares outstanding as at the end of the year	8,648,603,175	864.86	6,355,284,100	635.53

[^]During the financial year ended 31st March 2025, after receipt of 25% of the Issue Price of ₹ 56.20 per Fully Convertible Share Warrant ("Warrant") as subscription amount in accordance with the provisions of the SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, the Parent Company made preferential allotment of 11,50,00,000 Warrants on 30th September 2024 and 36,58,02,500 Warrants on 11th October 2024 to Promoter Group and Non-Promoter, Public category entities. Subsequently, the Board of Directors of the Parent Company by means of resolutions passed by circulations on i) 15th October 2024 allotted 4,35,972 equity shares (face value ₹ 10/- each); ii) 30th October 2024 allotted 3,38,85,000 equity shares (face value ₹ 10/- each); iii) 12th November 2024 allotted 3,63,75,000 equity shares (face value ₹ 10/- each); iv) 29th November 2024 allotted 39,87,900 equity shares (face value ₹ 10/- each); and v) 19th December 2024 allotted 43,72,91,800 equity shares (face value ₹ 1/- each), upon conversion of Warrants after receipt of balance 75% of the Issue Price per Warrant.

[^]During the financial year ended 31st March 2026, the Board of Directors of the Parent Company by means of resolutions passed by circulations allotted total 211,27,63,520 equity shares of ₹1 each in total 13 tranches i.e., i) 18,92,50,000 equity shares on 29th April 2025; ii) 3,08,42,400 equity shares on 29th May 2025; iii) 34,67,82,850 equity shares on 25th July 2025; iv) 97,84,800 equity shares on 13th August 2025; v) 13,61,24,000 equity shares on 9th September 2025; vi) 7,81,14,890 equity shares on 18th October 2025; vii) 17,56,260 equity shares on 15th November 2025; viii) 6,85,50,000 equity shares on 22nd January 2026; ix) 51,24,68,600 equity shares on 31st January 2026; x) 10,72,37,000 equity shares on 24th February 2026; xi) 35,18,36,870 equity shares on 23rd March 2026; xii) 20,09,70,560 equity shares on 28th March 2026; and xiii) 7,90,45,290 equity shares on 31st March 2026, upon conversion of Warrants allotted during the financial year ended 31 March 2025 after receipt of balance 75% of the Issue Price per Warrant.

^{*}On and from the record date of 16th December 2024, the face value of equity shares of the Parent Company has been sub-divided/splitted, such that 1 (one) equity share having face value of ₹ 10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each, fully paid-up, stands sub-divided into 10 (ten) equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- (Rupee One Only) each, fully paid-up, ranking pari-passu in all respects.

[§]During the financial year ended 31st March 2025, the Board of Directors of the Parent Company vide a resolution passed by circulation on 17th March 2025 made preferential allotment of 51,71,14,620 fully paid-up equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- each at an issue price of ₹ 29.20 per share to the Consortium Lenders comprising of 14 Banks, against part of their outstanding debts amounting to ₹ 1509.97 crores as per the Joint Settlement Agreement dated 30th September 2024 entered into amongst the Parent Company and its Consortium Lenders.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

@The Board of Directors of the Parent Company by means of a resolution passed by circulation on 18th September 2025 allotted 18,05,55,555 equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- each at an issue price of ₹ 18/- per share by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis to Capital Ventures Private Limited, an entity belonging to 'Non-Promoter, Public category'.

d) Terms and rights attached to equity shares

The Parent Company has only one class of equity shares having a face value of ₹ 1 each. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Parent Company declares and pays dividends, if any, in Indian Rupees. In the event of liquidation of the Parent Company, holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Parent Company, after distribution of all preferential payments. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the equity shareholders.

e) Shares reserved for issue under options

3,461,867 equity shares are reserved for issue under the Employees' Stock Option Plan of the Parent Company. Information relating to Employees' stock option plan, including details of options granted, exercised and lapsed during the financial year and options outstanding at the end of the reporting period, is set out in note 35.

f) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares of the Parent Company

	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Number of shares	% of holding	Number of shares	% of holding
Equity shares of face value of ₹ 1 each (31st March 2025: face value of ₹ 1 each)				
Mr. Balram Garg	2,042,821,000	23.62	2,042,821,000	32.14
Unico Global Opportunities Fund Limited	545,000,000	6.30	-	-
New Track Garments Private Limited	500,000,000	5.78	-	-
Mrs. Krishna Devi	484,628,130	5.60	484,628,130	7.63
	3,572,449,130	41.30	2,527,449,130	39.77

g) Disclosure of shareholding of Promoters

Name of Promoter	Equity shares held by promoters				% change during the year*
	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025		
	Number of shares	% of total shares	Number of shares	% of total shares	
Mr. Balram Garg	2,042,821,000	23.62	2,042,821,000	32.14	(8.52)

*Preferential allotment of equity shares to other entities resulted in dilution of shareholding by 8.52%

h) The details of shares issued By the Parent Company pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash, or allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares or bought back any shares during the period of five years immediately preceding the date of balance sheet are as under:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
a. Aggregate number and class of shares allotted as fully paid up pursuant to contract/(s) without payment being received in cash	-	-	-	-	-	-
b. Aggregate number and class of share allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares	-	-	-	-	-	15000*
c. Aggregate number and class of shares bought back	-	-	-	-	-	-

*Bonus options/equity shares allotted to the eligible employees pursuant to the adjustment made under PC Jeweller Limited Employee Stock Option Plan – 2011 due to corporate action of issue of bonus equity shares by the Company in the ratio of 1:1.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 15: Other equity

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Retained earnings	2,589.39	1,874.94
General reserve	87.27	87.27
Securities premium	4,357.32	3,074.28
Foreign currency translation reserve	14.05	5.59
Other comprehensive income	5.24	6.03
Capital reserve	42.15	-
Money received against Convertible share warrants	213.92	509.16
	7,309.34	5,557.27

Retained earnings

Retained earnings are created from the profit/loss of the Group, as adjusted for distributions to owners, transfers to other reserves, etc.

General reserve

Under the Companies Act 1956, general reserve was created through an annual transfer of net income at a specified percentage in accordance with Companies (Transfer of profits to Reserve) Rules, 1975. Consequent to introduction of the Companies Act 2013, there is no such requirement to mandatorily transfer a specified percentage of the net profit to general reserve.

Securities premium

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The premium will be utilised in accordance with provisions of the Act.

Foreign currency translation reserve

The Group's functional currency is Indian Rupees (₹). One of the Group's entity (PC Jeweller Global FZCO) prepares its financial statements in foreign currency and its respective financials are converted to Indian Rupees (₹) as per requirements of Ind AS 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates" to enable the Parent Company to present its Consolidated Financial Statements as per the above mentioned requirements.

Other comprehensive income

It represents the changes in the remeasurements of employee defined benefit plans.

Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve represents capital profits arising from transactions of a capital nature that are not available for distribution as dividends to shareholders. Such reserve primarily comprises amounts arising from capital transactions, including gains on forfeiture of shares/ share warrants and other capital profits, and is utilised only for the purposes permitted under the applicable provisions of law.

Money received against convertible share warrants

Convertible share warrants refer to instruments issued by a company that give the holder the right to acquire equity shares at a future date, at a pre-agreed price. This mechanism is often used by companies to raise capital commitments while deferring actual equity dilution. As per the SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, in the case of warrants, an amount equivalent to at least 25% of the consideration shall be paid against each warrant on the date of allotment of warrants and the balance 75% of the consideration shall be paid at the time of allotment of the equity shares pursuant to exercise of options against each such warrant by the warrant holder. In case the warrant holder does not exercise the option for equity shares against any of the warrants held by the warrant holder, the consideration paid in respect of such warrant shall be forfeited. Warrants are convertible into equity shares within a maximum period of 18 months from the date of their allotment.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 16: Non-current financial liabilities - Borrowings

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Unsecured		
Loans from body corporates	0.39	0.39
Loan from promoter of Parent Company	0.03	-
	0.42	0.39

Note 17: Provisions

	(₹ in crore)			
	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Provision for employee benefits obligations (refer note 34)	3.46	2.39	3.15	2.10
	3.46	2.39	3.15	2.10

Note 18: Current financial liabilities - Borrowings

	Interest rate	Maturity date	(₹ in crore)		Remarks
			As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025	
Secured (carried at amortised cost)					
From Banks:					
Liability towards Consortium Banks after settlement	8.75%^	30-09-2026	1,072.12	2,060.12	Refer note (i) & (ii)
Total			1,072.12	2,060.12	
Unsecured					
Loan from promoter of Parent Company	Interest Free	Payable on demand	0.16	4.30	
Total current financial liabilities-borrowings			1,072.28	2,064.42	

^SBI MCLR 2 year rate existing as on 31st March 2026.

- (i) Liability towards consortium banks after settlement, cash credit facilities, funded interest term loans, demand loans and bank overdrafts are secured against first pari passu charge on current assets, property, plant and equipment and fixed deposits of the Parent Company. These loans are further fully secured by personal guarantees of promoter director and other individuals alongwith corporate guarantees and collateral securities of other companies. During the financial year ended 31st March 2026, the Parent Company has been regularly meeting its outstanding financial obligations through timely payment of installments as per payment schedule agreed between the Banks and the Company as per Joint Settlement Agreement.
- (ii) During the financial year ended 31st March 2025, the outstanding bank borrowings and related obligations were settled through the One Time Settlement (OTS) approval of Consortium Lenders comprising of 14 Banks. Accordingly, the Parent Company made payments of the Cash Consideration to the Consortium Lenders that it had to pay as per the timelines mentioned in the settlement agreement. Also, the Board of Directors of the Parent Company vide a resolution passed by circulation on 17th March 2025, made preferential allotment of 51,71,14,620 fully paid-up equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- each at an issue price of ₹ 29.20 per share to the Consortium Lenders, against part of their outstanding debts amounting to ₹ 1509.97 crores. The outstanding financial liability as per books of accounts is recognized net of payments made as per the terms of Joint Settlement Agreement and continues to be recognized pending final discharge in accordance with the applicable accounting standards. Hence, there are no

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

more defaults pending in payment to lender banks as on 31st March 2025. The Board of the Parent Company in its meeting held on 19th October 2024 approved the repayment of entire settlement amount to Consortium Lenders on or before 31st March 2026 subject to conversion of all outstanding Fully Convertible Warrants into equity shares of the Parent Company on or before 31st March 2026. Accordingly, the entire outstanding debt of Consortium Lenders has been classified as current liabilities.

Note 19: Trade payables

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Trade payables		
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 41)	0.01	0.03
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	15.84	13.74
	15.85	13.77

Trade payables aging schedule for the year ended as on 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					(₹ in crore)
	Not Due 31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	Less than 1 year 31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	1-2 Years 31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	2-3 Years 31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	More Than 3 years 31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)	Total 31-03-2026 (31-03-2025)
1. MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	0.02	-	-	-	0.02
2. Others	-	1.32	0.53	0.02	13.97	15.84
	-	0.88	0.05	0.10	12.71	13.74
3. Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.01
	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.01
4. Disputed dues-others	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	1.32	0.53	0.02	13.98	15.85
	-	0.90	0.05	0.10	12.72	13.77

Note 20: Other current financial liabilities

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Interest accrued and due on borrowings	0.07	0.04
Unpaid dividends	-	0.05*
Employee related payables	4.17	3.56
Others	7.03	7.27
	11.27	10.92

*Not due for deposit to the Investor Education and Protection Fund



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 21: Other current liabilities

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Advances received from customers	24.79	12.60
Statutory dues payable	0.83	1.71
Others	25.36	24.16
	50.98	38.47

Note 22: Revenue from operations

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Sale of products	3,352.88	2,244.60
	3,352.88	2,244.60

Note 23: Other income

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Interest income on:		
Fixed deposits with banks	0.52	0.09
Loan to body corporate(s)	5.78	5.46
Income-tax refund	1.53	51.39
Other financial assets carried at amortised cost	1.52	1.95
Net gain on foreign currency transactions and translations (refer note 39(ii)A)	187.14	45.65
Liabilities written back	-	17.40
Other non-operating income	0.21	5.33
	196.70	127.27

Note 24: Cost of materials consumed

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Raw material		
Balance at the beginning of the year	9.21	2.19
Add: Purchases during the year	2,869.39	2,545.36
Less: Balance at the end of the year	9.04	9.21
	2,869.56	2,538.34

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 25: Purchases of stock-in-trade

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Purchases of stock-in-trade	281.07	239.53
	281.07	239.53

Note 26: Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Opening balance		
Work-in-progress	4,456.42	3,455.80
Finished goods*	2,183.35	2,173.24
	6,639.77	5,629.04
Closing balance		
Work-in-progress	5,133.52	4,456.42
Finished goods*	2,063.50	2,183.35
	7,197.02	6,639.77
	(557.25)	(1,010.73)

*Includes stock-in-trade

Note 27: Employee benefits expense

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Salaries and wages	28.38	24.46
Contribution to provident and other funds	0.74	0.82
Staff welfare expenses	0.60	0.51
	29.72	25.79

Note 28: Finance costs

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Interest expense on financial liabilities at amortised cost	121.92	42.86
Interest on lease liabilities	10.98	8.43
Other finance costs	0.00*	0.00*
	132.90	51.29

*Rounded off to two decimal places.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 29: Depreciation and amortisation expenses

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	2.44	2.33
Amortisation of right-of-use assets	18.23	15.50
Amortisation of intangible assets	0.11	0.12
	20.78	17.95

Note 30: Other expenses

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Advertisement and publicity	4.91	2.48
Labour charges	1.85	1.51
Hallmarking charges	0.85	0.53
Consumption of packing material	0.69	0.73
Rent (refer note 43)	1.31	10.27
Business promotion	2.87	1.44
Communication	0.58	0.55
Repairs and maintenance	2.60	2.65
Provision for impairment	5.20	4.92
Net loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	0.53	0.81
Discount and commission	0.44	0.49
Electricity and water	4.01	3.98
Vehicle running and maintenance	0.17	0.09
Insurance	0.26	0.17
Legal and professional (including payment to auditors) (refer note (a) below)	8.09	6.60
Rates and taxes	0.57	0.71
Printing and stationery	0.11	0.11
Security expenses	3.58	3.88
Travelling and conveyance	0.71	1.17
Expected credit loss on trade receivables	16.29	1.42
Loss on investments measured at FVTPL	-	0.93
Bank charges	1.01	0.74
Donation	0.76	-
Expenditure on corporate social responsibility activities (refer note 44)	-	-
Miscellaneous expenses	1.25	10.96
	58.64	57.14
(a) Payment to the auditors:		
- As auditors	0.11	0.11
- For other services (including limited reviews)	0.25	0.23
- For reimbursement of expenses	0.01	0.01
Total	0.37	0.35

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 31: Exceptional Items

The Government of India has notified the four New Labour Codes, effective from 21st November 2025 - the Code on Wages, 2019, the Industrial Relations Code, 2020, the Code on Social Security, 2020, and the Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020 - consolidating 29 existing labour laws. Based on an actuarial valuation and the best information available, and consistent with guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the Group has recognised the incremental impact of these changes on employee benefits and statutory contributions. Considering its regulatory-driven and non-recurring nature, the impact of ₹ 0.67 crore has been presented as an Exceptional Item for the year ended 31st March 2026. This primarily arises due to the change in the definition of wages under the Code on Wages.

Note 32: Income tax**(a) Income-tax expense through the statement of profit and loss**

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the year	-	-
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	(4.14)	(113.85)
	(4.14)	(113.85)
Deferred tax:		
In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences	3.17	(11.29)
Total tax expense	(0.97)	(125.14)

(b) Income-tax on other comprehensive income

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Re-measurement of defined benefit obligations	0.27	(0.11)
Total tax expense recognised in other comprehensive income	0.27	(0.11)

(c) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate:

	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Accounting profit before income-tax	713.49	452.56
Applicable Indian statutory income-tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
Computed expected tax expense	179.57	113.90
Effect of:		
Tax adjusted due to business loss brought forward under income-tax act, 1961	(179.57)	(113.90)
Income-taxes relating to earlier periods (refer notes (a) & (b) below)	(4.14)	(113.85)
Deferred tax asset recognised during the year (refer note 8)	3.17	(11.29)
Income-tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	(0.97)	(125.14)



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Notes:

- (a) During the year ended 31st March 2026, the Parent Company has accounted income-tax reversals ₹ 3.95 crore pertaining to prior years arising due to income-tax refunds of ₹ 2.53 crores and ₹ 1.42 crores for the A.Y. 2015-16 & A.Y. 2016-17 respectively, pursuant to orders received under section 254 of the Income-tax Act, 1961. The interest on the aforementioned income-tax refunds amounting to ₹ 1.49 crores have been duly recorded as other income during the year ended 31st March 2026 by the Parent Company.
- (b) During the year ended 31st March 2025, the Parent Company has accounted income-tax reversals of ₹ 113.85 crore pertaining to prior years arising due to income-tax refunds of ₹ 34.13 crores, ₹ 37.26 crores and ₹ 42.46 crores for the A.Y. 2015-16, A.Y. 2016-17 & A.Y. 2017-18 respectively, pursuant to orders received under section 250 of the Income-tax Act, 1961. The refund amount has been adjusted against outstanding demand of A.Y. 2018-19. The interest on the aforementioned income-tax refunds amounting to ₹ 51.39 crores have been duly recorded as other income during the year ended 31st March 2025.
- (c) The Parent Company is following the option exercised for concessional tax rate permitted under section 115BAA of the Income-tax Act, 1961 for the financial year ended 31st March 2026 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance 2019.

Note 33: Earnings per share

Particulars	Units	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
The numerators and denominators used to calculate the basic and diluted EPS are as follows:			
Net profit attributable to shareholders for Basic EPS	₹ in crore	714.46	577.70
Weighted average number of equity shares for Basic EPS #	Nos.	7,127,057,029	5,09,56,94,781
Nominal value per share of equity shares	₹	1.00	1.00
Earnings per share (Basic)	₹	1.00	1.13
Net profit attributable to shareholders for Diluted EPS	₹ in crore	714.46	577.70
Weighted average number of equity shares for Diluted EPS #	Nos.	7,127,057,029	5,09,56,94,781
Add:- Adjustment for potential equity shares (Convertible Share warrants) [§]	Nos.	1,211,130,960	3,62,38,94,480
Weighted average number of equity shares for Diluted EPS	Nos.	8,338,187,989	8,71,95,89,261
Earnings per share (Diluted)	₹	0.86	0.66

#On and from the Record Date of 16th December 2024, the equity shares of the Parent Company has been sub- divided, such that 1 (one) equity share having face value of ₹10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each, fully paid-up, stands sub-divided into 10 (ten) equity shares having face value of ₹ 1/- (Rupee One Only) each, fully paid-up, ranking pari-passu in all respects.

§For calculating Diluted EPS, the Parent company has considered convertible share warrants which are pending conversion into ordinary equity shares.

Note 34: Employee benefits

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Provision for gratuity	5.38	4.82
Provision for compensated absences	0.47	0.43
	5.85	5.25

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss and the amount recognised in the consolidated balance sheet for the defined benefit plan.

	(₹ in crore)	
	Gratuity benefits	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation:		
Opening defined benefit obligation	4.82	4.60
Interest cost	0.32	0.34
Past service cost	0.61	-
Current service cost	0.45	0.41
Benefits paid	(1.95)	(0.12)
Actuarial (gains) on obligation	1.14	(0.41)
Provisions written off	(0.01)	-
Closing defined benefit obligation	5.38	4.82
Expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss:		
Current service cost	0.45	0.41
Past service cost	0.61	-
Interest cost	0.32	0.34
	1.38	0.75
(Income)/loss recognised in the other comprehensive income:		
Net actuarial (gain) / loss in the year	1.14	(0.46)
	1.14	(0.46)
Net expense recognised in the total comprehensive income	2.52	0.29
Breakup of actuarial (gain) / loss		
Actuarial (gain) / loss arising from change in demographic assumption	Not applicable	Not applicable
Actuarial (gain) / loss arising from change in financial assumption	(0.67)	0.05
Actuarial (gain) / loss arising from experience adjustment	1.81	(0.46)
	1.14	(0.41)
Actuarial assumptions used		
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Discount rate (%)	7.25	6.75-7.25
Long-term rate of compensation increase (%)	5.00	5.00
Average remaining life (in years)	23.30	17 - 21.70
Demographic assumptions used		
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Mortality table	IALM(2012-14)	IALM(2012-14)
Retirement age (in years)	60.00	60.00
Average remaining life (in years)	23.30	17 - 21.70

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

These assumptions were developed by the management of the Group with the assistance of independent actuarial valuers. Discount factors are determined close to each year end by reference to government bonds of relevant economic markets and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Other assumptions are based on management's historical experience.

Sensitivity analysis

The significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are the discount rate, the salary growth rate and the average life expectancy. The calculation of the net defined benefit liability is sensitive to these assumptions. The following table summarises the effects of changes in these actuarial assumptions on the defined benefit liability:

	(₹ in crore)			
	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Increase by 1%	Decrease by 1%	Increase by 1%	Decrease by 1%
Discount rate				
Increase/ (decrease in the defined benefit liability)	(0.13)	0.14	(0.12)	0.13
Salary growth rate				
Increase/ (decrease) in the defined benefit liability	0.14	(0.13)	0.13	(0.12)
Average life expectancy				
Increase/ (decrease) in the defined benefit liability	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated as mentioned in note 3(p). The sensitivity analysis is based on a change in one assumption while not changing all other assumptions. This analysis may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in the assumptions would occur in isolation of one another since some of the assumptions may be co-related.

Based on historical data, the Parent Company expects contributions of ₹ 0.59 crore (31 March 2025 : ₹ 0.54 crore) in the next 12 months.

Amounts for the current and previous four years are as follows:

	(₹ in crore)				
	2025-26	2024-25	2023-24	2022-23	2021-22
Defined benefit obligations	5.38	4.82	4.60	6.18	6.51
Experience gain/(loss) adjustments on planned liabilities	(1.14)	0.46	1.96	0.31	0.45

Compensated absences

The leave obligations cover the Parent Company's liability for sick and earned leaves. The Parent Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for the obligation shown as current provision balance. However, based on past experience, the Parent Company does not expect all employees to take the full amount of accrued leave or require payment within the next 12 months. Therefore, based on the independent actuarial report, provision for compensated absences has been bifurcated as current and non-current.

Actuarial assumptions used

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Discount rate (%)	7.25	6.75-7.25
Expected salary escalation rate (%)	5.00	5.00

Defined contribution plans

The Group has certain defined contribution plans. In case of companies included in the Group which are incorporated in India, contributions are made to provident fund in India for employees at the rate of 12% of basic salary as per regulations. The contributions are made to registered provident fund administered by the Government. The obligation of the Group is limited to the amount contributed

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

and it has no further contractual or any constructive obligation. The expense recognised during the period towards defined contribution plan is ₹ 0.54 crore (31 March 2025 : ₹ 0.63 crore). There are no amounts outstanding of post employment benefits, other long-term benefits and share based payment for the current and previous year.

Note 35: Employee Stock Option Plan**PC Jeweller Limited Employee Stock Option Plan 2011**

During the year ended 31 March 2012, the Parent Company had formulated Employee Stock Option Scheme referred to as PC Jeweller Limited Employee Stock Option Plan 2011 (the 'Plan') for all eligible employees/directors of the Group.

The Plan is implemented by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Parent Company in accordance with the authority delegated to it from time to time and subject to the amendments, modifications and alterations to the Plan made by the Parent Company and/or its Board of Directors in this regard. The issuance of the options are under the guidance, advice and directions of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. Each stock option entitles the grantee thereof to apply for and be allotted one equity share of the Parent Company upon vesting.

(a) Vesting schedule:

For eligible employees as identified by Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Options granted under ESOP 2011 shall vest not earlier than one year and not later than five years from the Grant Date. Within the aforesaid period, the Vesting Plan could be different for different eligible employees as may be determined by Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The options granted shall vest so long as the employee continues to be in employment with the Group, i.e., the options will lapse if the employment is terminated prior to vesting. Even after the options are vested, un-exercised options may be forfeited if the services of the employee are terminated for reasons specified in the Plan.

(b) Summary of options granted under the Plan:

	31 March 2026		31 March 2025	
	Average exercise price per share	Number of options	Average exercise price per share	Number of options
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
Options granted during the year	-	-	-	-
Options exercised during the year	-	-	-	-
Options lapsed/forfeited during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	-	-	-	-
Vested and exercisable	-	-	-	-

(c) Exercise price and expiry dates of share options outstanding at the end of the year:

Grant date	Weighted average remaining contractual life of options outstanding as on		Expiry date	Average exercise price per share	Total share options granted	Share options outstanding as on	Share options outstanding as on
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025				31 March 2026	31 March 2025
14 May 2015	-	-	13 May 2023	10.00	7,26,300	-	-
25 May 2017	-	-	24 May 2025	10.00	50,000	-	-
01 August 2017	-	-	31 July 2025	10.00	1,00,000	-	-
19 January 2018	-	-	18 January 2026	10.00	8,82,537	-	-
Total						-	-



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

(d) The fair value of the options granted has been calculated on the date of grant using Black Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

(i)	Grant date	14 May 2015	25 May 2017	01 August 2017	19 January 2018
(ii)	Expiry date	13 May 2023	24 May 2025	31 July 2025	18 January 2026
(iii)	Fair value of options granted per share (₹)	318.22	393.99	231.55	536.47
(iv)	Exercise price (₹)	10	10	10	10
(v)	Share price at grant date (₹)	328.5	452.6	251.75	587.35
(vi)	Weighted historical volatility (%)	52.61	52.82	52.48	51.85
(vii)	Time to maturity (years)	8	8	8	8
(viii)	Expected dividend yield (%)	0.71	1.23	1.23	1.23
(ix)	Risk free interest rate (%)	7.97- 8.04	6.82- 7.09	6.50- 6.83	7.26- 7.37

The volatility used in the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model is the annualized standard deviation of the continuously compounded rate of return of the stock over a period of time. Informal tests and preliminary research tends to confirm that estimates of the expected long-term future volatility should be based on historical volatility for a period that approximates the expected life of the options being valued. The Parent Company was listed on BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited on 27 December 2012. The volatility is determined by taking into account the period since the listing of the Parent Company.

Note 36: Related party transactions:

In accordance with the requirement of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24 "Related Party Disclosures", name of the related parties, related party relationships, transactions and outstanding balances including commitments where control exist and with whom transactions have taken place during the reported period are as follows:

List of related parties

Relationship	Name of the related party
Key management personnel (KMP)	Mr. Balram Garg (Promoter and Managing Director)*
	Mr. Vishan Deo [Executive Director (Finance) & Chief Financial Officer] (w.e.f 01/10/2024)**
	Mr. Vijay Panwar (Company Secretary)**
	Mr. Sanjeev Bhatia (Chief Financial Officer) (upto 30/09/2024)**
Relatives of key management personnel	Mrs. Pooja Garg (Wife of Mr. Balram Garg)
Directors	Mr. Ramesh Kumar Sharma (Executive Director)
	Mrs. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi (Independent Director)
	Mr. Mahesh Aggarwal (Independent Director) (w.e.f 30/09/2024)
	Mr. Farangi Lal Kansal (Independent Director) (w.e.f 30/09/2024)
	Mr. Vishan Deo, Executive Director (Finance) (w.e.f 30/09/2024)
	Mr. Krishan Kumar Khurana (Independent Director) (upto 12/09/2024)
	Mr. Manohar Lal Singla (Independent Director) (upto 12/09/2024)
	Mr. Miyar Ramanath Nayak (Independent Director) (upto 12/09/2024)
Other entities in which KMP has significant influence	Balram Garg (HUF)

*Also refer note 14(f) for parties with more than 5% voting rights

** As per the Companies Act, 2013

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Details of transaction between the Group and its related parties are disclosed below:

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Key management personnel/ Director and their relatives		Entities where significant influence is exercised by KMP/Directors and/or their relatives having transactions with the Group	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
(i) Transactions during the year				
Loan received				
Mr. Balram Garg	0.18	0.01	-	-
	0.18	0.01	-	-
Remuneration paid				
Mr. Sanjeev Bhatia	-	0.20	-	-
Mr. Vijay Panwar	0.41	0.41	-	-
Mr. Ramesh Kumar Sharma	0.35	0.41	-	-
Mr. Vishan Deo	0.25	0.13	-	-
	1.01	1.15	-	-
Adjustment towards Advance				
Mr. Vishan Deo	0.02	0.01	-	-
	0.02	0.01	-	-
Sitting fees paid				
Mr. Krishan Kumar Khurana	-	0.03	-	-
Mr. Miyar Ramanath Nayak	-	0.01	-	-
Mr. Manohar Lal Singla	-	0.03	-	-
Mrs. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi	0.01	0.03	-	-
Mr. Mahesh Aggarwal	0.03	0.01	-	-
Mr. Farangi Lal Kansal	0.02	0.01	-	-
	0.06	0.12	-	-
Rent paid				
Mr. Balram Garg	0.01	0.01	-	-
	0.01	0.01	-	-
Convertible share warrant subscription				
Mr. Balram Garg	43.75	-	-	-
Balram Garg (HUF)	-	-	147.53	49.18
Mrs. Pooja Garg	56.48	49.18	-	-
	100.23	49.18	147.53	49.18
Loan repaid to				
Balram Garg	4.29	-	-	-
	4.29	-	-	-



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Key management personnel/Directors and their relatives		Entities where significant influence is exercised by KMP/Directors and/or their relatives having transactions with the Group	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
(ii) Balance outstanding at the year end				
Loan outstanding payable				
Mr. Balram Garg	0.19	4.30	-	-
	0.19	4.30	-	-
Rent Payable				
Mr. Balram Garg	0.00*	0.00*	-	-
	0.00*	0.00*	-	-
Remuneration payable				
Mr. Sanjeev Bhatia	-	0.20	-	-
Mr. Vijay Panwar	0.06	0.03	-	-
Mr. Ramesh Kumar Sharma	-	0.02	-	-
Mr. Vishan Deo	0.04	0.02	-	-
	0.10	0.27	-	-
Advances recoverable				
Mr. Vishan Deo [^]	0.17	0.19 [^]	-	-
	0.17	0.19[^]	-	-
Sitting fees payable				
Mr. Krishan Kumar Khurana	0.11	0.11	-	-
Mr. Miyar Ramanath Nayak	0.06	0.06	-	-
Mr. Manohar Lal Singla	0.10	0.10	-	-
Mrs. Sannovanda Machaiah Swathi	0.04	0.05	-	-
Mr. Mahesh Aggarwal	-	0.00*	-	-
Mr. Farangi Lal Kansal	-	0.00*	-	-
	0.31	0.32	-	-
Convertible shares warrants outstanding				
Mr. Balram Garg	43.75	-	-	-
Balram Garg (HUF)	-	-	-	49.18
Mrs. Pooja Garg	30.35	49.18	-	-
	74.10	49.18	-	49.18

* Rounded off to two decimal places.

[^] Advance was given prior to appointment as Executive Director (Finance)

Note 37: Segment reporting

In the absence of export revenues, there has been no separate reporting or reviews by the Chief Operating Decision Maker ('CODM') with respect to the export segment. Accordingly, the export segment has ceased to qualify as operating segment for reporting purposes as

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

per Ind AS 108 'Operating Segments'. The CODM of the group examines the performance from the perspective of the Group as a whole viz. 'Jewellery business' and hence there are no separate reportable segments as per Ind AS 108.

Note 38: Hedging activity and derivatives

The Group's risk management policy permits the use of derivative instruments, including foreign currency forward contracts and gold price fixation options, to manage exposures arising from foreign currency fluctuations and gold price volatility. The Group does not enter into derivative transactions for speculative or trading purposes.

During the years ended 31st March 2026 and 31st March 2025, the Group did not enter into any foreign currency forward contracts, gold price fixation contracts, or any other derivative instruments. Accordingly, no derivative instruments were outstanding as at 31st March 2026 and 31st March 2025. Further, no hedging relationships were designated under hedge accounting during either of the reporting periods. Consequently, no gains or losses relating to hedging instruments were recognized, no hedge ineffectiveness arose, and no fair value hedge adjustments were recorded in respect of gold inventory attributable to changes in gold prices. Accordingly, the disclosure requirements relating to the effects of hedge accounting on the Group's financial position and performance are not applicable for the years ended 31st March 2026 and 31st March 2025.

Note 39: Financial risk management**i) Financial instruments by category**

Particulars	(₹ in crore)			
	31 March 2026		31 March 2025	
	FVTPL	Amortised cost	FVTPL	Amortised cost
Financial assets				
Loans to body corporates	-	8.33		8.43
Trade receivables	-	1,689.36	-	1,515.28
Security deposits	-	17.28	-	14.23
Cash and cash equivalents	-	134.40	-	62.19
Unclaimed dividend account	-	-	-	0.05
Bank deposits	-	1.77	-	1.54
Total	-	1,851.14	-	1,601.72
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	-	1,072.70	-	2,064.81
Trade payables	-	15.85	-	13.77
Lease liabilities	-	93.86	-	86.29
Other financial liabilities	-	11.27	-	10.92
Total	-	1,193.68	-	2,175.79

The carrying value of trade receivables, securities deposits, loans given, cash and bank balances and other financial assets recorded at amortised cost, is considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value.

The carrying value of borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost is considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

ii) Risk management

The Group's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. This note explains the sources of risk which the Group is exposed to and how the Group manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements:

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk	Trade Receivables, (Loans to body corporate).	Ageing analysis and impairment testing.	Refer note (A) below for credit risk management
Liquidity risk	Operational expenditure, vendor payments, bank interest & other statutory liabilities	Cash flow forecasts	Refer note (B) below for liquidity risk management
Market risk - foreign exchange	Recognised financial assets and liabilities not denominated in Indian rupee (₹)	Cash flow forecasting sensitivity analysis	Refer note (C) below for market risk management w.r.t foreign exchange
Market risk - interest rate	Borrowings at variable rates	Sensitivity analysis	Refer note (D) below for market risk management w.r.t interest rates
Market risk - gold prices	Payables linked to gold prices	Sensitivity analysis	Refer note (E) below for market risk management w.r.t gold prices

The Parent Company's board has approved a comprehensive Risk Management Policy as well as Forex & Commodity Risk Management Policy. Taken together these two policies cover nearly the entire gamut of the Parent Company's operations.

A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to perform or pay amounts due to the Group causing financial loss. It arises from outstanding trade receivables to whom the Group has either made direct sales or sent the goods on consignment.

During the current as well as previous year, the Parent Company's sales are in the domestic retail segment in which no credit is involved. The credit risk arises only from the export sales which are on a B2B basis and on a credit basis. The Parent Company has been engaged in jewellery exports for over 15 years. Until December 2017, export realisations from overseas buyers were received within normal credit periods. However, from January 2018 onwards, the UAE Government imposed 5% import duty and 5% VAT on jewellery imports, adversely affecting the jewellery trade and significantly delaying payment cycles from overseas customers. Subsequently, the COVID-19 pandemic severely impacted global trade and further delayed recoveries. In recent years, geopolitical tensions in the Middle East, particularly involving US/Israel and Iran, have again adversely affected business conditions, resulting in prolonged blockage of receivables. Due to persistent defaults by certain overseas buyers, the Parent Company has initiated legal proceedings against them. However, the timeline and extent of recovery remain uncertain.

As per applicable accounting standards, outstanding foreign currency receivables are restated at the closing exchange rate at each reporting date which is accounting entry only. Further, unrealised foreign exchange gains are recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss despite no actual realisation of export proceeds starting from FY 2021-22 onwards till date.

The Parent Company has explored the said aspect deeply and observed that the it has paid tax on the said notional income which is not yet recovered and hence claiming it as an allowable expenditure in computing the tax liability under normal provision of the Act as the basis principal of law is clear that no tax can be recovered on income which is notional/not yet recovered. However, the company also states that when the amount will be recovered, the company will pay tax on it.

The Parent Company however, continues to remain confident of realizing the same in due course of time. The Parent Company has therefore not classified any of its outstanding receivables as bad or unrecoverable. However, at the same time, as a mark of adequate financial prudence, the Parent Company has during the current financial year made provision in the form of ECL to the tune of ₹ 16.29 crore, with the total amount of ECL at ₹ 281.39 crore as on 31 March 2026.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

The Parent Company has also extended loans to two body corporates namely PC Universal Private Limited and Shivani Sarees Private Limited for business purposes. Their outstanding gross balances of loans (including accrued interest on loan) as on 31 March 2025 were ₹ 140.32 crores and ₹ 8.43 crores and as on 31 March 2026 are ₹ 145.52 crores and ₹ 8.33 crores respectively. An impairment to the tune of ₹ 140.32 crores has been considered towards the loan (including accrued interest on loan) extended to PC Universal Private Limited for the financial year ended 31st March 2025, which stands enhanced to ₹ 145.52 crores for the financial year ended 31st March 2026.

Detail of trade receivables that are past due is given below:

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Not due	2.87	0.91
0-30 days past due	-	-
31-60 days past due	-	0.02
61-90 days past due	-	-
More than 90 days past due	1,967.88	1,779.45
Expected credit loss (loss allowance provision)	(281.39)	(265.10)
	1,689.36	1,515.28

Loss allowance provisions arising on account of expected credit losses/ impairment of financial assets (other than trade receivables) are given below:

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Loan to body corporates	153.85	148.75
Impairment (loss allowance provision) net of reversal	(145.52)	(140.32)
	8.33	8.43

Reconciliation of loss allowance provision from beginning to end of reporting period:

	(₹ in crore)	
	Other financial assets	Trade receivables
Loss allowance on 1 April 2024	135.40	263.68
Loss allowance created during the year	4.92	1.42
Loss allowance reversed during the year	-	-
Loss allowance as on 31 March 2025	140.32	265.10
Loss allowance created during the year	5.20	16.29
Loss allowance reversed during the year	-	-
Loss allowance as on 31 March 2026	145.52	281.39



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Concentration of financial assets

Concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited, due to the Group's consumer base being large and diverse in the retail segment

The Group's exposure to credit risk for trade receivables is presented below:

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Concentration of trade receivables		
Export wholesale customers*	1,684.14	1,512.03
Domestic wholesale customers	1.69	1.69
Franchise stores	2.86	0.88
Others	0.67	0.68
	1,689.36	1,515.28

*Net of expected credit loss amounting to ₹ 281.39 crore (31 March 2025 : ₹ 265.10 crore)

B) Liquidity risk

The Parent Company has settled its legal disputes with banks by entering into Joint Settlement Agreement on 30th September 2024. The Parent Company has returned to normal business operations, as reflected in the improved performance during the year. All operational expenditures, vendor obligations, OTS installments, and statutory liabilities have been serviced in a timely manner, highlighting the Parent Company's renewed financial discipline and operational resilience.

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months are equal to their carrying amounts as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	(₹ in crore)					
31 March 2026	Payable on demand	Less than 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 year	More than 3 years	Total
Non-derivatives						
Borrowings	0.16	1,072.12	-	-	0.42	1,072.70
Trade payables	-	15.85	-	-	-	15.85
Other financial liabilities	-	11.27	-	-	-	11.27
Lease liabilities (including interest)	-	27.58	24.32	21.07	68.00	140.97
Total	0.16	1,126.82	24.32	21.07	68.42	1,240.79

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

						(₹ in crore)
31 March 2025	Payable on demand	Less than 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 year	More than 3 years	Total
Non-derivatives						
Borrowings	4.30	2,060.12	-	-	0.39	2,064.81
Trade payables	-	13.77	-	-	-	13.77
Other financial liabilities	0.05	10.87	-	-	-	10.92
Lease liabilities (including interest)	-	26.66	22.80	19.24	57.49	126.19
Total	4.35	2,111.42	22.80	19.24	57.88	2,215.69

C) Market risk - foreign exchange

The Parent Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions, primarily with respect to US Dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises from recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the Parent Company's functional currency. Despite being a net foreign exchange positive entity, the exposure to foreign exchange fluctuations can still pose material risks to the Parent Company's financial performance. These risks may arise from timing mismatches between foreign currency inflows and outflows, revaluation of assets and liabilities, or broader macroeconomic volatility. To address these challenges, the Parent Company has adopted a structured and proactive foreign exchange risk management policy.

Sensitivity

The sensitivity to profit or loss from changes in the exchange rates arises mainly from financial instruments denominated in USD. In case of a reasonably possible change in INR/USD exchange rates of +/- 4 % (previous year +/-4%) at the reporting date, keeping all other variables constant, there would have been corresponding impact on losses/profits of ₹ 58.44 crore (31 March 2025: ₹ 52.84 crore).

D) Market risk - interest rate**i) Liabilities**

Interest rate risk arises from borrowings at variable rates. In accordance with the terms of the Joint Settlement Agreement, the Parent Company has been diligently meeting all its financial obligations to the consortium of lender banks in a timely manner. Additionally, the interest rate risk on bank borrowings has been significantly mitigated. As per the agreement, the applicable interest rates on these borrowings are now lower than the average rates originally sanctioned by the consortium banks under the previous sanction letters.

Interest rate risk exposure

Below is the overall exposure of the Group to interest rate risk:

			(₹ in crore)
Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025	
Variable rate borrowing	1,072.51	2,060.51	
Fixed rate borrowing	-	-	
Total borrowings	1,072.51	2,060.51	

Sensitivity

The sensitivity to profit or loss in case of a reasonably possible change in interest rates of +/- 50 basis points (previous year: +/- 50 basis points), keeping all other variables constant, would have resulted in corresponding impact on losses/profits by ₹ 4.01 crore (31 March 2025: ₹ 7.71 crore).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

ii) Assets

The Group's financial assets are carried at amortised cost and are at fixed rate only, where applicable. They are, therefore, not subject to interest rate risk since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

E) Market risk - gold price

The Parent Company's exposure to price risk also arises from trade payables of the Parent Company that are at unfixed prices, and, therefore, payment is sensitive to changes in gold prices. The Parent Company's sales performance has been notably impacted by heightened market risk sensitivity associated with gold price volatility. Compared to the previous year, gold prices have exhibited significant and unpredictable fluctuations. However, as of 31st March 2026, the Parent Company does not have any unfixed trade payables linked to gold prices. Accordingly, there is no outstanding market risk exposure related to gold price movements.

Note 40: Capital management

The Group's capital management objectives are:

- to ensure the Group's ability to continue as a going concern
- to provide an adequate return to shareholders

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of equity less cash and cash equivalents as disclosed in the balance sheet.

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Non-current borrowings (refer note 16)	0.42	0.39
Current borrowings (refer note 18)	1,072.28	2,064.42
Interest accrued and due on borrowings (refer note 20)	0.07	0.04
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 12)	134.40	62.19
Net debts	938.37	2,002.66
Equity share capital (refer note 14)	864.86	635.53
Other equity (refer note 15)	7,309.34	5,557.27
Total capital	8,174.20	6,192.80
Net gearing ratio%	11.48	32.34

Note 41: Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

Information as required to be furnished as per section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act, 2006 as at the balance sheet date is given below. This information has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Group.

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
(a) Principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier covered under MSMED Act, 2006:		
Principal amount due to micro and small enterprises	0.13	0.01
Interest due on above	0.02	0.02

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
(b) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	-	-
(c) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006.	-	-
(d) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	0.02	0.02
(e) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006.	0.02	0.02

Note 42: Contingent liability

	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
a) Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debts**	0.54	0.54
b) Disputed liabilities of income-tax*	111.52	116.08
c) Demands from the Custom authorities against which appeals have been filed (amounts paid under protest ₹ 2.43 crore)	5.12	5.12
d) Demands from the sales tax authorities against which appeals have been filed*	8.24	8.24
e) Demands from the GST authorities against which appeals have been filed (amounts paid under protest ₹ 0.11 crore)^	2.29	1.37

*Excluding interest, if any, which is not ascertainable

#The Parent company has furnished bank guarantees amounting to ₹ 0.46 crore for ongoing litigations

^ including interest and penalty as on the date of order

Note 43: Leases

The Group's lease asset primarily consist of leases for buildings for factory, showrooms and offices having various lease terms.

i) Lease liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position as follows:

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Current	16.30	23.69
Non-current	77.56	62.60
Total	93.86	86.29

The lease liabilities are secured by the related underlying assets. The maturity analysis of lease liabilities are disclosed in note 39(ii)(B).



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

The Group has leases for the factory, showrooms and offices. With the exception of short-term leases and leases with variable lease payments, each lease is reflected on the balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. Each lease generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a contractual right for the Group to sublet the asset to another party, the right-of-use asset can only be used by the Group. Leases are either non-cancellable or may only be cancelled by incurring a substantive termination fee. Some leases contain an option to extend the lease for a further term. The Group is prohibited from selling or pledging the underlying leased assets as security against the Group's other debts and liabilities. For leases over office buildings and factory premises the Group must keep those properties in a good state and return the properties in their original condition at the end of the lease. The Group has considered the extension options available under its property leases in assessing the lease term, as it is reasonably certain that the Group will exercise such options to extend the leases beyond the initial lease period.

During the year ended 31st March 2026, the Parent Company closed one Company-owned store located in Jamshedpur and opened one franchise store in Pitampura, Delhi. Now the Parent Company has forty eight owned and four franchisee stores as on 31st March 2026.

ii) The recognised right-of-use assets relate to retail outlets and other marketing offices as at 31 March 2026.

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Right-of-use assets- retail outlets and other marketing offices		
Opening balance	70.94	45.14
Add: Additions on account of renewal of expired leases	25.17	42.34
Less: Termination/ modifications	0.52	1.04
Less: Amortisation expense charged on the right-of-use assets	18.23	15.50
Balance as at closing date	77.36	70.94

iii) The following are amounts recognised in statement of profit and loss:

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Amortisation expense of right-of-use assets	18.23	15.50
Interest expense on lease liabilities	10.98	8.43
Rent expense	1.31	10.27
Total	30.52	34.20

iv) Lease payments not recognised as a liability

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Expenses relating to short term leases (included in other expenses)	-	1.69
Expenses relating to variable lease payments not included in lease payments	-	-
Total	-	1.69

v) The Group had no commitments related to short-term leases as on 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

vi) Total cash outflow for leases for the year ended 31 March 2026 was ₹ 27.07 crore (31 March 2025 : ₹ 46.77 crore).

vii) The table below describes the nature of the Group's leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset recognised on balance sheet:

Right-of-use asset	No of right-of-use assets leased	Range of remaining term (in years)	Average remaining lease term (in years)
Retail outlets and offices	46	0-9	4.04

The Group has extension and termination options in lease arrangements. In determining the lease term in accordance with Ind AS 116 – Leases, management has considered the extension options and excluded the early termination options, wherever applicable, based on its assessment that it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options, having regard to the expected economic benefits of a longer lease tenure.

Note 44: Corporate social responsibility

S. No.	Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
		As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
(i)	Amount required to be spent during the year	-	-
(ii)	Amount of expenditure incurred	-	-
(iii)	Shortfall at the end of the year	-	-
(iv)	Total of previous years shortfall	7.34	7.34
(v)	Reasons for shortfall	Refer note below	Refer note below
(vi)	Nature of CSR activities	-	-
(vii)	Details of related party transactions e.g. Contribution to a trust controlled by the Parent Company in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant accounting standards	-	-
(viii)	Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movement in the provision	-	-

Note: The Parent Company was not required to spend any amount towards CSR activities during FY 2025-26 as the average net profit computed in accordance with section 135(5) read with Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the immediately preceding three financial years was negative. The shortfall in CSR expenditure aggregating to ₹ 7.31 crores relates to FY 2021-22 and FY 2020-21 which was caused due to strained liquidity position of the Parent Company at that time.

Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited, a subsidiary company, was not required to spend any amount towards CSR activities during FY 2024-25 & FY 2025-26. Due to shortage of funds and disrupted cashflow, the subsidiary company could not identify any suitable project/program for the purpose, which resulted in shortfall of ₹ 0.03 crores during FY 2022-23."

Note 45: Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities pursuant to Ind AS -7 Cash flows

The changes of the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities can be classified as follows:

Particulars	(₹ in crore)				
	Long term borrowings	Short term borrowings	Equity share capital	Lease liabilities	Total
Net debt as at 1 April 2024	0.39	4,086.85	465.40	63.17	4,615.81
New leases	-	-	-	-	-
Termination/modification of leases	-	-	-	(5.30)	(5.30)



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Long term borrowings	Short term borrowings	Equity share capital	Lease liabilities	Total
Additions in lease liabilities on account of renewal of expired leases	-	-	-	44.71	44.71
Payment of lease liabilities	-	-	-	(24.72)	(24.72)
Payment of interest on lease liabilities	-	-	-	8.43	8.43
Repayment of current borrowings	-	(495.50)	-	-	(495.50)
Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of convertible share warrants	-	-	118.42	-	118.42
Conversion of a part of debt into equity	-	(1,509.97)	51.71	-	(1,458.26)
Adjustment of disputed bank receivables with current borrowings	-	(17.00)	-	-	(17.00)
Others	-	0.04	-	-	0.04
Net debt as at 31 March 2025	0.39	2,064.42	635.53	86.29	2,786.63
New leases	-	-	-	-	-
Termination/modification of leases	-	-	-	(1.00)	(1.00)
Additions in lease liabilities on account of renewal of expired leases	-	-	-	26.15	26.15
Proceeds from borrowings	0.03	0.15	-	-	0.18
Payment of lease liabilities	-	-	-	(28.56)	(28.56)
Payment of interest on lease liabilities	-	-	-	10.98	10.98
Repayment of current borrowings	-	(992.29)	-	-	(992.29)
Issue of shares pursuant to conversion of convertible share warrants	-	-	211.28	-	211.28
Issue of shares by way of preferential allotment on private placement basis	-	-	18.06	-	18.06
Net debt as at 31 March 2026	0.42	1,072.28	864.86	93.86	2,031.42

Note 46: Ind AS 115 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Ind AS 115: Revenue from Contracts with Customers, establishes a framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognised and requires disclosures about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenues and cash flows arising from customer contracts. Under Ind AS 115, revenue is recognised through a 5-step approach:

- (i) Identify the contract(s) with customer;
- (ii) Identify separate performance obligations in the contract;
- (iii) Determine the transaction price;
- (iv) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations; and
- (v) Recognise revenue when a performance obligation is satisfied.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

(a) Disaggregation of revenue

The Group has performed a disaggregated analysis of revenues considering the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenues. This includes disclosure of revenues by geography.

	(₹ in crore)	
Revenue from operations	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Revenue by geography		
Export	-	-
Domestic	3,352.88	2,244.60
Total	3,352.88	2,244.60

(b) Assets and liabilities related to contracts with customers

	(₹ in crore)	
Description	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Contract liabilities related to sale of goods		
Advance from customers	24.79	12.60

(c) Reconciliation of revenue recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss with Contract price

	(₹ in crore)	
Description	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Contract price	3,353.30	2,244.77
Less: Discount, rebates, credits etc.	0.42	0.17
Revenue from operations as per Statement of Profit and Loss	3,352.88	2,244.60

Note 47: Discount to export customers

During the financial year ended 31 March 2019, the Parent Company had provided discounts to its export customers aggregating to ₹ 513.65 crore and had submitted the requisite applications for approval from the Authorised Dealer Banks as stipulated by the FED Master Direction No. 16/2015-16 dated 1st January 2016, issued by the Reserve Bank of India under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999. Subsequently, the Parent Company has obtained the approvals from the authorized dealer banks for reduction in receivables corresponding to discounts amounting to ₹ 330.49 crore. However, for the remaining discounts of ₹ 183.16 crore approvals are still pending. The management however, does not expect any material penalty to be levied on account of this matter and, therefore, no provision for the same has been provided in the books of accounts.

Note 48: Delay in receipt of foreign currency against export

The export receivables have been outstanding for more than 9 months and have been restated as per the RBI exchange rate as on 31st March 2026. The Parent Company had filed necessary applications with the requisite authority as per the regulations of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 for condonation of delays in repatriation of funds by its export customers. The management is of the view that the possible penalties that may be levied, are currently unascertainable and are not expected to be material and accordingly, no consequential adjustments have been made in the books of accounts with respect to such delay. However, as a mark of prudent accounting practices the Parent Company has computed and applied cumulative ECL (Expected Credit Loss) on the outstanding export receivables of ₹ 281.39 crore as on 31st March 2026.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Trade receivables as at 31st March 2026, inter alia, include outstanding from export customers which comprised of original (non-restated) outstanding amount of ₹ 1467.53 crores. The increase in export trade receivable is on account of foreign exchange fluctuations (restatement as per Ind-AS 21) and reduced by provision of ECL (as per Ind-AS 109).

Note 49: Additional Regulatory Information

Additional Regulatory Information pursuant to Clause 6L of General Instructions for preparation of Balance Sheet as given in Part I of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, are given hereunder to the extent relevant and other than those given elsewhere in any other notes to the Financial Statements.

- a) The Group does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Group for holding any Benami property.
- b) The Group has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right-of-Use Assets) during the year.
- c) The Parent Company submitted the quarterly stock and debtors statements to the Agency for Specialised Monitoring (ASM) appointed by the consortium banks during the year. The statement for the quarter ended 31 March 2026 had not fallen due for submission as at the date of approval of these financial statements. The quarterly statements submitted to the ASM were in agreement with the books of account of the Parent Company.
- d) Neither the Parent Company nor any of the Subsidiary Companies have been declared as willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof or other lender in accordance with the guidelines on willful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.
- e) The following table summarises the transactions with the companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013

Name of struck off company	Nature of transactions with struck off Company	Amount of transaction (₹ in crore)	Balance outstanding (₹ in crore)	Relationship with the Struck off Company
Param Finance and Security Pvt. Ltd.	Shares held by struck off company	-	-	Shareholder*

* 750 shares (face value of ₹ 1 each) were held by struck off company as on 31 March 2026

- f) The Group has complied with the number of layers prescribed under section 2(87) of the Companies Act 2013 read with Companies (Restrictions on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- g) The Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall: (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- h) The Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall: (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- i) The Group does not have any transaction which are not recorded in the books of accounts that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- j) The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

- k) The Group has the following balances against the loans granted or advances in the nature of loans wherein there is no specific schedule of repayment of principal or payment of interest:

Type of Borrower	Amount (₹ in crore) of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding		Percentage to the total Loans and Advance in the nature of loans	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Directors	-	-	-	0.00
KMPs	0.17	0.19	0.11	0.13
Related Party	-	-	-	0.00

Note 50: Details of amounts due from entities pursuant to Regulation 34 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and/or disclosure under section 186(4) of the Act:

As at 31 March 2026	(₹ in crore)	
Particulars	Shivani Sarees Private Limited	PC Universal Private Limited
Loans and advances		
Loans at the beginning of the year (including accrued interest)	8.43	140.32
Additions during the year	-	-
Interest income during the year	0.57	5.20
Repayment/adjustment during the year	-	-
Interest paid during the year	0.67	-
TDS on Interest	-	-
Loans at the end of the year (including accrued interest)	8.33	145.52
Maximum balance outstanding during the year	8.43	145.52
Rate of interest	Refer note (ii)	Refer note (iv)
Repayment terms	Refer note (iii)	Refer note (v)

Notes :

- (i) The Group has given loans to above entities for business purposes. All the loans given are unsecured loans.
- (ii) As per the agreement, the rate of interest for the loan is the prevailing 10 year government bond yield.
- (iii) The loan is to be repaid on or before 1st October 2028.
- (iv) As per the agreement, the rate of interest for the loan till 31st March 2025 was the prevailing 5 year government bond yield and w.e.f 1st April 2025, the same is based on the prevailing 10 year government bond yield.
- (v) The loan is to be repaid within 5 years commencing from 29th September 2024 i.e on or before 29th September 2029.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

As at 31 March 2025	(₹ in crore)	
Particulars	Shivani Sarees Private Limited	PC Universal Private Limited
Loans and advances		
Loans at the beginning of the year (including accrued interest)	8.50	135.40
Additions during the year	-	-
Interest income during the year	0.54	4.92
Repayment/adjustment during the year	-	-
Interest paid during the year	0.61	-
TDS on Interest	-	-
Loans at the end of the year (including accrued interest)	8.43	140.32
Maximum balance outstanding during the year	8.50	140.32
Rate of interest	Refer note (ii)	Refer note (iv)
Repayment terms	Refer note (iii)	Refer note (v)

Notes:

- (i) The Group has given loans to above entities for business purposes. All the loans given are unsecured loans.
- (ii) As per the agreement, the rate of interest for the loan is the prevailing 10 year government bond yield.
- (iii) The loan is to be repaid on or before 1st October 2028.
- (iv) As per the agreement, the rate of interest for the loan till 31st March 2025 is the prevailing 5 year government bond yield and w.e.f 1st April 2025, the same shall be based on the prevailing 10 year government bond yield.
- (v) The loan is to be repaid within 5 years commencing from 29th September 2024 i.e on or before 29th September 2029.

Note 51: Group information

Consolidated financial statements as at 31 March 2026 comprise of the financial statements of PC Jeweller Limited and its subsidiaries, which are as under:

Subsidiaries	Principal activities	Country of incorporation	Status of financial statements as at 31 March 2026	% equity interest as at	
				31 March 2026	31 March 2025
A Indian subsidiaries:					
Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited	Jewellery manufacturing and trading	India	Audited	100	100
PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited	Jewellery manufacturing, trading, import and export	India	Audited	51.02	100
B Foreign subsidiary:					
PC Jeweller Global FZCO	Jewellery trading	UAE	Audited	100	100

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

Note 52: Statutory group information

Additional information as required by Paragraph 2 of the General Instructions for Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013:

	Net assets i.e. total assets less total liabilities		Share in profit/(loss)		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of consolidated net assets	₹ in crore	As % of consolidated profit/(loss)	₹ in crore	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	₹ in crore	As % of consolidated totl comprehensive income	₹ in crore
Parent:								
PC Jeweller Limited	97.82	8,127.10	99.46	710.62	(10.30)	(0.79)	98.29	709.83
Subsidiaries:								
Indian:								
Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited	(0.19)	(15.82)	(0.46)	(3.27)	-	-	(0.45)	(3.27)
PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited	0.00*	0.04	(0.00*)	(0.01)	-	-	(0.00*)	(0.01)
Foreign:								
PC Jeweller Global FZCO	2.37	196.83	1.00	7.12	110.30	8.46	2.16	15.58
Total before consolidation adjustments	100.00	8,308.15	100.00	714.46	100.00	7.67	100.00	722.13
Adjustments arising out of consolidation		(133.90)		-		-		-
Grand Total		8,174.25		714.46		7.67		722.13

*Rounded off to two decimal places.

This is the summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information referred to in our report of even date.

For A H P N & Associates

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 009452N

Sd/-
Navdeep Gupta
Partner
Membership No. 091938

Place: New Delhi
Date: 27 May 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-
Ramesh Kumar Sharma
Executive Director
DIN-01980542

Sd/-
Vijay Panwar
Company Secretary
Membership No. A19063

Sd/-
Balram Garg
Managing Director
DIN-00032083

Sd/-
Vishan Deo
Executive Director (Finance) &
Chief Financial Officer
DIN-07634994

Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications (for audit report with modified opinion) submitted along with Annual Audited Financial Results (Consolidated)

Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026

[Regulation 33 of the SEBI (LODR) (Amendment) Regulations, 2016]

(₹ in crores except earnings per share)

I.	Sl No.	Particulars	Consolidated Audited Figures (as reported before adjusting for qualifications)	Consolidated Audited Figures (audited figures after adjusting for qualifications)
	1.	Turnover / Total income	3549.58	3549.58
	2.	Total Expenditure	2835.42	2835.42
	3.	Net Profit/(Loss)	714.46	714.46
	4.	Earnings Per Share	1.00	1.00
	5.	Total Assets	9424.76	9424.76
	6.	Total Liabilities	1250.51	1250.51
	7.	Net Worth	8174.25	8174.25
	8.	Any other financial item(s) (as felt appropriate by the management)	No	No

II Audit Qualification (each audit qualification separately):

a. Details of Audit Qualification:

- (i) As disclosed in Note No. 7 to the accompanying Statement, the Holding Company, during the financial year ended 31st March, 2019 had extended discounts amounting to ₹ 513.65 Crore to its export customers, which were adjusted against the revenue recognized for the said year. The Holding Company had initiated the process for compliance with the requirements of the Master Directions on Export of Goods and Services issued by the Reserve Bank of India and has subsequently obtained approvals from the authorized dealer banks for reduction in export receivables corresponding to discounts amounting to ₹ 330.49 Crore. However, in respect of the remaining discounts amounting to ₹183.16 Crore, requisite approvals and adequate supporting evidence relating to such transactions were not made available to us. Consequently, we are unable to ascertain the consequential impact, if any, of the aforesaid matter on the accompanying Statement.
- (ii) The export receivables outstanding for more than nine months have been restated in accordance with the exchange rates notified by the Reserve Bank of India as at 31st March, 2026. Management has represented that revised settlement timelines have been acknowledged in respect of such export receivables and supporting documentation in this regard has been made available. Accordingly, as a matter of prudent accounting practice, the Holding Company has recognized cumulative expected credit loss (ECL) of ₹ 281.40 crores on the outstanding export receivables as at 31st March 2026. Management has assessed the expected credit loss on such export receivables based on the estimated realization timelines. Based on the information and explanations made available to us, we are unable to comment upon the adequacy of such expected credit loss provision and the consequential impact, if any, on the accompanying Statement. Further, the Holding Company has disclosed that necessary applications have been filed with the appropriate authority under the provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, for condonation of delays in realization and repatriation of export proceeds from customers.

b. Type of Audit Qualification: Qualified Opinion

c. Frequency of qualification: The qualification Nos. (i) & (ii) has been appearing since financial year ended 31st March 2019 and 31st March 2023 respectively.

d. For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views: Not Applicable

e. For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor:

(i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification: Not Applicable

(ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same:

(a) The management of the holding company had extended the discounts as on 31 March 2019 in view of the genuine business problems and operational issues being faced by its overseas buyers. The discount extended amounted to one-time discount of 25% of the export value of outstanding receivables as on 31 March 2019. The discount extended is in accordance with the Master Circular on Exports of Goods and Services - Master Circular No.14/2015-16 under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the management of the holding company does not expect any material penalty to be levied and therefore, no provision for the same has been recognized in these financial results.

(b) The management of the holding company is in touch with its export buyers and is confident of the buyers remitting payments as per the revised schedule advised by them and is therefore convinced about the accuracy of the calculated ECL amount.

(iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above: Refer our qualifications above, in the absence of such approval and material evidence related to the transaction, we are unable to comment on the impact, if any, of the same on the accompanying consolidated financial results.

III Signatories:	
• CEO/Managing Director	Sd/-
• CFO	Sd/-
• Audit Committee Chairman	Sd/-
• Statutory Auditor	Sd/-

Place: New Delhi

Date: 27 May 2026



21ST AGM NOTICE

PC Jeweller Limited

CIN: L36911DL2005PLC134929

Regd. Office: 2713, 3rd Floor, Bank Street,

Karol Bagh, New Delhi – 110005

Phone: 011 - 49714971

E-mail: info@pcjeweller.com, Website: www.pcjeweller.com

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the 21st Annual General Meeting of Members of PC Jeweller Limited will be held on **Wednesday, September 30, 2026 at 11:00 A.M. (IST)** through Video Conferencing / Other Audio Visual Means to transact the following business:

2. To appoint a Director in place of Shri Vishan Deo (DIN: 07634994), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the audited standalone financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026, the reports of the Board of Directors and Statutory Auditor thereon and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 and the report of Statutory Auditor thereon.

By order of the Board of Directors
For **PC Jeweller Limited**

Place: New Delhi
Date: August 12, 2026

Sd/-
(VIJAY PANWAR)
Company Secretary

NOTES:

1. Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') vide General Circular No. 03/2025 dated September 22, 2025 in continuation to the earlier circulars issued in this regard (collectively referred to as '**MCA Circulars**') permitted holding of the Annual General Meeting ('**AGM**') through Video Conferencing ('**VC**') or Other Audio Visual Means ('**OAVM**') till further orders, without the physical presence of Members at a common venue. Accordingly, in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the '**Act**'), the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('**LODR Regulations**'), circulars issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India ('**SEBI**') from time to time and MCA Circulars, the 21st AGM of the Company is being held through VC / OAVM. Hence, Route Map and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice. The deemed venue of the AGM shall be the registered office of the Company.
2. Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a Member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a Proxy to attend and vote on his / her behalf and the Proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Since the 21st AGM is being held pursuant to MCA Circulars through VC / OAVM,

physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of Proxies by Members will not be available for this AGM. Hence, Proxy Form is not annexed to this Notice.

3. Members attending the AGM through VC / OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
4. In compliance with MCA and SEBI Circulars, Annual Report 2025-26 including Notice of the 21st AGM is being sent only by electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail address is registered with Depository Participants ('**DP**') / Company / Registrar & Transfer Agent ('**RTA**') - KFin Technologies Limited ('**KFintech**'), and whose names appear in Register of Members / List of Beneficial Owners as received from National Securities Depository Limited ('**NSDL**') / Central Depository Services (India) Limited ('**CDSL**') as on Friday, August 28, 2026. Further, in compliance with Regulation 36(1)(b) of LODR Regulations, a letter providing the web-link of Annual Report 2025-26, is being sent to those Members whose e-mail address is not registered with the DP / Company / RTA.

AGM Notice and Annual Report 2025-26 will also be available on the Company's website www.pcjeweller.com.



websites of BSE Limited ('BSE') and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ('NSE') at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively and on the website of KFinTech at evoting.kfintech.com. Physical copy of Annual Report 2025-26 including Notice of the 21st AGM will be sent to those Members who request for the same.

5. The Company has engaged the services of KFinTech as the Agency, for participation of Members in the 21st AGM through VC / OAVM, facility for remote e-voting and e-voting at the 21st AGM.
6. Only those Members, whose names appear in Register of Members / List of Beneficial Owners as on **Wednesday, September 23, 2026 ('Cut-off Date')** shall be entitled to vote (through remote e-voting and e-voting at the AGM) on the resolutions set forth in this Notice and their voting rights shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the Cut-off Date. A person who is not a Member as on the Cut-off Date should treat this Notice for information only.
7. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 of the Act, Shri Vishan Deo, Executive Director (Finance) & Chief Financial Officer is liable to retire by rotation at the 21st AGM. He has confirmed to the Company that he is neither disqualified from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act, nor debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as a Director of companies by SEBI / MCA or any such statutory authority. The Board of Directors of the Company has recommended his re-appointment.

Except Shri Vishan Deo and his relatives, to the extent of their shareholding interest, if any, in the Company, none of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives are in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out at Item No. 2 of this Notice.
8. As per Section 125 of the Act, any dividend amount remaining unpaid or unclaimed for a period of 7 years from the date of transfer to unpaid dividend account, is required to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund ('IEPF'). Accordingly, the unclaimed dividends for the financial years 2012-13 to 2017-18 have been transferred to IEPF by the Company and as on date no unpaid or unclaimed dividend amount is lying with the Company. The shares on which dividends remained unpaid or unclaimed for 7 consecutive years have also been transferred to the demat account of IEPF Authority as per Section 124 of the Act read with Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016.

The Company has uploaded the details of unpaid or unclaimed dividend amounts and shares transferred to IEPF on its website www.pcjeweller.com in 'Investors' section and also with MCA.

9. Investors / Members may note that unclaimed share application money, dividends and shares transferred to IEPF Authority can be claimed back. Concerned Investors / Members are advised to claim the same by making an application to IEPF Authority in e-Form IEPF-5 along with the requisite documents. After filing e-Form IEPF-5, Members must submit the duly signed / attested documents along with e-Form IEPF-5 to the Company. After verification, the Company will submit the e-Verification Report to the IEPF Authority for further processing. No claim shall lie against the Company in respect of unclaimed dividends and shares transferred to IEPF. Members may contact the Company / RTA for lodging the claim for unclaimed share application money, dividends and relevant shares from IEPF Authority. For further details, please visit the weblink <http://iepf.gov.in/IEPF/refund.html>.
10. The Board of Directors has appointed Shri Ramit Rastogi, Practicing Company Secretary (CP No.: 18465), as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the remote e-voting and e-voting at the 21st AGM in a fair and transparent manner.
11. Members' who would like to express their views or ask questions during the 21st AGM may register themselves as a speaker from 9:00 A.M. (IST) to 5:00 P.M. (IST) on September 26, 2026 by logging on at emeetings.kfintech.com and clicking on Speaker Registration option. **Only those Members, who register themselves as a speaker in the aforesaid manner, will be allowed to express their views / ask questions during the AGM.** The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers and time for each speaker depending upon the availability of time and to ensure the smooth conduct of the AGM.
12. Members are requested to read carefully the '**Instructions for attending the 21st AGM, remote e-voting and e-voting at the 21st AGM**' mentioned hereunder:

A) Instructions for attending the 21st AGM:

- i) Members will be able to attend the AGM electronically through VC / OAVM at emeetings.kfintech.com by using their remote e-voting login credentials.
- ii) After logging in, click on 'Video Conference' option.

- iii) Then click on camera icon appearing against AGM event of **PC Jeweller Limited** to attend the AGM. Please do the echo test once you enter into the AGM room.
- iv) For better experience, Members are requested to join the meeting through laptops, tablets etc. using Google Chrome or other browsers such as Firefox, Safari or Microsoft Edge after removing firewalls.
- v) Members are advised to use stable Wi-Fi or LAN connection to ensure smooth participation in the AGM. Participants may experience audio / video loss due to fluctuation in their respective networks.
- vi) Facility of joining the AGM through VC / OAVM will open 30 minutes before the scheduled time of the AGM.
- vii) Facility of joining the AGM through VC / OAVM shall be available for 1,000 Members on first come first serve basis. However, the participation of Members holding 2% or more shares, Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, Chairpersons of Audit Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee as well as Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Auditors are not restricted on first come first serve basis.
- viii) Corporates / Institutional Members (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF's, NRI's etc.) are requested to send scanned copy (PDF / JPEG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution / Authority Letter etc., authorizing their representatives to attend / participate in the AGM through VC / OAVM on their behalf and to vote through remote e-voting / e-voting at the AGM. The said Board Resolution / Authority Letter etc. shall be sent to the Scrutinizer at the e-mail address rastogiassociates7@gmail.com with copy to evoting@kfintech.com. Institutional Members are encouraged to attend and vote at the AGM.
- ix) Members, who have cast their vote by remote e-voting can also attend the AGM through VC / OAVM but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.
- x) In case of any query relating to the procedure for attending the AGM through VC / OAVM or for any technical assistance, Members may call on KFinTech's Toll Free No.: 1800-309-4001 or send an e-mail at emeetings@kfintech.com.

B) Instructions for remote e-voting and e-voting at the 21st AGM:

- i) In compliance with the provisions of Section 108 of the Act read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 44 of LODR Regulations, the Company is pleased to provide to its Members the facility to exercise their right to vote by electronic means. The Company has engaged the services of KFinTech as the Agency to provide the facility of remote e-voting (before the AGM) and e-voting (at the AGM).
- ii) Members can opt for only one mode of voting i.e. remote e-voting or e-voting at the AGM.
- iii) The remote e-voting facility shall be available during the following period:

Commencement of remote e-voting: From 9:00 A.M. (IST) on Sunday, September 27, 2026

End of remote e-voting: Up to 5:00 P.M. (IST) on Tuesday, September 29, 2026

The remote e-voting shall not be allowed beyond the aforesaid date and time and the e-voting module shall be disabled by KFinTech upon expiry of the aforesaid period.

- iv) Only those Members, who are present at the AGM through VC / OAVM and have not cast their vote on the resolutions through remote e-voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-voting at the AGM.
- v) In case of joint holders attending the AGM, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote.
- vi) In case of any queries or grievances on voting by electronic means, Members may refer Help and Frequently Asked Questions ('FAQs') on e-voting and User Manual for Shareholders available at the download section of evoting.kfintech.com or e-mail at evoting@kfintech.com or call KFinTech's Toll Free No.: 1800-309-4001.
- vii) Pursuant to SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/ CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on 'e-Voting facility provided by Listed Entities' e-voting process has been enabled for all the individual



demat account holders, by way of single login credential, through their demat accounts / websites of Depositories / DP in order to increase the efficiency of the voting process.

- viii) Individual demat account holders would be able to cast their votes without having to register again with the e-Voting Service Provider ('ESP') thereby not only facilitating seamless authentication but also ease and convenience of participating in the e-voting process. Members are advised to update

their mobile number and e-mail address with their DP to access e-voting facility.

ix) **Information and instructions for remote e-voting:**

Step 1: Access to Depositories e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

Step 2: Access to KFintech's e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

Details on Step 1:

Login method for individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode is as under:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode with NSDL	1. User already registered for IDeAS facility: - Visit URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com - Click on the 'Beneficial Owner' icon under 'Login' under 'IDeAS' section. - On the new page, enter User ID and Password. On successful authentication, click on 'Access to e-Voting'. - Click on e-Voting link against the Company's name 'PC Jeweller Limited' and cast your vote or select e-voting service provider KFintech and you will be re-directed to e-voting page of KFintech for casting your vote.
	2. User not registered for IDeAS e-Services: - To register click on link: https://eservices.nsdl.com - Select 'Register Online for IDeAS' or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp - Proceed with completing the required fields. - After registration follow steps given in point 1.
	3. Alternatively by directly accessing the e-voting website of NSDL: - Open URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com - Click on the icon 'Login' which is available under 'Shareholder / Member' section. - A new screen will open. Enter your User ID (i.e. 8 character DP ID followed by 8 digits Client ID of your demat account number held with NSDL), Password / OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. - On successful authentication, you will be re-directed to NSDL IDeAS Portal. - Click on e-Voting link available against the Company's name 'PC Jeweller Limited' and cast your vote. You can also cast your vote by clicking on KFintech link placed under e-voting service provider and you will be re-directed to e-voting page of KFintech for casting your vote.

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode with CDSL	1. Existing user who have opted for Easi / Easiest: i) Visit URL: https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasinew/home/login or URL: https://www.cdslindia.com ii) Login with your registered User ID and Password. iii) The user will be able to see the e-voting Menu. iv) Click on the e-Voting link available against the Company's name 'PC Jeweller Limited' and cast your vote. You can also cast your vote by selecting e-voting service provider KFintech and you will be re-directed to e-voting page of KFintech for casting your vote. 2. User not registered for Easi / Easiest: i) Option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasinew/Registration/EasiRegistration ii) Proceed with completing the required fields. iii) After registration follow the steps given in point 1. 3. Alternatively by directly accessing the e-voting website of CDSL: i) Visit URL: https://www.cdslindia.com ii) Click on e-Voting tab and provide your demat account number and PAN. iii) System will authenticate User by sending OTP on registered mobile & e-mail as recorded in the demat Account. iv) On successful authentication, you will enter the e-voting module of CDSL. v) Click on e-Voting link available against the Company's name 'PC Jeweller Limited' and cast your vote. You can also cast your vote by selecting e-voting service provider KFintech and you will be re-directed to e-voting page of KFintech for casting your vote.
Individual shareholders login through their demat accounts / website of DP	1. You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your DP registered with NSDL / CDSL for e-voting facility. 2. Once logged-in, you will be able to see e-voting option. Click on e-voting option, you will be re-directed to NSDL / CDSL website after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-voting feature. 3. Click on options available against the Company's name 'PC Jeweller Limited' or select e-voting service provider KFintech and you will be re-directed to e-voting page of KFintech for casting your vote.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID / Password are advised to use Forgot User ID and Forgot Password option available at the respective websites.

Helpdesk: Helpdesk details for individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL are as under:

Login type	Helpdesk details
Shares held with NSDL	Please contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.com or call at 022 - 48867000.
Shares held with CDSL	Please contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call at Toll Free No. 18002109911.



Details on Step 2:

Login method for individual shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode is as under:

A) Members whose e-mail address are registered with the DP / Company / RTA will receive an e-mail from KFinTech, which will include details of E-Voting Event Number (EVEN), User ID and Password. They will have to follow the following process:

- a) Launch internet browser by typing the URL evoting.kfintech.com
- b) Enter the login credentials (i.e. User ID & Password). Your User ID will be as under:
 - For Members holding shares in demat form with NSDL: 8 character DP ID followed by 8 digits Client ID
 - For Members holding shares in demat form with CDSL: 16 digits Beneficiary ID
 - For Members holding shares in physical form: EVEN Number followed by Folio No.

However, if you are already registered with KFinTech for e-voting, you can login by using your existing User ID and Password for casting your vote.

- c) After entering these details appropriately, click 'LOGIN'.
- d) You will now reach Password Change Menu, wherein you are required to mandatorily change your Password. The new Password shall comprise of minimum eight characters with at least one upper case (A-Z), one lower case (a-z), one numeric value (0-9) and a special character (like *, #, @ etc.). The system will prompt you to change your Password and update your contact details like mobile number, e-mail address etc. on first login. You may also enter the secret question and answer of your choice to retrieve your Password in case you forget it. It is strongly recommended not to share your Password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your Password confidential.
- e) You need to login again with the new credentials.
- f) On successful login, system will prompt you to select the 'EVEN' i.e. 'PC Jeweller Limited' and click on submit.

- g) On the voting page, you will see resolution description and against the same the option 'FOR / AGAINST / ABSTAIN' for voting. Enter the number of shares as on the **Cut-off Date i.e. September 23, 2026** (which represents number of votes) under 'FOR / AGAINST' or alternatively you may partially enter any number in 'FOR' and partially in 'AGAINST' but the total number in 'FOR / AGAINST' taken together shall not exceed your total shareholding. You may also choose the option 'ABSTAIN'. If Member does not indicate either 'FOR' or 'AGAINST', it will be treated as 'ABSTAIN' and the shares held will not be counted under either head.
- h) Cast your vote by selecting an appropriate option and click 'SUBMIT'. A confirmation box will be displayed. Click 'OK' to confirm else click 'CANCEL' to change your vote.
- i) Once you 'CONFIRM' your vote on the resolution(s), you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- j) Members holding shares under multiple folios / demat accounts shall choose the voting process separately for each folio / demat account.

B) Members whose e-mail address is not registered with the DP / Company / RTA will have to follow the following process for registration of e-mail address for procuring User ID and Password for e-voting:

- a) In case shares are held in demat form, please provide DP ID-Client ID / Beneficiary ID, Name, Client Master List, self-attested scanned copies of PAN card and Aadhar card to evoting@kfintech.com or investors@pcjeweller.com. Alternatively, if you are an Individual shareholder holding shares in demat form, you are requested to refer to the login method explained above i.e. 'Login method for individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode'.
- b) In case shares are held in physical form, please provide folio no., name, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), self-attested scanned copies of PAN card and Aadhar card to evoting@kfintech.com or investors@pcjeweller.com.
- c) Upon registration, Member will receive an e-mail from KFinTech which includes details of E-Voting Event Number (EVEN), User ID and Password.
- d) After receiving the e-voting instructions, please follow all the above steps to cast your vote by electronic means.

x) **Information and instructions for e-voting at the 21st AGM:**

- a) The facility of voting through Insta Poll will be available to Members on the meeting page after joining / attending the meeting by logging on emeetings.kfintech.com as per the 'Instructions for attending the 21st AGM' prescribed at Note 12 A above.
- b) Only those Members, who are present at the AGM through VC / OAVM and have not cast their votes on the resolutions through remote e-voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-voting at the AGM.
- c) The Insta Poll facility will be activated once the voting is announced at the meeting and Members will be able to cast their vote by clicking on 'Vote' icon available on the meeting screen.

13. Any person who becomes Member of the Company after despatch of the AGM Notice and holds shares as on the Cut-off Date i.e. September 23, 2026 or any Member who forgot User Id and Password, may obtain / generate / retrieve the same in the following manner:

- i) If the mobile number of Member is registered against Folio No. / DP ID - Client ID, Member may send SMS: MYEPWD <space> DP ID - Client ID or e-voting Event Number + Folio No. to 9212993399

Example for NSDL: MYEPWD<SPACE>IN12345612345678

Example for CDSL: MYEPWD<SPACE>1402345612345678

Example for Physical: MYEPWD <SPACE> e-voting Event Number + Folio No.

- ii) If e-mail address or mobile number of Member is registered against Folio No. / DP ID - Client ID, then on the home page of evoting.kfintech.com, Member may click 'Forgot Password' and enter Folio No. or DP ID - Client ID and PAN to generate a Password.
- iii) Member already registered with Kfintech's e-voting platform can use existing password for login.
- iv) Member may call Kfintech's Toll Free No. 1800-309-4001.
- v) Member may send an e-mail request to evoting@kfintech.com.

14. Pursuant to Regulation 36 of LODR Regulations and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings issued by The

Institute of Company Secretaries of India, details of the Director seeking re-appointment at the 21st AGM are annexed hereto and forms part of this Notice.

15. Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which Directors are interested and the Certificate from Secretarial Auditor in terms of the SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021, will be available for inspection by Members during the AGM, on the website of the Company in 'Investors' section.

16. The Scrutinizer will make a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against and invalid votes, if any, to the Chairman / Managing Director of the Company or in his absence to any other Director authorized by the Board of Directors, who shall countersign the same. Based on the Scrutinizer's Report, the result will be declared by the Chairman / Managing Director or in his absence by the Company Secretary within 2 working days of conclusion of the AGM.

The result declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Company's website and also on Kfintech's website. Simultaneously, the results shall also be forwarded to BSE and NSE, where the Company's shares are listed. Subject to receipt of requisite number of votes, the resolutions shall be deemed to be passed on the date of the AGM i.e. September 30, 2026.

17. In terms of Regulation 40 of LODR Regulations, as amended, transfer, transmission and transposition of securities shall be effected only in dematerialised form. Further, SEBI has mandated that securities shall be issued only in dematerialised form while processing duplicate / unclaimed suspense / renewal / exchange / endorsement / sub-division / consolidation / transmission / transposition service requests received from physical securities holders. In view of the same and to eliminate the risks associated with physical shares, Members are advised to dematerialize shares held by them in physical form. They can contact Kfintech at einward.ris@kfintech.com for seeking necessary assistance / guidance in this regard.

18. SEBI has mandated for all listed entities to ensure that shareholders holding equity shares in physical form shall furnish / update their PAN, KYC, Nomination and Bank account details (if not updated or provided earlier) through their respective RTA. Service request or complaint received from any Member, cannot be processed by RTA until registration / updation of PAN, KYC and Bank account details in the records of the Company's RTA. Further, with



effect from April 01, 2024, dividend to shareholders holding shares in physical form shall be paid only through electronic mode. Relevant details and forms prescribed by the SEBI in this regard are available on the Company's website www.pcjeweller.com in 'Investors' section.

Members holding shares in demat form are requested to submit their PAN, Bank and other details with their respective DP.

19. SEBI has made available an Online Dispute Resolution mechanism through the SMART ODR Portal for the investors to raise dispute in the Indian Securities Market. Pursuant to this, post exhausting the option to resolve their grievances directly with the RTA / Company and through existing SCORES platform, the investors can initiate dispute resolution through the SMART ODR Portal at the link <https://smartodr.in>.
20. Members holding shares in physical form in identical order of names in more than one folio are requested to send to the Company or the RTA, details of such folios together with the share certificates and KYC proof(s) viz. PAN, Aadhar etc. for consolidating their holding in one folio. Requests for consolidation of share certificates shall be processed in dematerialized form.
21. As per the provisions of Section 72 of the Act, the facility for making nomination is available for Members in respect of their shareholding in the Company. Members, who have not yet registered their nomination are requested to register the same by submitting Form No. SH-13. If a Member desires to cancel the earlier nomination and record a fresh nomination, he / she may submit the same in Form No. SH-14. The said forms can be downloaded from the Company's website www.pcjeweller.com in 'Investors' section. Members are requested to submit the said form with their respective DP (in case the shares are held in demat form) and with KFinTech (in case the shares are held in physical form).
22. Members are requested to participate in the '**Green Initiative in Corporate Governance**' for receiving all the communications including Annual Report, Notices etc. from the Company electronically. Members, who have not yet registered their e-mail address, are requested to follow the following process:

- i) Members holding shares in demat form can register their e-mail address with their respective DP; and
- ii) Members holding shares in physical form can register their e-mail address in the prescribed Form ISR-1 with KFinTech. Members may download the Form from the Company's website and are requested to forward the duly filled in Form to KFinTech.

23. Special window for re-lodgement of transfer requests of physical shares

As per SEBI Circular No. HO/38/13/11(2)2026-MIRSD-POD/I/3750/2026 dated January 30, 2026, another special window for transfer and dematerialisation of physical shares has been opened for a period of one year from February 05, 2026 to February 04, 2027 for those investors who had sold / purchased physical shares of the Company prior to April 01, 2019; and i) had not lodged the shares for transfer; or ii) had lodged the shares for transfer but the same were rejected / returned / not attended to due to deficiency in the documents / process / or otherwise. For further details, please refer to above said SEBI Circular available on the Company's website at <https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/shareholders-information>.

Investors willing to avail of this special window may contact KFinTech through e-mail at einward.ris@kfintech.com or call at Toll Free No.: 1800-309-4001.

24. Saksham Niveshak

With reference to the Ministry of Corporate Affairs letter dated July 16, 2025, the Company conducted a 100 days campaign titled 'Saksham Niveshak' running from July 28, 2025 to November 06, 2025. During this campaign, shareholders who had not claimed their dividends for the financial year 2017-18 or had not updated their KYC and other related information or faced any issues related to unclaimed dividends and shares, were requested to write to KFinTech or call the Toll Free No.: 1800-309-4001 or e-mail at einward.ris@kfintech.com. This campaign was launched specifically to reach out to the shareholders to update their KYC, Bank mandates, etc. and to claim their unclaimed dividends.

DETAILS OF THE DIRECTOR SEEKING RE-APPOINTMENT AT THE 21ST ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

[Pursuant to Regulation 36 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings]

Name	Shri Vishan Deo
Director Identification Number	07634994
Date of Birth	April 10, 1959
Age	67 years
Qualifications & Brief profile	Shri Vishan Deo holds a Bachelor's degree in Science and a Master's degree in Physics from Lucknow University. He is associated with the Company since April, 2011. Over a period of 15 years, his roles and responsibilities in the Company include matters related to managing export-import business, forex, FEMA compliances, customs related matters as well as other banking operations including foreign exchange operations etc. Prior to joining the Company, he was with State Bank of Bikaner and Jaipur. He has total of 27 years' banking experience in forex, asset liability management etc.
Expertise in specific functional areas	Finance and forex operations
Date of first appointment on the Board	September 30, 2024
Terms and conditions of re-appointment	In terms of Section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 Shri Vishan Deo is liable to retire by rotation.
No. of meetings of the Board attended during financial year 2025-26	5 of 5 meetings held during the year.
Remuneration drawn during financial year 2025-26	₹ 25.25 lakh
Remuneration proposed to be paid	As per the existing terms of appointment approved by Members.
Relationships between Directors inter-se & Key Managerial Personnel	None
Directorships held in other companies (excluding foreign companies and Section 8 companies)	1) PCJ Gems & Jewellery Limited 2) Luxury Products Trendsetter Private Limited
Memberships / Chairmanships of committees of the Board of public limited companies (includes only Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee)	None
Shareholding in the Company	Nil
Names of listed entities from which Director has resigned in the past three years	None





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www.pcjeweller.com